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WRDC-TR-90-8027 Volume I

GEOMETRIC MODELING APPLICATIONS INTERFACE PROGRAMS

GMAP/PDDI SYSTEM COMPONENT PRODUCT SPECIFICATION (AS BUILT)

United Technologies Corporation Pratt and Whitney Government Products Division P.O. Box 9600 West Palm Beach, Fiorida 33410-9600

NOVEMBER 1990

Final Report For Period August 1985 - March 1989

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MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY DIRECTORATE
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This technical report has been reviewed and is approved for publication.

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Project Manager

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Computer-Integrated Mfg. Branch

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18. Subject Terms (Continued)
Product Life Cycle
Engineering
Manufacturing
Interface
Exchange Format
CAD
CAM
CIM
IBIS
RFC
System Translator
Schema Manager
Model Access Software
Name/Value Interface

FOREWORD

This As-built Product Specification, divided into four volumes, covers work performed under Air Force Contract F33615-85-C-5122, Geometric Modeling Applications Interface Program (GMAP), covering the period 1 August 1985 to 31 March 1989. The document addresses the GMAP/PDDI System Components developed or enhanced under this contract which is sponsored by the Computer Integrated Manufacturing Branch, Materials Laboratory, Air Force Systems Command, Wright Air Force Base, Ohio 45433-6533. The GMAP Project Manager for the Air Force is Mr. Charles Gilman.

The primary contractor is Pratt & Whitney, an operating unit of United Technologies Corporation. Mr. Richard Lopatka is managing the GMAP project at Pratt & Whitney. Ms. Linda Phillips is the Program Integrator. Mr. John Hamill is the Deputy Program Manager.

McDonnell Aircraft Company was the subcontractor responsible for the PDDI System Component work. Mr. Jerry Weiss is the GMAP Program Manager at McDonnell Aircraft and Mr. Herb Ryan is the Deputy Program Manager.

Volume I of this document provides the Scope, References, and Detail Design of the GMAP/PDDI system components.

NOTE: The number and date in the upper right corner of each page in this document indicate that it has been prepared in accordance to the ICAM CM Life Cycle Documentation requirements for a Configuration Item (CI).

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SECTION 1

SCOPE

1.1 Identification

This Product Specification describes the "as built" Computer Program Configuration Item (CPCI) identified as the GMAP/PDDI System Components. It includes descriptions of the structure, functions, language, database requirements, interfaces and quality assurance provisions of the primary system components: the System Translator, the Model Access Software with Name Value Interface, and the Schema Manager. This CPCI is part of the Geometric Modeling Applications Interface Program (GMAP), Project 5602.

The Product Definition Data Interface Program, Project 5601, Contract F33615-82-C-5036, provided the foundation for GMAP. The goal of the Product Definition Data Interface Program was to develop computer based communications to replace the traditional engineering drawings used between engineering and manufacturing environments. GMAP refines and extends this product definition data to include data needed to support applications throughout the entire product life cycle. The overall objectives of GMAP are to identify, establish, and demonstrate the use of computerized product definition data in the engineering, manufacturing, and logistics support of complex structural components.

1.2 Functional Summary

This Product Specification is a reference document for programming personnel who maintain and enhance GMAP/PDDI software. It provides decomposition, or detailing, of the system design. The primary GMAP/PDDI System Components are the System Translator, the Model Access Software with Name Value Interface, and the Schema Manager.

The System Translator is a software package that is used to transmit Product Definition Data between dissimilar CAD/CAM systems. The System Translator's main functions are to convert the Product Definition Data from a Working Form physical structure on a sending system to an Exchange Format physical structure, or from an Exchange Format physical structure to a Working Form physical structure on a receiving system. The System Translator encodes Product Definition Data into the Exchange Format independent of the sending application. The sending system needs to translate its Product Definition Data into the GMAP Conceptual Schema and create a Working F m of the Product Definition Data to be sent. Similarly, the receiving system needs to translate the GMAP Conceptual Schema Product Definition Data into its native representation. The System Translator provides exchange file conversion for the sending and receiving systems.

The Model Access Software provides the utility functions through which the PDDI System Translator can convert the exchange format data file into a random access Working Form for the target CAD/CAM system. Once in this Working Form, the data can be accessed or manipulated by the application programs through subroutine calls to the Model Access Software.

As part of the Model Access Software, the Name/Value Interface frees applications programmers from the need to be concerned with the physical location of attribute values for entities within the Working Form. The applications programmers need only know the attribute name and data type, from the physical schema definition, to use the attribute value. The benefits derived from this approach include: the ability to alter the physical data structure without impact on the source code of the applications programs, removal from the applications programmers of the requirement to program and maintain attribute data structures and access algorithms, and concentration of efficiency concerns at the system level.

The Schema Manager is a software tool that will be used to manage all aspects of the creation and interrogation of the Conceptual Schema. It will create an "active" information model of the Conceptual Schema. This information model becomes the master representation of the Conceptual Schema, and will be used to generate a physical schema. The physical schema will be expressed in forms suitable for compile-time and run-time binding.

1.3 Approach

This Product Spec! fication consists of the four volumes. Volume I contains:

- o Section 1 An introduction, describing the function of the primary GMAP/PDDI system components at a high-level, and summarizing this document.
- Section 2 Lists reference documents and terms and acronyms used in this document.
- o Sections 3 through 3.9 Provides a System Overview, IDEFØ Function models, application interfaces, program interrupts and other design details.

Volume II contains:

o Section 3.10.1 - the routine listings for the Schema Manager.

Volume III contains:

o Sections 3.10.2 and 3.10.3 - the routine listings for the Model Access Software and Name/Value Interface.

Volume IV contains:

o Sections 3.10.4 and 4 - the routine listings for the System Translator and Quality Assurance provisions.

SECTION 2

REFERENCES

2.1 Reference Documents

The following technical reports, specifications, standards, and other documents have been referred to or are relevant to this As-built System Components Product Specification.

2.1.1 Military:

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2.2 Terms and Acronyms

Glossary A defines terms frequently used in GMAP that may be included in this Product Specification. Some reference notes applicable to these definitions are presented after the glossary. A second glossary, defining terms used in the IDEFØ diagrams found in Section 3.0, is presented as Glossary B. A list of acronyms and abbreviations used in GMAP is also included in this section.

2.2.1 Glossary A -- Terms Used in GMAP

Accept/Reject/Incomplete Notice -- A display on the cell computer that indicates the final status of the engine disk.

Accept = Acceptable within tolerance specified by engine manufacturer

Reject = Rejected because of flaw(s) outside the range of

acceptable tolerances

Incomplete = Part cannot be inspected

Access Software -- A set of routines for creating, managing and querying an incore Working Form model.

Angular -- An angular size tolerance is used to tolerance the size of an angular feature independent of its angular location along an arc.

Application -- A method of producing a specific result.

Application Request -- A request initiated by an application program, either through batch or interactive processing, which will interrogate the model through the PDDI Access Software to obtain or operate on specific information regarding the model and its components or elements.

Application Requested Data -- The data which fulfills the application's original request and which is in the proper format and readable by the application.

Architecture -- A design or orderly arrangement.

ASCII -- American Standard Code for Information Interchange.

As-Is -- The present condition.

Attribute -- A quality of characteristics element of any entity having a name and a value.

B-Spline -- A spline defined by a control polygon, B-spline basis functions, and an associated knot vector. A Bezier curve is a special case of a B-spline; a nurb is the most general case of a B-spline.

Bezier Curve -- A type of curve defined by a set of vertices called a control polygon and a set of basis functions. The basis functions are known as Bernstein polynomials. K vertices define a curve of order K-1.

Binding -- Establishing specific physical references to data structures for an application program; may be performed at compile time or at run time.

Blend -- A smooth, continuous transition from one surface to another.

Boundary Representation -- A topology imposed on 3-D geometric entities to yield a general solid model. That model describes an object by describing its boundary area.

Body of Revolution (BOR) Representation -- A topology in which an object is represented as the volume swept by a curve rotated about a line. This is a boundary representation in which the curve represents the surface area of the object.

Bounded Geometry -- Geometry that has limits defined by its mathematical domain or range.

Calibration Block Parameters (Scale Factors) -- Nondestructive test parameters used to adjust a specific cell. These parameters are obtained from the calibration blocks located at each cell.

Circumferential -- A circumferential tolerance specifies the tolerance zone within which the average diameter of a circular feature must lie. The average diameter is the actual circumference divided by pi (3.14159). A circumferential tolerance is a specific example of a peripheral or perimeter tolerance for a general curve.

Class -- A collection of entities that are alike in some manner.

CLIST -- IBM Command lists.

Composite Curve -- A group of curve segments that are C^0 continuous.

Compound Feature Representation -- An enumerative feature representation in which at least one component is itself a feature. For example, a bolt hole circle might be represented as a list of individual hole features.

Concentricity (Generic) -- A concentricity tolerance specifies a cylindrical tolerance zone within which the axis of a feature must lie, where the axis of the zone coincides with the axis of the datum.

Conceptual Schema -- Formally specified global view that is processing independent, covering information requirements and formulation of independent information structures. A neutral view of data, usually represented in terms of entities and relations.

Conic -- A quadratic curve represented in the most general case by the equation:

$$Ax^{2} + Bxy + Cy^{2} + Dx + Ey + F = 0$$
.

A conic may be a circle, line, ellipse, parabola, or a hyperbola depending on the coefficients, A, B, C, D, E, and F.

Constraints (Generic) -- An assertion to explicitly specify data meaning or semantics. l (Notes appear at the end of this section.)

Context-Free Grammar -- The syntax of the language gives a precise specification of the data without interpretation of it.

Constituent -- A specific instance of an entity that is used in the definition of some other entity.

Data Dictionary -- A catalog of all data elements in a design, giving their name, definition, format, source, and usage. May also include data types and value limits.

Defining Airfoil Sections -- A planar or conical section that depicts an airfoil profile. Defining airfoil sections are those that meet aerodynamic requirements. Other intermediate sections are added for Manufacturing purposes.

Dimension -- A part dimension is a quantifiable value expressing size, form, or location.

Domain -- The set of values permissible in a given context.

Dynamic Allocation -- The allocation (and de-allocation) of memory resources as required by the application. The opposite is <u>static</u> allocation where a fixed size segment of memory is available to the application.

Eddy Current Cell -- Hardware used to perform an Eddy current inspection operation (surface flaws).

Eddy Current Inspection -- An inspection method used to detect internal potential flaws on a disk. It is based on the principle of sending electromagnetic signals to a target area on a part and detecting/interpreting reflection (Eddy current) from the target.

Eddy Current Scan Plan -- An interpreter code program controlling the Eddy current inspection of a particular geometry.

Eddy Current/Ultrasonic Flaw Data Printout -- A printout containing size and location information about specific flaw(s) (both critical and noncritical) associated with a particular part.

Entity -- A description of a person, place, or thing, about which information is kept.

External Reference -- A reference to some quantity of data that exists somewhere outside the scope of the immediate body of information.

Feature -- A part feature in the dimensioning and tolerancing context is a feature in the sense of ANSI Y14.5M, that is, a physical component portion of a part, such as a surface, hole, slot, and so on that is used in a tolerancing situation. In the dimensioning and tolerancing context, a feature consists of individual or groups of basic shape elements used to define the physical shape of an item. This general dimensioning and tolerancing use of features is to be distinguished from Features. The word "features" alone implies dimensioning and tolerancing features. The term "form feature" is described below.

Feature Pattern -- A geometric pattern of occurrences of similar form features, for example, a circular pattern of scallops, a rectangular array of holes.

Feature Representation (Generic) -- A description of a form feature within the context of a geometric model.

Feature Type -- A name applied to a form feature that is suggestive of its shape and size, for example, hole, slot, web.

Feature of Size (Generic) -- A feature of size provides a geometric location capable of being referenced for use with datums and tolerances. A feature of size can be a GMAP feature, or other referenceable shape elements of a part model that are symmetric about a point, line, plane, axis, curve, and so on. When a feature of size is used in a relationship with a tolerance or datum, its feature of symmetry is the implied reference.

Flat Pattern Representation (Extrusion Representation) -- A topology in which an object is represented as the volume swept by a planar polygon moving in a direction normal to its plane. The polygon may have internal polygon represent the surface area of the object.

Flaw Characteristics -- Location, length, width, depth, and nondestructive test parameters associated with a specific flaw.

Flaw Data Packet -- Packet containing nonevaluated flaw data. Note that the packet can contain zero flaws.

Flaw Orientation -- The direction of the major characteristic of the flaw with respect of the part coordinate system. (See the notes section at the end of this glossary.)

Flaw Suspect Location -- The coordinate location of a possible flaw detected during a survey mode inspection (six-axis position of ultrasonic cell, seven-axis position of Eddy current cell).

Form Feature -- A portion of a part's geometry that is useful to regard as an entity. In a boundary representation context, this is a subset of the part's surface area.

Form Tolerance — Form tolerances are used to control the form of model features. A form tolerance specifies the amount that an actual features form may vary from nominal. Form tolerance include straightness tolerance, flatness tolerance, roundness/circularity tolerance, cylindricity tolerance, perpendicularity tolerance, parallelism tolerance, angularity tolerance, profile-of-a-line tolerance, profile-of-a-surface tolerance, circular-runout tolerance, true-direction tolerance, and mismatch tolerance.

Functionality -- (1) To show that the configuration item has fulfilled the specified requirements. (2) The receiving and sending systems can operate on the entity in the same manner with the same results within a pre-defined tolerance.

Function Modeling -- A description of a system in terms of a hierarchy of functions or activities, each level decomposing higher ones into greater detail. Functions are named by verbs; nouns related are declared as inputs, controls, outputs, and mechanisms.

Geometric Element (Generic) -- An instance of a geometric entity.

Geometric Group -- A group of geometric entities with a name.

Geometric Model -- A part description in terms of its underlying geometric elements. The model may be a wireframe, surface, or solid model.

Geometric Pattern -- A circular or rectangular pattern of geometric entities.

Group Technology Code -- An alphanumeric string identifying significant characteristics of a product, enabling group technology applications. Also known as Part Classification Code.

Include File -- PASCAL source code from another file or library included on the compilation of a PASCAL source file.

Input Data -- That information which the application needs to supply in order to interrogate or operate on the model. This data may assume only these forms prescribed by the PDL. Access Software specification.

Inspection Cycle -- A period for which nondestructive testing inspection requirements are defined.

Inspection Cycle Zone -- An entity that is composed of a unique combination of zone and inspection cycle.

Inspection Module Operator -- Refers to personnel operating RFC cell(s).

Instrument Setting Adjustments -- Nondestructive testing parameter adjustments automatically accomplished via pre- and post-calibration operations. These adjustments have to be accomplished within a predetermined tolerance.

Internal Flaw -- A subsurface anomaly.

Internal Flaw Major Characteristic -- A vector determined by an agreed upon method.

- Example (1): The vector of greatest magnitude from the centroid to a boundary of the anomaly.
- Example (2): A vector representing the major axis of the minimum ellipsoidal envelope encompassing the anomaly.

Internal Flaw Tolerance -- A unique combination of:

- (a) Internal flaw orientation range.
- (b) Serviceable internal flaw tolerance limits.
- (c) Repairable internal flaw tolerance limits.

Internal Flaw Tolerance Limit -- A unique combination of:

- 7(a) Maximum diameter.
- (b) Maximum depth below surface.
- (c) Maximum thickness.

Interpreted Request -- Input data which has been appropriately modified to conform to the PDDI Access Software's internal data representation so that it may be further processed.

Key Attribute -- An attribute or combination of attributes having values that uniquely identify each entity instance.²

Laminates Representation (Generic) -- A topology in which an object is represented as layers of flat material of known thickness.

Location Tolerance -- Location tolerances speci y the allowable variation in position of model features. Location tolerances include various forms of position tolerancing conventions. These are (true) position, concentricity, alignment, rectilinear location, and angular location.

Logistics Support -- The function of procuring, distributing, maintaining, replacing, and repairing material in support of a delivered product.

Machine Coordinate Positions -- The probe location with respect to machine coordinates.

Machine Preset Data -- Machine coordinate adjustments automatically accomplished via pre- and post-calibration operations. These adjustments have to be accomplished within predetermined tolerance.

Metadata -- Data about data. Defines the physical schema and record formats of the part data.

Metamodel -- A body of data that defines the characteristics of a data model or structure.

Model -- A collection of PDD that is transferable, displayable, accessible, and equivalent to a Part. The internal representation of the application data, as initiated and organized by the user. The model is also referred to as the Working Form.

Model Network Definition -- The set of rules and definitions which outline in detail the data structure whereby higher order entities may be composed of lower order entities, or constituents, and the lower order entities may be constituents of one or more higher order entities.

Native System -- The PDD and applications in a format that is unique to the database of a CAD system.

Nondestructive Testing Parameters -- Parameters used by the Eddy current and ultrasonic instruments (examples: amplitude, phase angle, gain, threshold, and so on).

Nonconstructive Feature Representation (Explicit Feature Representation)
-- A feature representation that at least partially depends on a declaration that a face, or portion of a face, it "in" the feature.

Nondestructive Testing Personnel -- Personnel responsible for the generation of scan plans and derivation of applicable nondestructive testing instrument settings used in the scan plans.

Nonshape Data -- Produce definition data that cannot be represented by shape elements.

Normal Forms -- Conditions reflecting the degree of refinement and control over the relationships and entities in an information model.

Numerical Control Program (Complete and Proposed) -- Set of program instructions used to generate a probe path.

Orientation Range -- An envelope in which the major flaw characteristic must lie.

Parse -- The process of analyzing input strings (records) to identify fields and to verify that the data has a valid format.

Part Blueprint -- A blueprint provided by the engine manufacturer of a particular F100 engine disk.

Physical Schema -- Internal representation of data; the computer view that includes stored record format and physical ordering of stored records.

PID File -- A PID File is a copy of the Working Form filed to disk for temporary storage. The software that produces this capability (PID Code) is provided as an interim solution while a translator to the native database is in development.

Polynomial Spline -- A parametric spline of order 1, 2, or 3 defined by a set of N+1 points. The spline is CX, CY, or CZ continuous and defined by coefficients such that:

$$\begin{aligned} & x(i) = AX_{(i)} + BX_{(i)} * S + CX_{(i)} * S**2 + DX_{(i)} * S**3 \\ & y(i) = AY_{(i)} + BY_{(i)} * S + CY_{(i)} * S**2 + DY_{(i)} * S**3 \\ & z(i) = AZ_{(i)} + BZ_{(i)} * S + CZ_{(i)} * S**2 + DZ_{(i)} * S**3 \\ & \text{and a parameter space } (T_0, T_1, \dots T_n) \end{aligned}$$

where

$$T_{(i)} \leftarrow u \leftarrow T_{(i+1)}$$

 $S = u - T_{(i)}$

Position Tolerance -- A position tolerance (true position) specifies a tolerance zone within which the feature may vary in any direction.

Post-processor -- A phase of the translator where data is received from the Exchange Format and is converted to the Working Form.

Pre-processor -- A phase of the translator where data is taken from the Working Form and is converted to the Exchange Format.

Primitive Constructive Feature Representation (Generic) -- A constructive representation that is noncompound and that does not incorporate another feature. Such a representation must consist solely of overt construction information. Representation of a through hole by centerline and diameter is an example.

Probe Blueprint -- Blueprint of Eddy current probe supplied by the probe manufacturer.

Product Definition Data -- Those data "explicitly representing all required concepts, attributes, and relationships" normally communicated from Design throughout Manufacturing and Logistics Support. The data include both shape and nonshape information required to fully represent a component or assembly so that it can be analyzed, manufactured, inspected, and supported. They enable downstream applications, but do not include process instructions. These data are not always finalized at the design release; the manufacturing process can also add to the product model or generate derived manufacturing product models.

Product Life Cycle -- Includes design, analysis, manufacturing, inspection, and product and logistics support of a product.

Product Model -- A computer representation of a product.

Product Support -- The function that interprets customer requests for information and can provide the technical responses to the customer in the form of technical orders and instructions.

Proprietary Part Flaw Data -- Formatted dataset containing proprietary data defining size(s), maximums, and location(s) of critical flaw(s) (dimensional and locational tolerance).

RAW.O File -- A data file that uses a bi-cubic patch surface representation to define the surfaces of an airfoil.

Ready Status -- Go/No-Go decision.

Relation -- A logical association between entities.3

Remount Decision -- Decision to remount an engine disk.

Replicate Feature Representation (Generic) -- A description of a feature as being identical to another feature except for location. Mathematically, a replicate feature representation consists of the identification of another (necessarily constructive) feature plus a transformation.

Robot Initialization Parameters -- A set of nondestructive testing parameters used to initialize the robot on an Eddy current or ultrasonic cell.

Rotational Sweep -- A sweep in which the swept curve is rotated about a line (the "centerline" of the sweep).

Ruled Surface (Generic) -- A surface defined by a linear blend of two curves.

Run System -- The Translator subpackage which provides the communication interface between the user and the pre/Post-processors.

Run-Time Subschema -- A subset of the data dictionary information used at run-time by the access software to provide field data and check data.

Scan Plan -- Instructions that drive an inspection; these include inspection area geometry, ordered inspection path points, inspection probe selection, inspection path for each probe, mechanical commands that allow mechanical manipulator positioning, instrument setting, and all the variables needed for signal processing and flaw data acquisition during inspection.

Scan Plan Specifications -- Standards and procedures used in creating Eddy current and ultrasonic scan plans for the RFC system.

Schema -- Formal definition of information structure. See Conceptual Schema, Physical Schema, Run-time Schema.

Shape -- The physical geometry of a mechanical part, as distinguished from a computer description of that geometry. Where the difference is significant, the attitude is taken that shape is nominal or basic, with shape variations of tolerances grafted thereon.

Shape Data -- Include the geometric, topological description of a product along with the associated dimensional tolerances and feature descriptions.

Single Spatial Probe/Transducer Path -- The starting and ending location of a single probe movement.

Size Tolerance -- Size tolerances specify the allowable variation in size-of-model features, independent of location. Size tolerances include circumferential, rectilinear size, and angular size.

Solid Geometric Model (Shape Representation) -- A computer description of shape. The description may be partial in the sense that not all aspects of part shape are indicated. For example, a body of revolution representation of a turned part may not describe the nonaxisymmetric aspects of part geometry. A solid model must be complete and unambiguous in the sense that it describes a single volume in 3-D space.

Solid Modeling -- The creation of an unambiguous and complete representation of the size and shape of an object.

Source Code -- A computer program written in some language which is processed to produce machine code.

Spline -- A piecewise polynomial of order K, having continuity up to order K-1 at the segment joints.

Squirter Blueprint -- Blueprint of the squirter head that houses the ultrasonic transducer.

Subface -- A subface is a bounded portion of a face. It is defined by an underlying face, exactly one periphery closed curve and zero, one, or more internal closed curves that represent cutouts or holes in the region. The internal closed curve must not touch or intersect each other or the periphery closed curve and must be entirely contained within the periphery closed curve.

Surface Flaw -- A surface anomaly.

Surface Flaw Major Characteristic -- A vector determined by an agreed upon method.

Example: A vector representing the major axis of the minimum elliptical envelope encompassing the anomaly in the plane of the surface.

Surface Flaw Tolerance -- A unique combination of:

- (a) Surface flaw orientation range.
- (b) Serviceable surface flaw tolerance limits.
- (c) Repairable surface flaw tolerance limits.

Surface Flaw Tolerance Limit -- A unique combination of:

- (a) Maximum length.
- (b) Maximum width.
- (c) Maximum depth.

Sweep Surface -- Surfaces formed by extruding or revolving a planar profile in space.

Syntax -- Grammar: A set of rules for forming meaningful phrases and sentences from words in a vocabulary.

System Computer -- VAX 11/780 and supporting peripheral hardware.

System Constraints -- Those hardware and software environmental constraints which will be imposed upon the PDDI Access Software that will limit its implementation and application. An example of such constraints might be the particular compiler used to compile the PDDI Access Software package.

To-Be -- The future condition possible, given a proposed capability.

Tolerance (Generic) -- The total amount by which something may vary. For mechanical product definition, tolerances can be shape tolerances, weight tolerances, finish tolerances and so on. In the context of GMAP, the term "tolerance" used alone implies shape tolerance. Other forms of tolerance (nonshape) are explicitly stated, for example, "finish tolerance." In a GMAP product model, tolerances occur without dimensions. As in the Product Definition Data Interface Program, model dimensions are implicit in the model geometry. Therefore, application of a tolerance implies a specific underlying dimension or geometric condition.

Topology -- A data structure that assembles geometric entities (points, curves, surfaces) into a solid geometric model.

Transducer Blueprint -- Blueprint of ultrasonic transducer supplied by the transducer manufacturer.

Transfer Data -- The data required to make an exchange of data between systems (i.e., delimiters, record counts, record length, entity counts, numeric precision).

Translator -- A software MECHANISM that is used for passing data between the Exchange Format and Working Form of the PDD.

Ultrasonic Cell -- Hardware used to perform ultrasonic inspection operation (internal flaws).

Ultrasonic Inspection -- An inspection method used to detect surface flaws on a disk. It uses ultrasonic waves through a stream of water to send and collect signals concerning an area targeted for inspection.

Ultrasonic Scan Plan -- Interpreter code program controlling the ultrasonic inspection of a particular geometry.

Unbounded Geometry -- Geometry represented parametrically, without limits, usually by coefficients to a defining equation.

Unigraphics (UG) -- A computer graphics system.

User Function (UFUNC) -- An interface to the UG database.

Working Form -- Product definition data information in machine-dependent data formats; an a memory resident network model.

Zone -- A physical area of the disk composed of zone components.

Zone Component -- A subface, face, or feature that constitutes a zone or element of a zone.

NOTES:

¹ T.J. Teorey and J.P. Fry, Design of Database Structures, 1st edition, Prentice-Hall, Inc., Englewood Cliffs, N.J., p. 463.

Integrated Computer Aided Manufacturing (ICAM) Architecture, Vol. 5, Information Modeling Manual (IDEF1), USAF Report NO. AFWAL-TR-81-4023, June 1981, p. 212.

³ Ibid., p. 214.

⁴ Ibid., p. 211.

2.2.2 Glossary B -- Terms Used In IDEFO Diagrams

Access Software -- The PDDI MAS.

Allocation Commands -- The commands that will allocate the necessary resources for the translator, including the name of the file.

Application Request -- A request initiated by an application program, either through batch or interactive processing, that will interrogate the model through the PDDI MAS to obtain, or operate on, specific information regarding the model and its components or elements.

Application Requested Data -- That data that now fulfills the application's original request, and which is in the proper format readable by the application.

Class -- A grouping of entities in the schema model for convenience in referring to entities with like characteristics.

Commands -- Instructions and information that require some action by the pre/postprocessors. For example, a command could tell the preprocessor to include the time and date of the translation along with the PDD being sent to the receiving system. In this example, both the date and the time data are included in the command.

The commands that control the "Step Through Processor" function are commands from the computer user. That function produces commands which provide information to the postprocessor, the preprocessor, and set run-time option.

Computer User -- The operator, or database administrator, who will send or receive Exchange Format models.

Conceptual Schema Report -- A human readable listing of the Conceptual Schema model in a format compatible with the EXPRESS information modeling language being developed in conjunction with the STEP data exchange standard.

Data Type -- The form of data within a computer. The basic data types include integer, real, string, logical, enumeration, and pointer. These may also appear in an array of one or more dimensions. A defined data type may be created from a basic data type.

Database Utilities -- Software that is used to locate files within the database and to initialize the database management software.

Encoded Exchange Format Information -- A buffer containing the next indivisable list of characters to be written in the Exchange Format.

Entity Definitions -- The identifier and attribute definitions for an entity. The identifier consists of a name (character string) and kind (integer) both of which must be unique within the schema. Each attribute definition consists of a name (character string), which must be unique within the entity, and a data type.

Entity Kind -- A field that provides the entity type.

Entity Model -- A Working Form representation of an entity definition.

Error Recovery Method -- The method chosen to recover from errors.

Exchange File Specification -- The syntax of the file structure for the Exchange Format file.

Exchange Medium -- The device (e.g., tape, telecommunications, disk), which transports the PDD from the sending system to the receiving system.

Feedback -- The system state and other information that is returned after a software module has been executed. The information may include such items as: the number of entities processed; any errors that affect the translation; and notification that there is no more PDD to translate.

Fetch Next Character Command -- The command to scan for the next character in the Exchange Format file.

Fetch Next Token Command -- The call to the lexical analyzer to fetch the next logical token from the Exchange Format file.

I/O System -- The system that performs the input and output between memory and external storage.

Input Data -- That information which the application needs to supply to interrogate or to operate on the model. This data may assume only those forms prescribed by the PDDI Model Access Software specifications.

Interpreted Request -- Input data that has been appropriately modified to conform to the PDDI Model Access Software's internal data representation standards so that it may be further processed.

Kind Table -- The memory-resident vector of the kind numbers and entity names created from the Kind Table Data.

Kind Table Data -- An external file which contains a vector of kind numbers and entity names. The file is ordered such that all constituents of a given entity fall before it in the vector.

Lexical Token -- The next logically indivisable string of characters that is extracted from the Exchange Format file.

Model -- The internal representation of the application data as initiated and organized by the user. The model is also referred to as the Working Form.

Model Network Definition -- The set of rules and definitions that outline the data structure, where higher order entities may be composed of lower order entities, or constituents, and the lower order entities may be constituents of one or more higher order entities.

Need to use PDD -- What is controlling the transfer of PDD from one computer system to another. It defines which portion, when, where, and how to transfer computer models.

New Statistics -- Information about each translation that is used to track the results of several translations.

Next Char -- The next character in the Exchange Format file. The stream of characters is terminated by a delimiter.

Option Specification -- A selection from the functional options of the Schema Manager software, such as: create a schema model in the Working Form; generate reports about the Conceptual Schema or the physical schema produced from it; save a schema model into a file; retrieve a schema model from a file for review or update.

Options -- The computer-recognizable options that detail the user response for the translator.

PDD -- The Product Definition Data that is to be sent from one system to another. When sending the PDD, the PDD is in an internal form. When receiving the PDD, the PDD is in an exchangeable (tape to telecommunications) form.

PDDI Concepts -- The system architecture established by the PDDI project.

Pascal Include File -- A file of constants and type declarations that can be included in a PASCAL source program to allow compile-time binding to the entity definitions.

Physical Schema -- The physical schema of the entities in the Working Form Model.

Physical Schema Table -- A data structure holding the physical schema.

Postprocessing Environment -- The initialized state that is used by the rest of the post processor.

Prepare PDD -- The required PDD is generated and put into whatever form is necessary for its use.

Receiving System -- The computer system (hardware/software) that requests the PDD.

Request for PDD -- An inquiry to initiate the preparation of the desired PDD. The inquiry may take any form necessary for an engineering or manufacturing application.

Requested Data -- Data that hase been internally processed and represent the application's requested data, but remains in an internal representation form prior to reformatting to the application requested form.

Responses -- The signals and data that will generate messages for the computer user.

Results -- Information, a process, or a part that is the output of use of the PDD.

Run Time Information -- Information provided by the user for preprocessing. This includes data for the header section and comments to be inserted into the file.

Run-Time Subschema -- A computer usable form of a physical subschema produced from the Conceptual Schema, and interface routines, to allow run-time access to the entity definitions.

Schema -- Those definitions that describe the content of the data, the relationship between the various elements or components of the data, and the rules that govern how the data may be manipulated.

Schema Model -- A Working Form representation of the entity definitions, subschemas and classes of the Conceptual Schema.

Sectional Context -- Which section is being parsed now: Header, Declaration, or Data.

Sending System -- The computer system (hardware/software) that prepares the PDD.

Specific Options -- The choices the computer user makes, such as the disk form to use.

Subschema -- A grouping of entities in the schema model for the purpose of defining the scope of a physical schema.

System Constraints -- The constraints that define the limitations and capabilities by which the computer system must abide. They are implied by the characteristics of the computer system. For example, the available space on the computer for holding the PDD is finite. The amount of space is then a system constraint.

System Development Procedures -- The procedures that guide the development of computer software and the user interface to that software.

System Options -- The options from which the computer user may choose. The specific options are they system options that the computer user has chosen.

System Pack Catalog -- The place where the name of a dataset is paired with its location and physical attributes.

System Statistics -- Information about the condition of the translator when a terminal error occurs.

Translated PDD -- Product Definition Data that arrive at the receiving system. When sending the PDD, the PDD are in an internal form. When receiving the PDD, the PDD are in an exchangeable (tape or telecommunications) form.

Translation Procedures -- Instructions and system options to the computer user that dictate the functions to be performed (for both the computer and the computer user).

Translation Software -- Software and other control language such as JCL, which are used by the translator functions to exchange PDD.

Translation Work Order -- A run-time order requesting PDD; a command which physically initiates a translation.

Unvalidated Lexical Token -- The lexical token before being checked for embeddedness in another delimiter.

Use PDD -- The required PDD have been made available and the application which needs the PDD uses the PDD to generate whatever results are desired.

User Computer System -- The specific hardware, operating systems, and applications software systems that the user will employ to implement the PDDI Model Access Software.

2.2.3 Acronyms Used In GMAP

ADB --- Application Data Block (also referred to as Attribute Data Block).

AIMS -- Automated IDEF Methodology System.

ANSI -- American National Standards Institute.

ANT -- Abstract of New Technology.

APT -- Automatically Programmed Tools.

ATP -- Automation Technology Products.

BOM -- Bill of Materials.

BOR -- Body of Revolution.

BPI -- Bits per Inch.

BREP -- Boundary Representation.

CAD -- Computer Aided Design.

CAE -- Computer Aided Engineering.

CAEDS -- Computer Aided Engineering Design System.

CALS -- Computer Aided Acquisition and Logistics Support.

CAM -- Computer Aided Manufacturing.

CAM-I -- Computer Aided Manufacturing--International.

CAPP -- Computer Aided Process Planning.

CAS -- Cooled Airfoil System.

CDM -- Common Data Model.

CDR -- Critical Design Review.

CDT -- Component Design Technology.

CFSR -- Contract Fund Status Report.

CI -- Configuration Item.

CIM -- Computer Integrated Manufacturing.

CLIST -- IBM command list.

CM -- Configuration Management.

CMM -- Coordinate Measuring Machine.

C/SSR -- Cost/Schedule Status Report.

CWBS -- Contract Work Breakdown Structure.

DBMS -- Data Base Management System.

-- DEC Command Language. DCL DDL -- Data Definition Language. DEA -- Digital Equipment Automation. DEC -- Digital Equipment Corporation. DESØ -- (ICAM) Architecture of Design. -- Design Job Request; Drafting Job Request. DJR DoD -- Department of Defense. DS -- Design Specification. DSM -- Design Substantiation Memo. EBCDIC -- Extended Binary Coded Decimal Interchange Code (IBM character set). EC -- Eddy Current. ECO -- Engineering Change Order. EDM -- Electrical Discharge Machining. EF -- Exchange Format. EII -- Engineering Information Index. EMD -- Engineering Master Drawing. EPCS -- Engine Product Configuration Support. ESA -- Engineering Source Approval. ESP -- Experimental Solids Proposal. FEDD -- For Early Domestic Dissemination. FEM -- Finite-Element Modeling. "OF -- Factory of the Future. FOS -- Feature of Size. -- Fluorescent Penetrant Inspection Module. FPIM **FSCM** -- Federal Supply Code for Manufacturers. GE -- General Electric. -- Geometric Modeling Applications Interface Program. GMA P GSE -- Ground Support Equipment. HCF -- High-Cycle Fatigue. IBIS -- Integrated Blade Inspection System. IBM -- International Business Machines.

ICAM -- Integrated Computer Aided Manufacturing. ICOM -- Input/Control/Output/Mechanism. ICS -- Information Computer System. -- ICAM Definition. IDEF IDEFØ -- IDEF Function Modeling. -- IDEF Information Modeling. IDEF1 -- IDEF Extended Information Modeling. IDEF1X IDEF2 -- IDEF Dynamics Modeling. IDSS -- Integrated Decision Support System. -- Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers. IEEE IEN -- Internal Engineering Notice. IFS -- Interface Specification. IGES -- Initial Graphics Exchange Specification. IISS -- Integrated Information Support System. ILC -- Improved Life Core. IMS -- Information Management System. IPGS -- (IBIS) Inspection Plan Generation System. IRB -- Industry Review Board. IRIN -- Infrared Inspection Module. ISO -- International Standards Organization. ITA -- Intelligent Task Automation. ITI -- International TechneGroup Incorporated. ITR -- Interim Technical Report. LCF -- Low-Cycle Fatigue. MAS -- Model Access Software. -- McDonnell Douglas Corporation/McDonnell Aircraft Company. MCAIR MFGØ -- (ICAM) Architecture of Manufacturing. MRP -- Materials Requirements Planning. NAD -- Needs Analysis Document. NBS -- National Bureau of Standards. -- Numerical Control.

-- Nondestructive Evaluation.

N/C NDE NDML -- Neutral Data Manipulation Language. NDT -- Nondestructive Test. -- National Transportation Safety Board. NTSB NVI -- Name/Value Interface. OGP -- Optical Gaging Products, Inc. -- Product Assurance/Quality Assurance. PA/QA PD -- Product Data. -- Product Definition Data. PDD PDDI -- Product Definition Data Interface Program. PDES -- Product Data Exchange Specification. PDL -- Program Design Language. PED -- Preliminary Engine Design. PΤ -- Principal Investigator. PID -- PDDI Interim Database. PIES -- Product Information Exchange System. PMP/PMS -- Program Management Plan/Project Master Schedule. PROCAP -- Process Capability. -- Product Specification. PS RFC -- Retirement for Cause. RPM -- Revolutions per Minute. SA-ALC -- San Antonio-Air Logistics Center. SAD -- State-of-the-Art Document. SD -- Scoping Document. SDL -- Source Data List. SDS -- System Design Specification. SL -- Salvage Layout. SML -- Source Material Log. SOA -- State-of-the-Art (Survey). -- Surface of Revolution. SOR SPC -- Statistical Process Control.

-- System Panel Facility.

-- Software Quality Assurance.

SPF

SQA

SQAP -- Software Quality Assurance Plan. SRD -- System Requirements Document. SRL -- Systems Research Laboratories. SS -- System Specification. STEP -- Standard for the Exchange of Product Model Data. STP -- System Test Plan. -- Time Compliance Technical Order. TCTO TD -- Technical Data. TDCR -- Turbine Design Cost Reduction. TDR -- Tool Design Request. TechMod -- Technology Modernization. TO -- Technical Order. TOP -- Technical and Office Protocol. TSO -- Time-Sharing Option (IBM term). UFUNC -- User Function. UG -- Unigraphics. UGFM -- Unigraphics File Manager. USA -- Unified System for Airfoils. USAF -- United States Air Force. UTC -- United Technologies Corporation. UTP -- Unit Test Plan. UTR -- Unit Test Report. UTRC -- United Technologies Research Center. VAX -- Virtual Architecture Extended. VMS -- Virtual Memory System. WBS -- Work Breakdown Structure. WF -- Working Form. WPAFB -- Wright-Patterson Air Force Base.

-- X-Ray Inspection Module.

MIX

SECTION 3

DETAIL DESIGN

3.1 System Overview

The purpose of the GMAP/PDDI software system is to provide a prototype for the communication of complete production definition data (PDD) between dissimilar CAD/CAM Systems. This system will serve as the information interface between engineering and manufacturing functions. It is composed of Model Access Software (MAS) with Name/Value Interface (N/VI), Conceptual Schema, Schema Manager, Exchange Format and the System Translator. The relationship of these components is illustrated in Figure 3-1.

The MAS is a set of callable utility programs that will allow applications to manipulate and query PDD Working Form models. The N/VI frees applications programmers from the need to be concerned with the physical location of attribute values for entities within the Working Form. The Conceptual Schema is a data dictionary that defines the data needed to create a CAD/CAM model. The Schema Manager is a software tool that will be used to manage all aspects of the creation and interrogation of the Conceptual Schema. It will create an "active" information model of the Conceptual Schema. This information model becomes the master representation of the Conceptual Schema, and will be used to generate a physical schema. The Exchange Format is a neutral physical sequential format for passing data between dissimilar systems. GMAP used the PDES draft physical file format as its Exchange Format. The System Translator is the software mechanism for passing this data between the Exchange Format and the Working Form of the PDD.

3.1.1 Physical Schemas

The Working Form physical schema is determined through a data dictionary or PASCAL include files. The Exchange Format physical schema is defined by a data dictionary and the specification for the neutral file format.

3.1.2 Software Packages

The software for the system consists of three packages - MAS with N/VI, Schema Manager, and System Translator.

3.2 IDEFØ Function Models

This section includes IDEFØ function models that describe the functionality or activities of the individual GMAP/PDDI system components. IDEFØ function models are presented for the Schema Manager, the MAS (including N/VI), and the System Translator.

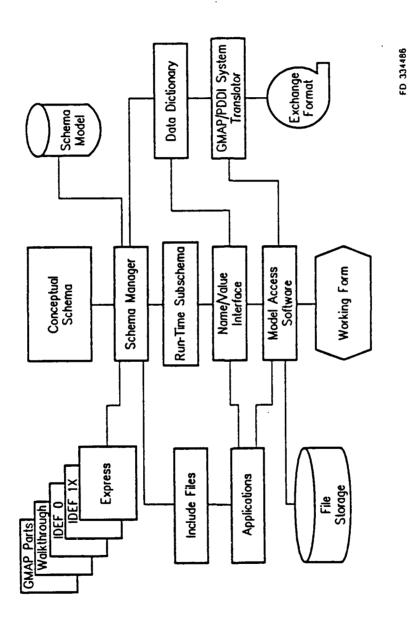


Figure 3-1. GMAP/PDDI Architecture

IDEFØ Function Models consist of a diagram representing activities, and the corresponding input, controls, output, and mechanisms for a given node. A textual description of the functions at each node accompany each diagram. These are both titled with a node number, such as AO, and a function title. This titling can be used as a method to relate the text to the appropriate IDEFØ diagram.

3.2.1 Schema Manager

The Schema Manager will enable the database administrator to create and maintain entity definitions in a Conceptual Schema model (illustrated in Figure 3-2), analyze the defined entities, and generate physical schema from the Conceptual Schema.

3.2.1.1 A-O Manage Schema Data

Figure 3-3 defines the environment in which the Schema Manager will operate. The purpose of the Schema Manager is to allow the database administrator who is concerned with the entity definitions to model the Conceptual Schema and to produce a physical schema in the form of one or more run-time subschemas, and the corresponding PASCAL language declarations of constants and types in the form of include files.

3.2.1.2 AO - Manage Schema Data

Figure 3-4 identifies the primary functionality of the Schema Manager software. Given the constraints imposed upon the system, the software will provide the ability to model a Conceptual Schema and generate physical subschemas from the Conceptual Schema.

- Function 1: <u>Select Option</u> This interactive interface will prompt the user for the function to be performed and control the subsequent processing.
- Function 2: Model Entity This interactive interface will prompt the user for the identifier and attribute definitions for an entity.

 The validity checks required by the entity definition methodology will be performed, and a Working Form representation of the entity definition will be produced.
- Function 3: Model Schema This interactive interface will prompt the user for the subfunctions to be performed and control the subsequent processing. The subfunctions include organizing entity definitions into subschemas and for classes, reviewing or updating definitions, and generating the Conceptual Schema report.

Function 4: Generate Physical Subschemas - This function processes the specified scope of the Conceptual Schema model to assign physical locations to the attributes within each entity, and to generate from the physical subschema either or both of a run-time subschema and a PASCAL include file.

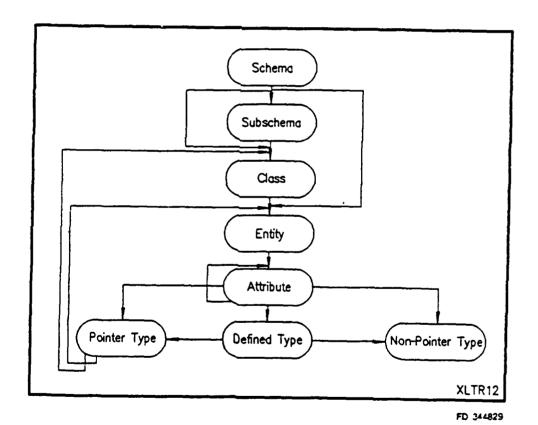
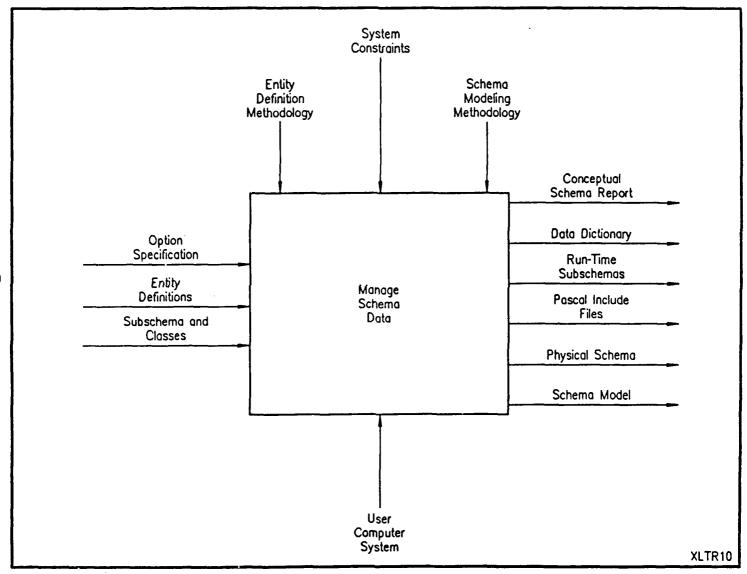


Figure 3-2. Conceptual Schema Model



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Figure 3-3. IDEFØ A-0 - Manage Schema Data

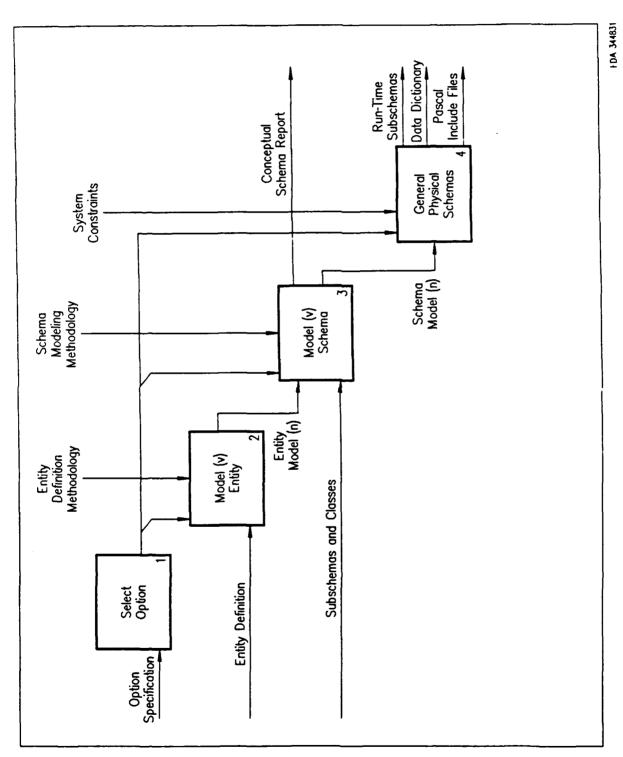


Figure 3-4 IDEFØ AO - Manage Schema Data

3.2.2 Model Access Software

The MAS will enable the application to create, manage or query the Working Form model. A high level IDEFØ model of the MAS follows.

3.2.2.1 A-O Perform Model Access

Figure 3-5 defines the environment in which the MAS will operate. The purpose of the MAS is to allow the user, through his software applications, to create and process network structured data stored in computer memory. Computer software will be specifically designed and implemented to provide this software functionality.

3.2.2.2 AO Perform Model Access

The purpose of Figure 3-6 is to identify the primary functionality of the MAS. Given the constraints imposed upon the system, the software will be designed to fulfill the application's request to access and process the model data.

- Function 1: <u>Interpret Application Request</u> This function will accept the application's request, with its accompanying input data, and interpret it to initiate the processing of the data to fulfill that request.
- Function 2: Process Application Request This function will take the interpreted data and process it to obtain the information requested by the application. This processing will be accomplished by lower level software, which the MAS will invoke.
- Function 3: Format Application Requested Data This function takes the processed data, which is in an internal format not readable by the application, and structures it into an acceptable final form for application processing.

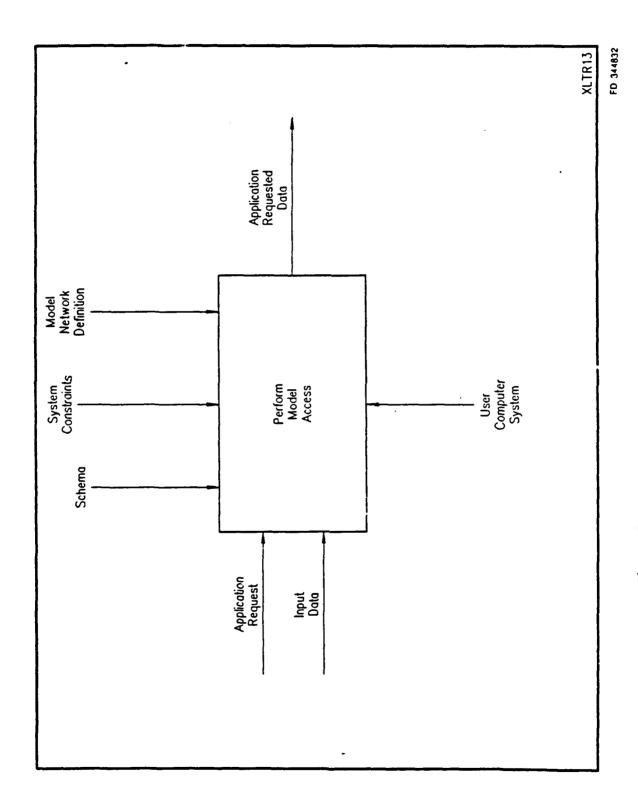


Figure 3-5 IDEF0 A-0 - Perform Model Access

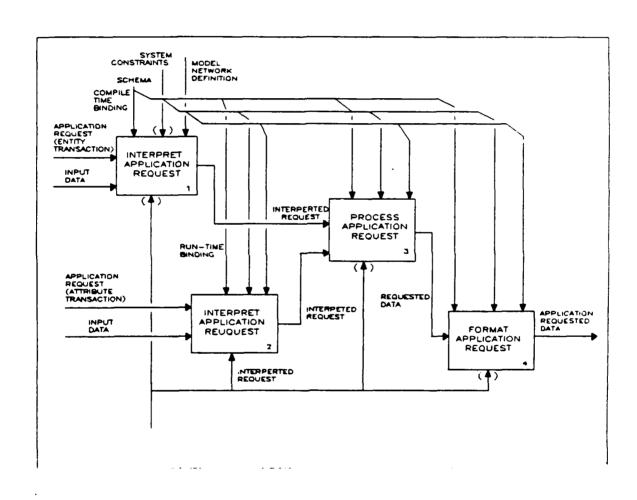


Figure 3-6. IDEFØ AO - Perform Model Access

3.2.3 System Translator

The System Translator is a software package that is used to transmit the Product Definition Data (PDD) between systems. The IDEFØ model defines the functions within the translator.

The IDEFØ charts are organized in the following manner:

AO Exchange PDD

Al Preprocess PDD
Al2 Create Data Section

A2 Postprocess PDD
A23 Process Data Section
A24 Resolve Forward References

3.2.3.1 AO Exchange PDD

Figure 3-7 defines the functions that allow the exchange of PDD between systems. Any system may be a receiving system or a sending system. Thus, two functions are required of each system. The function of sending PDD is called preprocessing the PDD. The function of receiving PDD is called postprocessing the PDD. The computer user performs one of these functions by running the system.

- Function 1: <u>Preprocess PDD</u> The PDD is collected from the Sending system and formulated into an Exchange Format file.
- Function 2: <u>Postprocess PDD</u> The PDD is collected from the Exchange Format file and formulated into the receiving system internal form.

3.2.3.2 Al Preprocess PDD (Figure 3-8)

- Function 1: <u>Create Header Section</u> This function constructs the data needed to format and write the header section entities using the run-time information.
- Function 2: <u>Create Data Section</u> This function constructs the data need to format and write the data section entities using the PDD model.

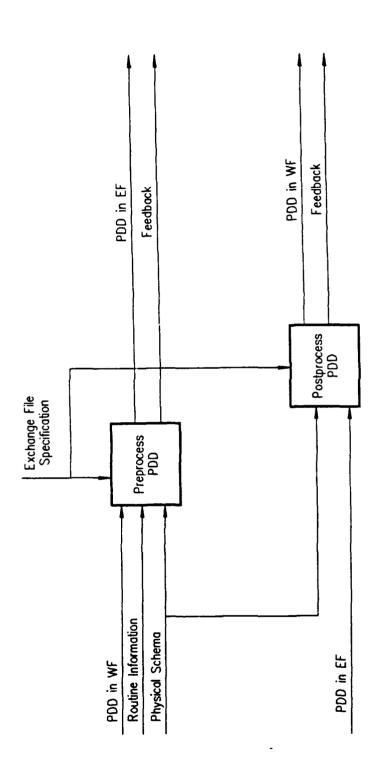


Figure 3-7. IDEFØ A0 - Exchange PDD

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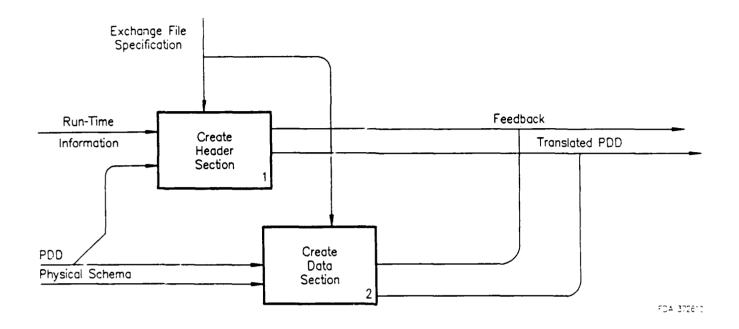


Figure 3-8. Al - Preprocess PDD

3.2.3.3 Al2 Create Data Section (Figure 3-9)

The PDD is extracted from the Working Form and encoded into the Data Section of the Exchange Format File.

- Function 1: Obtain Entity from Working Form This function extracts data from the Working Form model on an entity-by-entity basis. All the entities of a given kind are processed together. Upon completion, each entity is marked as having been processed.
- Function 2: Obtain Data Dictionary for Entity This function retrieves a Data Dictionary entry from the Data Dictionary library. It defines the number, type, and physical layout of an entity's attributes.
- Function 3: Encode Data in Exchange Format This function formats and writes the entity data to the Exchange Format file. Together, the Data Dictionary and the Exchange Format specifications control which data is processed and how it is processed.

3.2.3.4 A2 Postprocess PDD (Figure 3-10)

The PDD is extracted from the Exchange Format file and placed into the Working Form model.

- Function 1: <u>Process Header Section</u> This function reads in and interprets the information found in the HEADER section of the Exchange Format file. This function will not be expanded.
- Function 2: <u>Initialize Working Form</u> See Function 2 in diagram "A22 File/ Retrieve PDD".
- Function 3: Process Data Section This function reads in and interprets the information found in the DATA section of the exchange format file. The majority of the product definition data resides in the DATA section of the Exchange Format file. This information is placed into the Working Form model.
- Function 4: Resolve Forward References This function resolves the constituent entity references that did not take place during the first pass of the exchange format file.

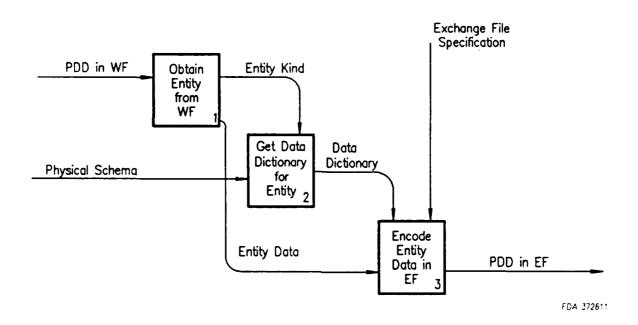
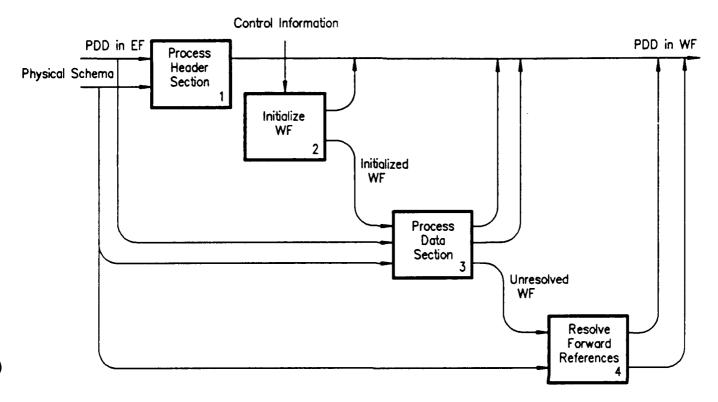


Figure 3-9. IDEFØ Al2 - Create Data Section



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Figure 3-10. IDEFØ A2 Postprocess PDD

3.2.3.5 A23 Process Data Section (Figure 3-11)

Each PDD entity in the DATA section is interpreted, validated, and placed into the Working Form model.

- Function 1: <u>Determine Entity Kind</u> This function determines the entity kind number required by the MAS. This information is based on the entity type keyword found in the Exchange Format file and performed on an entity-by-entity basis.
- Function 2: Obtain Data Dictionary for Entity This function reads in the Data Dictionary description of an entity kind from the Data Dictionary library. This function manages the internal storage of Data Dictionary descriptions.
- Function 3: Create Shell Entity This function creates an empty "shell" entity based upon the Data Dictionary description of the entity of interest. The entity's attribute data block is adequately sized but empty of values. The entity's constituent list is adequately sized but filled with nil entities.
- Function 4: Move Attributes into Entity This function reads attribute values from the exchange format file, converts them from character to a binary form if necessary, and places them into the entity's attribute data block or constituent list as appropriate.

3.2.3.6 A24 Resolve Forward References (Figure 3-12)

Entity constituent references that were unresolvable when first encountered in the Exchange Format file are resolved following the first pass over the Exchange Format file.

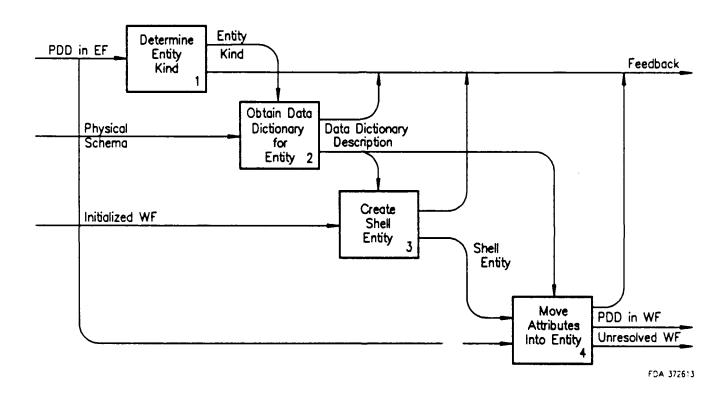


Figure 3-11. IDEFØ A23 Process Data Section

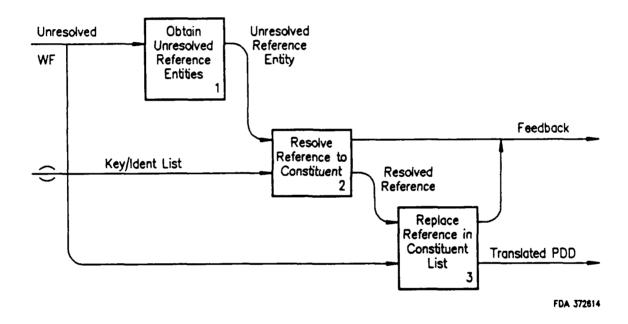


Figure 3-12. IDEFØ A24 Resolve Forward References

- Function 1: Obtain Unresolved Reference Entities This function gathers all of the unresolved reference entities together for processing. These entities were created during the first processing pass when an entity reference proved unresolvable.
- Function 2: Resolve Reference to Constituent This function determines the entity key of the MAS entity that corresponds to the given entity reference.
- Function 3: Replace Reference in Constituent List This function replaces the key of the nil entity, in an entity's constituent list, with the key of the true constituent entity. This function applies when an entity is referenced by multiple parent entities.

3.3 Application Interfaces

This section addresses the application interfaces employed in the GMAP system. The first part of this section defines, illustrates, and discusses the interfaces between components of the GMAP/PDDI system software used to interface applications. The second part defines the alternative interface scenarios to be employed between applications.

3.3.1 Interfaces Between GMAP/PDDI System Components

The process of creating a Exchange Format description of a model and moving the model to dissimilar CAD/CAM systems involves several interfaces, as shown in Figure 3-13. The letter prefixes in the figure are references to these interfaces, described briefly below and more fully in paragraphs 3.3.1.1 through 3.3.1.6.

- Application Program/Working Form This is the interface through which the application program can create, modify or query the Working Form model.
- <u>B</u> <u>User Interface/System Translator</u> This is the interface through which the user can initiate, monitor and direct the execution of the System Translator.
- <u>Working Form/Exchange Format</u> This is the interface through which the Exchange Format PDD model is translated into a Working Form model, or vice versa. This interface is the System Translator Pre and Postprocessors.
- <u>Working Form/Database Management System</u> This is the interface through which PDD models may be stored on secondary memory systems.

- <u>Exchange Format</u> This is the medium through which PDD models may be communicated to other computer systems.
- <u>F</u> <u>Schema Manager</u> This is the interface through which a conceptual schema is input to the system.

3.3.1.1 Application Program/Working Form

The MAS will allow the application program to create and access the Working Form model. To accomplish this, well-defined interface routines will be required, so that, by using standard subroutine calls, the following operations can be performed:

- o Create an entity
- o Delete an entity
- o Modify an entity
- o Query entities
- o Visit entities.

The create/delete capabilities will allow entities to be added or deleted from the Working Form model. The modify capability will provide the ability to add, remove, replace or insert data into an entity. The application can get the users and/or constituents of an entity by using the query capability or using list operations. The visit capability allows operations to be performed on all constituents of entities or entity lists.

In addition, return codes are sent from the MAS to the application program to signal the status of each operation.

3.3.1.2 <u>User Interface/System Translator</u>

The interface between the application program and the translator provides a means of communicating user commands to the System Translator and for passing status messages. The interface should consist of menu handler software which will display the command options on the screen, accept the user's choice, identify the choice, transmit the command and process any status messages which are returned. By using the menus, the user will be able to: identify the model(s) that are to be stored into, or retrieved from, the Exchange Format; and initiate the translation process to convert from the Exchange Format PDD to the Working Form PDD, or vice versa.

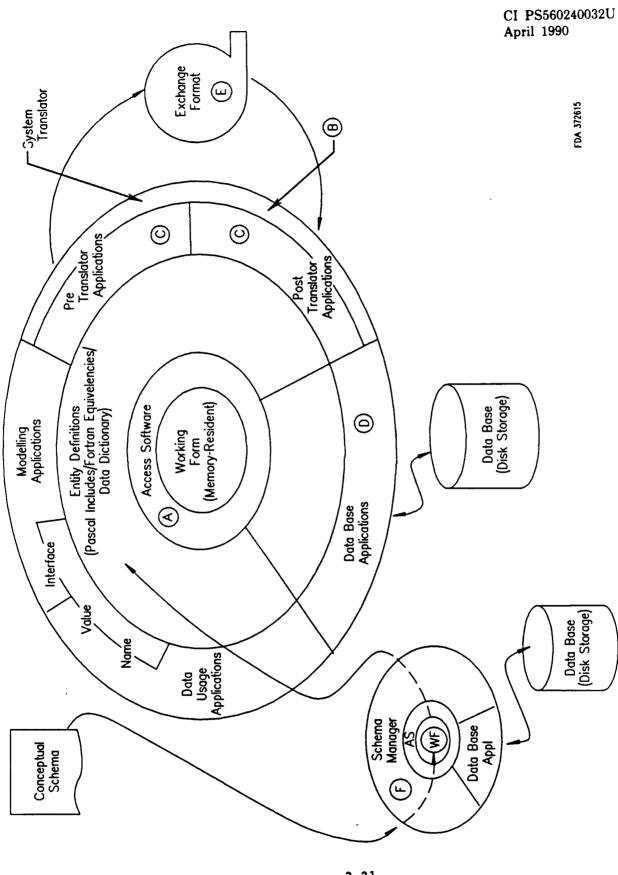


Figure 3-13. Interfaces of the GMAP/PDDI Exchange System

3.3.1.3 Working Form/Exchange Format

The MAS will serve as the interface between the Working Form and the Translator. The MAS accepts and manages Working Form PDD. To accomplish this, the System Translator software must control, via subroutine calls to the MAS, the creation of the Working Form model from the translated PDD.

Conversely, the System Translator must accept the Working Form PDD from the MAS and create the Exchange Format file. To accomplish this, the System Translator software must control, via subroutine calls to the MAS, queries of the Working Form model to get the required data.

3.3.1.4 Working Form/Native Database Management System

An interface between the Working Form and the database file/retrieve system of the applications should have the necessary conversion routines to transform the PDD between the Working Form and the file structure of the database system. In addition, the interface should provide file and retrieve capabilities during model building and editing operations. Access to the Working Form will be via the MAS.

This capability is useful for applications systems which are used for actual construction of the model. It should not be required for systems which will simply read in the model from the Exchange Format for temporary processing purposes. Additionally, since the interface will be system dependent and not portable, it will be developed for each demonstration system as an internally funded item and will not be a contractual deliverable.

3.3.1.5 Exchange Format

The Exchange Format is a neutral data structure that is used to transfer data between dissimilar systems. It interfaces between the System Translator and its user system. The System Translator interface requirements are to be able to produce and access an Exchange Format file. The production of the file is known as encoding. The accessing of the file is known as decoding. The encode/decode software must accept user interface data and use it to identify the model(s) that are to be stored into or retrieved from the Exchange Format. It must then be able to either store and encode the PDD into the exchange format after obtaining it from the MAS, or it must retrieve and decode the PDD from the exchange format and prepare it for the MAS to create it.

Because the PDD consists of entities that are made of a unique name, attributes of integers, reals, strings, logicals, and constituent lists of entities, this software package must be able to process these items. Also,

since the user requires communication on the status of the job and the condition of the PDD, this software package must be able to provide messages about them.

Therefore, the interface requirements of the System Translator software are:

- o To accept user interface data to perform the translation
- To provide user interface data to establish the condition of the translation
- o To store/retrieve Exchange Format PDD
- o To create/get Working Form PDD.

To accomplish this, the System Translator must use the encode/decode software to process PDD entities with names, attributes, and constituent lists and provide a status about them.

The user interface requirements will be provided in the specification of the detailed design of the Exchange Format. This specification includes a definition of the language, including its syntax, the entity types, including their structure and meaning, and instruction on how to interface to the format. This specification is the STEP File Structure.

3.3.1.6 Schema Manager

The Schema Manager is a software tool used to manage all aspects of the creation and interrogation of the Conceptual Schema. It provides an interface between the Conceptual Schema and the user through the MAS. This interface allows the user to add or modify entities, query, file and retrieve, and display or print the results of the Working Form of the schema.

3.3.2 Interfaces Between Applications

The GMAP system architecture provides a number of alternatives to interfacing dissimilar computer based applications. These alternatives arise due to the different environments for exchange of PDD.

These may be loosely classified as:

- Transfer between dissimilar applications in a homogeneous computer environment
- Transfer between dissimilar applications in a heterogeneous computer environment.

A homogeneous environment is one within the same computer system. A heterogeneous environment is one between different computer systems. In this context, "same" and "different" refer to the physical representation of stored data. "Dissimilar" refers to any two applications which perform the same functions but logically represent information differently.

Each of the alternatives within the above environments are discussed in paragraphs 3.3.2.1 through 3.3.2.4.

3.3.2.1 Working Form as Exchange Mechanism

Transfer between different applications in a homogeneous computer environment can be accomplished by exchanging data through the Working Form. Figure 3-14 illustrates one possible scenario using this approach.

In this example, two dissimilar applications (A and B) each have unique data representations. Data from application A is translated to the GMAP representation and then put in the Working Form using the MAS. Application B also uses the MAS to retrieve the Working Form and then converts the GMAP representation into its native representation. In this example, the Working Form is the transfer vehicle for two dissimilar applications each with unique native representations.

3.3.2.2 Working Form as the Native Form

The scenario illustrated in Figure 3-15 shows the Working Form as the transfer mechanism and as the native representation. In this case, application A uses the GMAP representation as its internal data representation. Application B does the same. Hence, data mappings between applications are not required. This example illustrates two applications residing within the same computer system, based on the same data representation and the same physical storage.

3.3.2.3 Exchange Format and Working Form

The scenario illustrated in Figure 3-16 shows the Exchange Format as the transfer mechanism between the two dissimilar applications A and B, each residing on different computer systems. The Exchange Format is a neutral machine independent representation of the GMAP PDD. In this case, data from application A are converted to the GMAP representation and put in the Working Form using MAS. The System Translator maps the Working Form physical representation to the Exchange Format physical representation. This format is communicated via an exchange file between systems. The transportable System Translator written to run on system 2 converts the exchange file to a Working Form representation on system 2. Application B uses the MAS to retrieve the GMAP represented data from the Working Form for conversion to the native representation of application B.

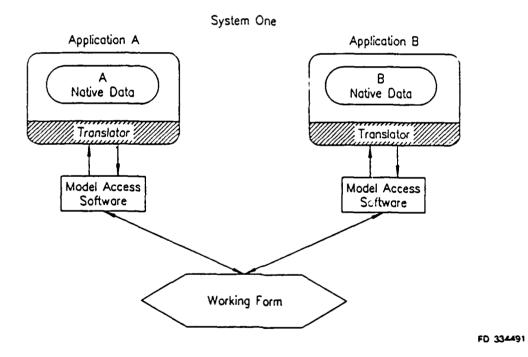


Figure 3-14. Exchange of Dissimilar Native Representations through the WF

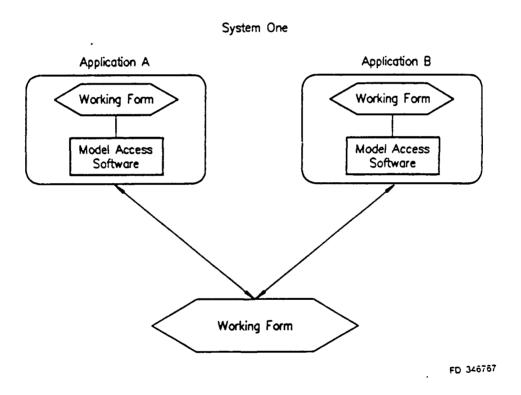
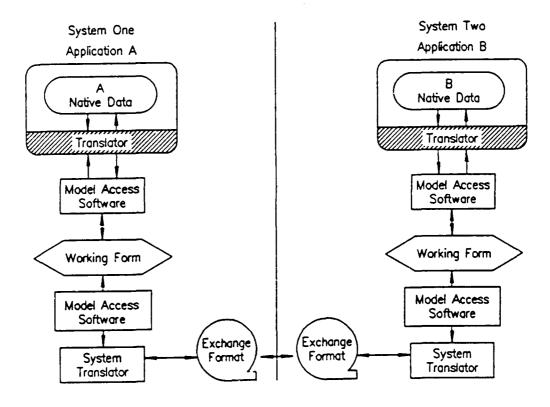


Figure 3-15. Transfer of Similar Native Representations Based on the WF



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Figure 3-16. Transfer of Dissimilar Native Representations
Using the WF and EF

3.3.2.4 <u>Transfer Using the Working Form, Exchange Format, and Direct Translator to the Exchange Format</u>

The scenario illustrated in Figure 3-17 shows the Exchange Format as the transfer mechanism between the two dissimilar applications A and B, each residing on different computer systems. The Exchange Format is a neutral machine independent representation of the GMAP PDD. In this case, data from application A are converted to the GMAP representation and put in the Working Form using the MAS. The System Translator converts the Working Form physical representation to the Exchange Format physical representation. This format is communicated via an exchange file between systems. Application B retrieves data directly from the Exchange Format.

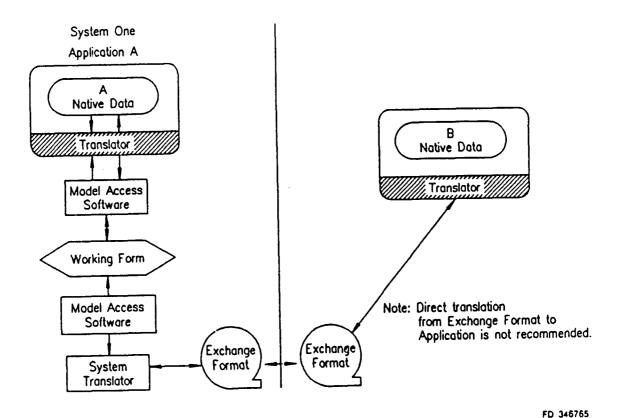


Figure 3-17. Transfer of Dissimilar Native Representations Using the Working Form, Exchange Format and Direct Translator to the Exchange Format

3.4 Program Interrupts

3.4.1 Schema Manager

EMLN000 '
.ALARM=NO .HELP=NO

EMLNOO1 /REENTER SELECTION NUMBER'
.ALARM=YES
'THE NUMBER/LETTER SELECTED IS NOT A VALID OPTION'

EMLNO02 /NAME NOT UNIQUE' .ALARM=YES
'THE FIRST SIX CHARACTERS OF THE NAME MUST BE UNIQUE'

EMLNOO3 /BEGIN WITH A CHARACTER'
.ALARM=YES
'THE FIRST POSITION OF THE NAME MUST BE A CHARACTER'

EMLNOO4 /NUMBER MUST BE INTEGER'
.ALARM=YES
'THE KIND NUMBER MUST BE AN INTEGER'

EMLNO05 /DOES NOT EXIST' .ALARM≈YES 'AN ENTITY WITH THE GIVEN KIND NUMBER DOES NOT EXIST'

EMLNOO6 /ENTER (K) OR (R)' .ALARM YES 'ENTER (K) FOR KEY OF (R) FOR ROLE'

EMLNOO7 /ENTER (0) OR (R)' .ALARM=YES
'ENTER (0) FOR OPTIONAL OR (R) FOR REQUIRED'

EMLNOOS /ENTER (I) OR (D)' .ALARM=YES 'ENTER (I) FOR INDEPENDENT OF (D) FOR DEPENDENT'

EMLN009 /INVALID TYPE' .ALARM=YES 'THE NUMBER SELECTED IS NOT A VALID TYPE'

EMLNO10 /OUT OF RANGE' .ALARM=YES 'THE NUMBER SELECTED IS OUT OF RANGE'

EMLNO11 /MUST HAVE ONE MEMBER'
.ALARM=YES
'THE ENTITY MUST LAVE AT LEAST ONE CONSTITUENT'

EMLNO12 /INVALID OPERATION' .ALARM=YES 'THE OPERATION SELECTED IS NOT VALID'

EMLN013 /NO MEMBERS EXIST' .ALARM=YES 'NO MEMBERS EXIST TO BE DISPLAYED'

EMLNO11 /MUST HAVE ONE MEMBER' .ALARM=YES 'THE ENTITY MUST HAVE AT LEAST ONE CONSTITUENT'

EMLN012 /INVALID OPERATION' .ALARM=YES 'THE OPERATION SELECTED IS NOT VALID'

EMLNO13 /NO MEMBERS EXIST' .ALARM=YES
'NO MEMBERS EXIST TO BE DISPLAYED'

EMLN014 /NUMBER MUST BE UNIQUE' .ALARM=YES 'THE KIND NUMBER SELECTED IS NOT UNIQUE'

EMLNO15 /REENTER THE NAME' .ALARM=YES 'REENTER THE NAME FOR THE ENTITY'

EMLNO16 /REENTER THE KIND NUMBER' .ALARM=YES 'REENTER THE KIND NUMBER FOR THE ENTITY'

EMLNO17 /REENTER THE HIGH BOUND' .ALARM=YES 'REENTER THE HIGH BOUND FOR THE ARRAY'

EMLN018 /REENTER THE LOW BOUND' .ALARM=YES 'REENTER THE LOW BOUND FOR THE ARRAY'

EMLN019 /NO ENTITIES OF THIS TYPE' .ALARM=YES 'NO ENTITES EXIST IN THE SCHEMA OF THIS TYPE'

EMLNO20 /SELECT ONLY ONE MEMBER' .ALARM=YES 'ONLY ONE MEMBER MAY BE SELECTED FROM THE DISPLAY'

EMLNO21 /REENTER ARRAY BOUND(S)' .ALARM=YES 'LOW BOUND CANNOT BE GREATER THAN HIGH BOUND'

EMLNO22 /CANNOT UPDATE' .ALARM=YES 'UPDATE A SHARED DEFINED TYPE THROUGH EDIT MENU'

EMLN023 /CANNOT DELETE ENTITY' .ALARM=YES 'THE ENTITY IS USED BY OTHERS FOR THEIR DEFINITION'

EMLNO24 /INCOMPLETE MEMBER LIST' .ALARM=YES 'MEMBER LIMIT EXCEEDED. CONTACT PROGRAMMER'

EMLNO25 /INVALID NAME/CHARACTER' .ALARM=YES 'NAME CONTAINS A SPACE OR AN INVALID CHARACTER'

EMLN026 /INVALID POSITION NUMBER' .ALARM=YES 'POSITION NUMBER MUST BE BETWEEN 1 AND 25'

EMLNO27 /POSITION NOT UNIQUE' .ALARM=YES 'POSITION NUMBER MUST BE UNIQUE'

EMLNO28 /FILE CREATED' .ALARM=YES 'THE FILE HAS BEEN CREATED'

EMLNO29 /NO FILE CREATED' .ALARM=YES 'NO FILE COULD BE PRODUCED FROM THE MODEL'

3.4.2 Model Access Software with Name Value Interface

The MAS interface routines will acknowledge successful completion or failure of an operation by returning an internal return code (IRC). A return code of 0 will denote successful processing of an application's request. A positive return code will denote a fatal error and a negative return code will denote a warning condition. Table 3-1 provides the types of codes and explanation that will be used.

TABLE 3-1

MAS INTERNAL RETURN CODES

O Successful Process	
1 Invalid Entity Kind	
2 Invalid Create	
3 Cant Create List	
4 MAS Init Failed	
5 Invalid Update	
6 Cant Update Entity	
7 Cant Create Entity	
8 Cant Verify Connect	
9 Invalid Connection	
10 Cant Connect	
11 Absent Input	
12 Invalid Get	
NDS Operation Comple	ete
14 Bad List Position	
15 Maximum List Size	

TABLE 3-1 (Continued)

IRC	Error Type
16	Bad List Move Count
17	Bad List Reference
18	Bad Entity Key
19	Duplicate Schema
20	Dump Error
21	Bad Entity Size
22	Bad Schema Kind
23	Proc Code Error
24	Proc Out of Range
25	No Match Found
26	Dups Not Removed
27	Invalid Delete
28	Bad Entity on User List
29	Bad Delete Key
30	Empty Model
31	ARG Out of Range
32	Invalid CRB Position
33	CRB Entry Found
34	Invalid Flag Name
35	Cant Mark Entity Delete
36 27	Size Not Large Enough RTS Not in Working Form
37	Core Not Available
38 39	Not Enough Core for INIT
40	Absolutely No More Core
41	MAINIT Already Done
42	Rule Does Not Match
43	Entity Not Found List
IRC	Warning Type
-1	No Such Schema
-2	Proc Warning Code
-3	Empty Delete List
-4	Empty Exception List
-5	End of List
-6 -	No List Created
-7	Empty Mark List
-8	Empty Mark and Exception List Empty Delete and Exception List
-9	Empty Mark and Delete List
-10	Empty mark and belete List

TABLE 3-1 (Continued)

Name/Value_Interface

IRC	Error Type
1	Entity kind is not defined in run-time subschema
2	Attribute name is not defined for the entity in the run-time subschema
3	Entity key is nil
4	Call to MAS routine MAEXEQ failed
5	Call to MAS routine MAL failed
IRC	Warning Type
-1	Invalid entry in the Data Dictionary was detected during the translation of an attribute; the varning message written to ddname = OUTPUT describes the error in detail

3.5 Timing and Sequencing Description

Figure 3-13 illustrated the interface between all components of the system architecture. The MAS is the key to this architecture. Data can only be created and accessed from the Working Form model by the MAS. The MAS is an integral part of the Schema Manager and exchange systems.

A Conceptual Schema of the data must first be present before models can be created and exchanged. The Schema Manager processes a human readable form (EXPRESS) of the Conceptual Schema to generate physical schema files that the exchange system uses. Forms of the physical schema files generated are the data dictionary and PASCAL include files.

The data dictionary form of the physical schema is an external file accessed at runtime by the pre- and postprocessor to determine the types and locations of data in Working Form memory. The PASCAL include form of the physical schema is a compile-time bound file that defines data for PASCAL routines.

Once the physical schema files are defined for the exchange system, the modeling software can create Working Form models; the data usage applications can get data from the Working Form models; the preprocessor can get data from the Working Form models and convert it into an Exchange Format file; the postprocessor can get data from an Exchange Format file and convert it into a Working Form model; and the N/VI can be used by any of the software to get from and put data into the Working Form models without knowledge of data content and location.

3.6 Data Dictionary

3.6.1 Schema Manager

This section provides tha data structures for the Schema Manager. The following index provides an alphabetic listing of the function.

BALTYP - Boundary alignment types

BATTYP - Batch interface constants and types

DDTYP - Data Dictionary constants and types

EDBDEF - Contains the files structure for accessing the Working Form Data Dictionary

LEXTYP - Batch interface constants and types

NVITYP - N/VI constants and types

RTSTYP - Run-Time Subschema constants and types

SCECON - Schema Manager constants

SCETYP - Schema Manager types

```
(*
                                                            *)
(*
    $CHANGE CONTROL:
                                                            *)
(*
      ORIGINATED: 17 SEPTEMBER 1986, M. H. CHOI, DBMA
                                                            *)
(*
      REVISED: 15 JANUARY 1988, M. H. CHOI, DBMA
                                                            *)
(*
              ADD T_ALIGN AND T_STRUC_POINTER.
                                                            *)
                                                            *)
(**********************
TYPE
(*
                                                            *)
(*
                                                            *)
  T_DW_POINTER = @T_DW_FRAME;
  T_DW_FRAME = RECORD
    NEXT
                 : T_DW_POINTER;
    NAME
                 : T NAME;
    SIZE
                 : INTEGER;
    END:
                                                            *)
  T_FW_POINTER = @T_FW_FRAME;
  T_FW_FRAME = RECORD
    NEXT
                 : T_FW_POINTER;
    NAME
                : T_NAME;
    SIZE
                 : INTEGER;
    END;
(*
                                                            *)
  T_HW_POINTER = @T HW FRAME;
  T HW FRAME = RECORD
    NEXT
                 : T HW POINTER:
    NAME
                 : T NAME;
    SIZE
                 : INTEGER;
    END:
(*
                                                            *)
  T_BY_POINTER = QT_BY_FRAME;
  T_BY_FRAME = RECORD
    NEXT
                  : T_BY_POINTER;
    NAME
                 : T_NAME;
    SIZE
                 : INTEGER;
    END;
(*
                                                            *)
  T_PNTR_POINTER = @T_PNTR_FRAME;
  T_PNTR_FRAME = RECORD
    NEXT
                : T_PNTR_POINTER;
    NAME
                 : T_NAME;
    SIZE
                 : INTEGER;
    END;
(*
                                                           *)
```

```
T_LIST_BOUNDARY = RECORD
               : T_NAME;
    NAME
               : INTEGER;
    OFFSET
               : INTEGER;
    SIZE
    END:
                                                              *)
(*
  T_OFFSET_LIST = ARRAY (. 1..100 .) OF T_LIST_BOUNDARY;
                                                              *)
(*
  T_HIGH_BOUND = ARRAY (. 1..100 .) OF INTEGER;
  T LOW BOUND = ARRAY (. 1..100 .) OF INTEGER;
                                                             **)
(*
  T_OPTIONAL_GLOBAL = RECORD
                : ENTKEY:
    POSITION
                : INTEGER;
    END;
                                                              **)
(*
  T_GLOBAL_FIELD = ARRAY (. 1..100 .) OF T_OPTIONAL_GLOBAL;
                                                              **)
   T_ALIGN = ( DW, FW, HW, BY, PNTR, NONE );
                                                              **)
(*
   T_S_Info_Pointer = @T_S_Info_Frame;
   T_S_Info_Frame = Record
                 : T_Name;
    Name
                 : Integer;
    Offset
                 : Integer;
    Size
                 : T_S_Info_Pointer;
    Next
    End;
                                                               *)
(*
   T_Struc_Pointer = @T_Struc_Frame;
   T Struc_Frame = Record
                 : T_Struc_pointer;
     Next
     Name
                 : T_Name;
                  : T_S_Info_Pointer;
     Defn
     End;
                                                              **)
```

```
(*
                                                 *)
(*
                                                 *)
   $CHANGE CONTROL:
(*
     ORIGINATED: 20 MARCH 1987, C. H. MOHME
                                                 *)
                                                 *)
(***********************************
CONST
  FIRST
                     = 1;
TYPE
  BLKDATA = RECORD
         : T_NAME;
  NAME
  KIND : INTEGER;
NAME_FOUND : BOOLEAN;
  KIND FOUND : BOOLEAN:
        : ENTKEY:
  END;
  ENTITY_LIST_PTR = @ENTITY_INFORMATION;
  ENTITY_INFORMATION = RECORD
   NAME : T_NAME;
   NUMBER : INTEGER:
   NEXT : ENTITY_LIST_PTR;
  END:
  LEXSTRING = STRING(MAX_LENGTH_VALUE);
  T_EXPECTED
              = RECORD
               : INTEGER;
   ENTRIES
   TOKEN_VALUE
               : ARRAY(.1..20.) OF T_TOKEN_VALUE
   END:
```

```
(* (DDTYP) DATA DICTIONARY CONSTANTS AND TYPES ********************************
(*
                                                                     *)
     $CHANGE CONTROL:
(*
                                                                     *)
                                                                     *)
(*
                 : 15 MAY 1987, M. H. CHOI, DBMA
       REVISED
(*
                                                                     *)
                   ADDED T_ADB_RECORD AND T_CL_RECORD TO RETURN
(*
                   THE DEFINITIONS IN PHYSICAL SCHEMA ORDER
                                                                     *)
(*
       ORIGINATED: 19 MARCH 1987, M. H. CHOI, DBMA
                                                                     *)
(*
                                                                     *)
(****
CONST
   CONTINUATION_FLAG
                       = 'X';
                       = 'P';
   PHYSICAL ORDER
   MAX_ARRAY REC
                       = 100;
(* RETURN CODE VALUES:
                                                                     *)
   KIND_NOT_IN_DATA_DICTIONARY = 1;
   ACTUAL\_SIZE\_GT\_SPACE\_AVAIL = -1;
(*
                                                                     *)
TYPE
   T_INX_RECORD = PACKED ARRAY (. 1..80 .) OF CHAR;
                                                                     *)
   T_USER_ARRAY = ARRAY (. 1..46 .) OF
                PACKED ARRAY (. 1..80 .) OF CHAR;
(*
                                                                     *)
   T BOUNDS = RECORD
         LBOUND : PACKED ARRAY (. 1..4 .) OF CHAR;
         UBOUND : PACKED ARRAY (. 1..4 .) OF CHAR;
         END:
(*
                                                                     *)
   T_ADB_RECORD = RECORD
             ADB_KEY
                        : INTEGER;
             POSITION
                        : INTEGER;
             NO OF REC : INTEGER:
             END;
                                                                     *)
   T_CL_RECORD = RECORD
             POSITION
                        : INTEGER:
             NO_OF_REC : INTEGER;
             END:
(*
                                                                     *)
   T_VARIANT_RECORD = RECORD
     CASE INTEGER OF
       O: (BASIC_RECORD: PACKED ARRAY (. 1..80.) OF CHAR);
       1 : ( BOUNDS
                             : ARRAY (. 1..9 .) OF T_BOUNDS );
       2 : ( C_FLAG
                             : CHAR;
         NO_OF_KINDS : PACKED ARRAY (. 1..2 .) OF CHAR;
```

```
KINDS
                    : ARRAY (. 1..12 .) OF
                      PACKED ARRAY (. 1..6 .) OF CHAR );
      3 : ( E_FLAG
                        : CHAR;
       NO_OF_VALUES
                     : PACKED ARRAY (. 1..2 .) OF CHAR;
       VALUES
                     : ARRAY (. 1..4 .) OF
                      PACKED ARRAY (. 1..17 .) OF CHAR );
    END;
(*
                                                          *)
  T_ADB_ARRAY = ARRAY (. 1..MAX_ARRAY_REC .) OF T_ADB_RECORD;
(*
                                                          *)
  T_CL_ARRAY = ARRAY (. 1..MAX_ARRAY_REC .) OF T_CL_RECORD;
(*
                                                          *)
  T_FILE_VARIANT = FILE OF T_VARIANT_RECORD;
(*
                                                          *)
  T_INX_FILE = FILE OF T_INX_RECORD;
(*
                                                          *)
```

```
(* EDBDEF
                                                             *)
                                                             *)
(*
(* CONTAINS THE FILE STRUCTURE FOR ACCESSING THE WORKING FORM
                                                             *)
                                                             *)
(*
      DATA DICTIONARY
                                                             *)
 (************************************
           TYPE
                 SCALAR_REC = RECORD
                            DNUMB : INTEGER;
                            DSCALAR: ARRAY (.1..10.) OF
                                 PACKED ARRAY (.1..16.) OF CHAR
                            END;
                 ENTITY_REC = RECORD
                            CLDISP : INTEGER;
                            DNUMB : INTEGER;
                            DENTITY: ARRAY (.1..36.) OF INTEGER
                            END:
                 SUBENT_REC = RECORD
                            CLDISP : INTEGER;
                            DNUMB : INTEGER;
                            DSUBENT: ARRAY (.1..36.) OF INTEGER
                            END;
                 BOUND_REC = ARRAY (.1..10.) OF INTEGER;
                 D_ENTITY = RECORD
                           DNAME: PACKED ARRAY(.1..16.) OF CHAR;
                           CSORDR : INTEGER;
                           DMIN : INTEGER:
                           DMAX : INTEGER;
                           DDIM : INTEGER;
                           DBOUNDS : BOUND_REC;
                           DTYPE: INTEGER;
                           DSIZE : INTEGER;
                           DDISP : INTEGER;
                           CASE DTYPE : OF
                             5 : (DSCA : SCALAR_REC);
                             7 : (DENT : ENTITY_REC);
                             8 : (DSEN : SUBENT_REC)
                           END:
                 DICTYP = ARRAY (.1..45.) OF D_ENTITY;
```

```
(*
                                                      *)
(*
    $CHANGE CONTROL:
                                                      *)
(*
     ORIGINATED: 19 MARCH 1987, G. A. WHITE
                                                      *)
(*
                                                      *)
CONST
  Final_Token
              = 'Final
  Found_Addop = 'Addop
  Found_Assignment = 'Assignment';
  Found_Comment = 'Comment
  Found_Delimiter = 'Delimiter '
  Found_Error
            = 'Error
  Found_Identifier = 'Identifier';
  Found_Integer = 'Integer
  Found_Keyword = 'Keyword
  Found_Literal = 'Literal
Found_Mulop = 'Mulop
  Found_Pound_Sign = 'Pound_Sign';
  Found_Real = 'Real
                = 'Relop
  Found_Relop
  Found_Unary
                = 'Unary
  Initial_Token
                = 'Initial
(* ARBITRARY SIZE PARAMETERS:
                                                         *)
  Max_Length_Token = 10;
  Max_Length_Value = 80;
Type
  T Token
                = String(Max_Length_Token);
  T_Token_Value = String(Max_Length_Value);
                                                      *)
```

```
(* (NVITYP) NAME/VALUE INTERFACE CONSTANTS AND TYPES ****************************
(*
                                                                 *)
(*
                                                                 *)
    $CHANGE CONTROL:
(*
                                                                 *)
      REVISED: 15 JULY 1987, M. H. CHOI, DBMA
(*
               ADDED COMPARISON VALUES
                                                                  *)
(*
                                                                 *)
      REVISED: 16 SEPTEMBER 1986, M. H. CHOI, DBMA
               CHANGED STRUCTURE OF THE SCHEMA INSTANCE COLLECTOR *)
               BECAUSE STRUCTURE CHANGED IN MAS TO HANDLE NEW
                                                                 *)
               DELETE AND COMPRESS RULES
                                                                  *)
      REVISED: 12 SEPTEMBER 1986, M. H. CHOI, DBMA
                                                                  *)
(*
               ADDED FIELD TO T_INT_ITEM FOR THE COLL_ADB AND
                                                                 *)
               MAPROB2 BECAUSE T_INT_ITEM STRUCTURE CHANGED IN MAS*)
      REVISED: 04 JUNE 1986, M. H. CHOI, DBMA
                                                                 *)
(*
               ADDED RETURN CODE VALUES FOR FAILED_IN_MAL AND
                                                                  *)
                                                                  *)
               FAILURE.
       ORIGINATED: 13 MAY 1986, G. A. WHITE, DBMA
                                                                 *)
                                                                 *)
CONST
(* ARBITRARY SIZE PARAMETERS:
                                                                    *)
   MAX\_ARRAY = 100;
   MAX_ATTRIBUTE_NAME = 1000;
  MAX_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE = 1000;
  MAX_CHARS
                  = 1000;
  MAX GROU?
                   = 8;
  MAX_LIST
                   = 40000000;
                   = 65535;
  MAX_RDB_SIZE
  MAX_WORDS
                   = MAX_CHARS DIV 4;
   SCHEMA_NAME_SIZE = 16;
(* RETURN CODE VALUES:
                                                                    *)
   INVALID_ARRAY_ENTITY = 7;
   INVALID_SCALAR_VALUE = 6;
   FAILED_IN_MAL = 5;
   FAILED_IN_MAEXEQ = 4;
  NIL_ENTITY_KEY = 3;
   ATTRIBUTE_NOT_IN_ENTITY = 2;
  KIND_NOT_IN_RUNTIME_SUBSCHEMA = 1;
   SUCCESS
                   = 0;
  WARNING
                   = -1;
   FAILURE
(* COMPARISON VALUES:
                                                                    *)
  EQ = 1:
  LT = 2;
  GT = 3:
  NE = 4;
  LE = 5:
  GE = 6;
```

```
*)
(* ATTRIBUTE NAME STRING DELIMITERS:
   END OF SEGMENT = '.':
   END_OF_STRING = '00'XC;
                                                                       *)
(* DIMENSION VALUE DELIMITERS:
   BEGIN_OF_ARRAY = '(';
   END_OF_ARRAY
                 = ')';
TYPE
   T_ATTRIBUTE_NAME = ARRAY(. 1..MAX_ATTRIBUTE_NAME .) OF CHAR;
   T_DIMEN VALUE
                   = ARRAY(. 1..MAX_ARRAY .) OF INTEGER;
   T_DISPLAY WORD
                    = PACKED ARRAY(. 1..8 .) OF CHAR;
   T_HEX_BYTE
                    = PACKED 0..255;
   T HEX WORD
                    = ARRAY(. 1..4 .) OF T HEX BYTE;
                    = ARRAY(. 1..4 .) OF Char;
   T Word
   T_LOCATION
                    = (IN_ADB, IN_CL, IN_ENUMERATION, IN_STRUCTURE);
   T_SCHEMA_NAME
                    = PACKED ARRAY (. 1..SCHEMA_NAME_SIZE .) OF CHAR;
   T_SELECTOR
                    = PACKED 0..9;
   T_INTEGER_1
                    = PACKED -128..127;
   T_INTEGER_2
                    = PACKED -32768..32767;
   T_INTEGER_4
                    = MININT..MAXINT;
   T_VALUE
                    = ARRAY(. 1..MAX_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE .) OF CHAR;
   T_Array_Value = ARRAY(. 1..MAX_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE .) OF T_Word;
   T_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE = RECORD
     CASE INTEGER OF
    O: ( AS_VARIANT
                           : T_Value );
    1 : ( AS_INTEGER_1
                           : T_Integer_1
                                              );
    2 : ( AS_INTEGER_2
                           : T_Integer_2
                                              );
    3 : ( AS_INTEGER_4
                           : T_Integer_4
                                              );
    4 : ( AS_REAL_4
                           : SHORTREAL
                                              );
    5 : ( AS_REAL_8
                          : REAL
                                              );
    6 : ( AS_LOGICAL
                           : BOOLEAN
                                              );
    7 : ( AS_ENUMERATION : T_Schema_Name
                                              );
    8 : ( AS_Array
                    : T_Array Value
                                              );
     END:
                                                                    *)
   T_VARIANT_VALUE = RECORD
      CASE INTEGER OF
                           : T_VALUE
     O: (AS_VARIANT
     1 : ( AS_INTEGER
                           : T_INTEGER_4
                                                  );
     2 : ( AS_REAL
                           : REAL
                                                  );
     END;
                                                                    *)
   ROUTINE = PACKED ARRAY(. 1..8 .) OF CHAR;
                                                                    *)
   ENTDATA = RECORD
```

```
CASE INTEGER OF
    0 : ( CHARS : PACKED ARRAY(. 1..MAX_CHARS .) OF CHAR);
    1 : ( WORDS : ARRAY(. 1..MAX WORDS .) OF T_HEX_WORD );
                                                                     *)
(*
  EXT_RET_CODE = INTEGER;
                                                                     *)
  LISTINDX = 0..MAX_LIST;
(*
                                                                     *)
  LISTPSTN = 0..MAX_LIST;
(*
                                                                     *)
  LISTSIZE = 0..MAX_LIST;
(*
                                                                     *)
  ORD_KIND = O..MAXINT;
                                                                     *)
  RDBSIZE = PACKED O..MAX_RDB_SIZE;
                                                                     *)
  T_RULE_ELMNTS = ( COMPRESS, DELETE, USER_DELETE, CNST_DELETE );
                                                                     *)
  T_RULE = SET OF T_RULE_ELMNTS;
(*
                                                                     *)
   T_GROUP = RECORD
   LAST_CNST : RDBSIZE;
   RULE
             : T_RULE;
   END:
(*
                                                                     *)
   T_GROUP_ARRAY = ARRAY (. 1..MAX_GROUP .) OF T_GROUP;
(*
                                                                     *)
  T_SCH_INST_ENT = RECORD
     KIND : ORD_KIND;
     POSITION : LISTPSTN;
     NUM_GROUP: LISTPSTN;
     MIN_CNST : LISTPSTN;
     GROUP
             : T GROUP ARRAY;
     END;
(*
                                                                     *)
   ENTBLOCK = RECORD
     KIND : ORD_KIND;
     SIZE : 0..MAX_CHARS;
     SYSUSE: ARRAY (. 1..4.) OF BOOLEAN;
     DATA : ENTDATA;
     END;
(*
                                                                     *)
   ENTPNTR = @ENTBLOCK;
(*
                                                                     *)
   LISTPNTR = @T_SYS_LIST;
```

```
*)
(*
  T_{INT}ITEM = RECORD
    RDBEXIST : BOOLEAN;
    MAPROB : BOOLEAN;
    MAPROB2 : BOOLEAN;
     COLL_ADB : ENTPNTR;
    USERS
            : LISTPNTR;
             : LISTPNTR;
     CNSTS
             : ENTPNTR;
    ENPTR
    END:
                                                                    *)
(*
   ENTITIES = ( NIL_ENT, INT_ROOT, INT_ITEM, APPL_LIST );
                                                                    *)
(*
   T_ENTITY = RECORD
     FORM : ENTITIES;
     IIT : T_INT_ITEM;
    END;
                                                                    *)
(*
   ANYKEY = RECORD
     P : @T_ENTITY;
    END;
                                                                    *)
(*
   ENTKEY = ANYKEY;
                                                                    *)
(*
   LISTKEY = ANYKEY;
                                                                    *)
(*
   T_SYS_LIST = RECORD
     SIZE : LISTSIZE;
     LSTLNG : LISTSIZE;
     LIST: ARRAY (. 1..MAX_LIST.) OF ENTKEY;
     END;
(*
                                                                    *)
   T_DEFN_POINTER
                    = @T_DEFN_FRAME;
                    = RECORD
   T_DEFN_FRAME
                     : T_DEFN_POINTER;
     NEXT
                     : ORD_KIND;
     KIND
     DATA_TYPE
                     : INTEGER;
     CASE INTEGER OF
                : ( OFFSET : INTEGER;
    1, 2, 3, 4
                             : INTEGER );
                       SIZE
    7,8
                   : ( POSITION : INTEGER);
                   : ( SELECTOR_OFFSET : INTEGER ;
                       TABLE_OFFSET : INTEGER );
    END;
```

CI PS560240032U April 1990

```
* )
  T_NAME_POINTER = @T_NAME_FRAME;
  T_NAME_FRAME
              = RECORD
         : T_SCHEMA_NAME;
    NAME
   NEXT : T_NAME_POINTER;
   DEFN : T_DEFN_POINTER;
   END;
                                                      *)
(*
                = RECORD
  T_DATAREC
    NAME_ROOT
                : T_NAME_POINTER;
    LIST_ROOT
                : LISTKEY;
   ATTRIBUTE_VALUE : T_VARIANT_VALUE;
    DIMEN_VALUE : T_DIMEN_VALUE;
    NO_OF_DIMENSION : INTEGER;
    END;
                                                      *)
(*
  BLKDATA = T_DATAREC;
(*
                                                      *)
```

```
(* (RTSTYP) RUN-TIME SUBSCHEMA CONSTANTS AND TYPES
                                                         *******
(*
                                                               *)
(*
    $CHANGE CONTROL:
                                                               *)
                                                               *)
(*
      REVISED: 8 SEPTEMBER 1987, M. H. CHOI, DBMA
(*
               ADDED MINIMUM OCCURENCE FIELD TO T_ATTRIBUTE
                                                               *)
(*
      ORIGINATED: 17 SEPTEMBER 1986, M. H. CHOI, DBMA
                                                               *)
                                                               *)
CONST
                                                                  *)
(* ARBITRARY SIZE PARAMETERS:
  MAX_ARRAY_POINTER = 100;
  MAX_ATTRIBUTE
                = 100;
  MAX_ENUMERATION = 100;
  MAX ENUM_INDEX
                 = 100:
  MAX_ARRAY_LIST
                  = 100:
  MAX_ARRAY_INDEX = 100;
  MAX_CL_LIST
                  = 100;
  MAX_CL_KINDS
                  = 100;
TYPE
  T_STRING 8
                  = PACKED ARRAY (.1..8.) OF CHAR;
  T DATA TYPE
                  = ( INTEGER_DT, REAL_DT, STRING_DT, LOGICAL_DT.
                  EUNM_DT, PNTR_DT, ARRAY_DT );
                                                               *)
  T_ATTRIBUTE = RECORD
    NAME
                    : T_SCHEMA_NAME;
    MIN_OCC
                    : INTEGER;
    DATA_TYPE
                     : INTEGER;
    CASE INTEGER OF
   1, 2, 3, 4 : ( OFFSET
                                     : INTEGER:
                    SIZE
                                     : INTEGER);
   7, 8
                 : ( POSITION
                                    : INTEGER);
    5, 10
                 : ( SELECTOR_OFFSET : INTEGER;
                    TABLE_INX_POSITION : INTEGER);
    END;
                                                               *)
  P_ATTRIBUTE = RECORD
                    : T_SCHEMA_NAME;
    NAME
    PSTN
                    : INTEGER;
    NAME TYPE
                    : CHAR;
    DATA_TYPE
                    : INTEGER;
    CASE INTEGER OF
   1, 2, 3, 4 : ( OFFSET
                                    : INTEGER;
                    SIZE
                                    : INTEGER);
   7, 8
                 : ( POSITION
                                    : INTEGER);
                 : ( SELECTOR_OFFSET : INTEGER;
   5, 10
                    TABLE_INX_POSITION : INTEGER);
    END:
(*
                                                               *)
```

```
T_ENUM_INDEX = ARRAY (. 1..MAX_ENUM_INDEX .) OF RECORD
    NO_OF_ENTRIES
                      : INTEGER:
    TABLE_INX_POSITION : INTEGER;
    END;
(*
                                                                    *)
  T_ENUMERATION = ARRAY(.1..MAX ENUMERATION.) OF T SCHEMA NAME;
(*
                                                                    *)
  T_ARRAY_INDEX = ARRAY (. 1..MAX_ARRAY_INDEX .) OF RECORD
    NO_OF_DIMENS
                       : INTEGER:
    TABLE_INX_POSITION : INTEGER;
    END;
(*
                                                                    *)
  T_ARRAY_LIST = ARRAY (. 1..MAX_ARRAY_LIST .) OF RECORD
     SIZE
                     : INTEGER;
    LOW_BOUND
                     : INTEGER;
    END;
(*
                                                                    *)
  T_CL_INDEX = ARRAY (. 1..MAX_CL_LIST .) OF RECORD
     NO_OF_CL KINDS
                      : INTEGER;
     TABLE_INX_POSITION : INTEGER;
    END;
(*
                                                                    *)
  T_CL_KINDS = ARRAY(. 1..MAX_CL_KINDS .) OF INTEGER;
                                                                    *)
   T_SCHEMA_POINTER
                      = @T_SCHEMA;
  T_SCHEMA
                      = RECORD
    NAME
                      : T_SCHEMA_NAME;
     KIND
                      : INTEGER;
     ATTRIBUTE_COUNT : INTEGER;
     ENUM_INDEX_OFFSET : INTEGER;
     ENUM_VALUE_OFFSET : INTEGER;
     ARRAY_INDEX_OFFSET : INTEGER;
     ARRAY_LIST_OFFSET : INTEGER;
     CL_INDEX_OFFSET : INTEGER;
     CL_KINDS_OFFSET : INTEGER;
                     : ARRAY (. 1..MAX_ATTRIBUTE .) OF T_ATTRIBUTE;
     ATTRIBUTE
    END;
                                                                    *)
   P SCHEMA POINTER
                    = @P SCHEMA;
   P_SCHEMA
                      = RECORD
    NAME
                      : T_SCHEMA_NAME;
    KIND
                      : INTEGER;
    ATTRIBUTE_COUNT : INTEGER;
    ENUM_INDEX_OFFSET : INTEGER;
    ENUM_VALUE_OFFSET : INTEGER;
    ARRAY_INDEX_OFFSET : INTEGER;
    ARRAY_LIST_OFFSET : INTEGER;
    CL_INDEX_OFFSET : INTEGER;
```

```
CL_KINDS_OFFSET : INTEGER;
                      : ARRAY (. 1..MAX_ATTRIBUTE .) OF P_ATTRIBUTE;
    ATTRIBUTE
    END;
                                                                    *)
(*
  T_RUN_TIME_POINTER = @T_RUN_TIME;
                 = RECORD
  T_RUN_TIME
                 : T_SCHEMA;
    ENTITY
     ENUM_INDEX : T_ENUM_INDEX;
    ENUM_VALUE : T_ENUMERATION;
     ARRAY_INDEX : T_ARRAY_INDEX;
     ARRAY_LIST : T_ARRAY_LIST;
     CL_INDEX : T_CL_INDEX;
                : T_CL_KINDS;
     CL_KINDS
     END;
                                                                    *)
(*
   P_RUN_TIME_POINTER = @P_RUN_TIME;
                 = RECORD
   P_RUN_TIME
     ENTITY
                 : P_SCHEMA;
     ENUM_INDEX : T_ENUM_INDEX;
     ENUM_VALUE : T_ENUMERATION;
     ARRAY_INDEX : T_ARRAY_INDEX;
     ARRAY_LIST : T_ARRAY_LIST;
                 : T_CL_INDEX;
     CL_INDEX
                  : T_CL_KINDS;
     CL KINDS
     END;
                                                                     *)
(*
   T_KIND_ADB_POINTER = @T_KIND_ADB;
                      = RECORD
   T_KIND_ADB
                      : T_SCH_INST_ENT;
     SYSTEM_AREA
                      : T_RUN_TIME;
     RUN TIME
     END:
                                                                     *)
 (*
    T_ARRAY_LIST_COMPACTOR = RECORD
                  : T_ARRAY_LIST;
      TABLE
                     : INTEGER;
      TABLE_SIZE
      END:
                                                                     *)
 (* .
    T_ARRAY_INX_COMPACTOR = RECORD
                     : T_ARRAY_INDEX;
      TABLE
                     : INTEGER;
      TABLE_SIZE
      END;
                                                                     *)
    T_ENUM_INX_COMPACTOR = RECORD
                     : T_ENUM_INDEX;
      TABLE
                     : INTEGER;
      TABLE_SIZE
      END;
                                                                      *)
 (*
    T_ENUM_COMPACTOR = RECORD
                      : T_ENUMERATION;
      TABLE
                                      3-49
```

```
TABLE SIZE : INTEGER:
    END;
                                                               *)
  T_CL_INX_COMPACTOR = RECORD
    TABLE
                  : T_CL_INDEX;
    TABLE_SIZE
                   : INTEGER:
    END;
(*
                                                               *)
  T_CL_KINDS_COMPACTOR = RECORD
                  : T_CL_KINDS;
    TABLE SIZE
                   : INTEGER;
    END;
(*
                                                               *)
  T_DATA_VALUE = ARRAY (. 1..MAX_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE .) OF CHAR;
                                                               *)
  T_VARIANT_POINTER
                              = RECORD
    CASE INTEGER OF
   O: (AS_ADB_SIZE
                         : LISTPSTN
                                            );
   1 : ( AS_INTEGER
                         : INTEGER
   2 : ( TO_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE : @T_VALUE
   3 : ( TO ENTITY
                        : ENTPNTR
   4 : ( TO_ENUMERATION
                         : @T_ENUMERATION
   5 : ( TO_SCHEMA
                         : T_SCHEMA_POINTER );
   6 : ( TO_SELECTOR
                         : @T_SELECTOR
   7 : ( TO_ENUM_INDEX
                        : @T_ENUM_INDEX
   8 : ( AS_RUN_TIME_POINTER : T_RUN_TIME_POINTER );
   9 : ( AS_DATA
                        : @T_DATA_VALUE
      10 : ( TO_ARRAY_INDEX
                           : @T_ARRAY_INDEX
                                                );
      11 : ( TO_ARRAY_LIST
                            : @T_ARRAY_LIST
                                                );
      12 : ( TO_CL_INDEX
                             : @T_CL_INDEX
                                                );
      13 : ( TO_CL_LIST
                             : @T CL_KINDS
                                                );
                             : ENTKEY
      14 : ( TO_ENTKEY
                                                );
      15 : ( TO_ARRAY_VALUE
                            : @T Word
                                                );
      16 : ( TO_CNSTKEY
                             : LISTPNTR
                                                );
      17 : ( TO_INTEGER_1
                             : @T_INTEGER_1 );
      18: ( TO_INTEGER_2
                             : @T_INTEGER_2 );
                             : @T_INTEGER_4 );
      19: (TO_INTEGER_4
                             : @SHORTREAL );
      20 : ( TO_REAL_4
      21 : ( TO_REAL_8
                             : @REAL
                                        );
      22 : ( TO_value
                             : T VALUE
      23 : ( AS_RTS_POINTER : P_RUN_TIME_POINTER );
    END;
(*
                                                               *)
(*
                                                               *)
CONST
  MAX_BUFFER
                = SIZEOF ( T_RUN_TIME );
                                                               *)
```

```
(* %INCLUDE SCECON *)
(*----*)
(* CONSTANTS USED BY THE SCHEMA MANAGER PACKAGE
CONST
(*----*)
(* BLANK CONSTANTS
(* BLANK CONSTANTS *)
(*----*)
 BLANK8 = '
 BLANK16 = '
 BLANK30 = '
 BLANK40 = '
 BLANK50 = '
 BLANK_IDENTIFIER = '
 BLANK_TABLE_VARIABLE = '
(* CONSTANT LENGTHS
(*-----*)
 IDENTIFIER_LENGTH = 16;
 UNIQUENESS_LENGTH = 14;
 TABLE_VARIABLE_LENGTH = IDENTIFIER LENGTH + 7;
(* CONSTANT LENGTH OF THE ENTITY ADB
ENTITY_ADB_CONST_LENGTH = 28;
(*----*)
(* MINIMUMS AND MAXIMUMS
(*-----*)
 MINIMUM_INTEGER_PRECISION = 1;
 MINIMUM_REAL_PRECISION = 1;
 MINIMUM_STRING_LENGTH
 MAXIMUM INTEGER PRECISION = 9;
 MAXIMUM_REAL_PRECISION = 16;
 MAXIMUM_STRING_LENGTH = 1000;
 MINIMUM_ARRAY_BOUND = -99;
MAXIMUM_ARRAY_BOUND = 999;
```

```
MAX\_ARRAY\_SIZE = 1000;
(* ENTITY KIND NUMBERS
   PRIMITIVE_KIND = 1000;
   INTEGER_KIND = 1001;
REAL_KIND = 1002;
   REAL_KIND = 1002;

STRING_KIND = 1003;

LOGICAL_KIND = 1004;
   ENUMERATION_KIND = 1005;
   ENUMERITEM_KIND = 1006;
  POINTER_KIND = 1008;
STRUCTURE_KIND = 1009;
ARRAY_KIND = 1010;
SUPERTYPE_KIND = 1016;
CLASS_KIND = 1017;
ENTITY_KIND = 1018;
FIELD_KIND = 1019;
   DEFINED_TYPE_KIND = 1020;
   SUBSCHEMA_KIND = 1021;
   GLOBAL FIELD KIND = 1022;
   BACKPATCH_KIND = 1023;
   UNRESOLVED_KIND = 1024;
   SCHEMA_KIND = 1089;
(* CONCEPTUAL SCHEMA REPORT CONSTANTS
(* THE MAXIMUM PAGE SIZE
                                                                           *)
(*----*)
   MAX_PAGE_SIZE = 55;
(* RUN-TIME SUBSCHEMA CONSTANTS
   MAX_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE = 1000;
   MAX\_CHARS = 1000;
   MAX_LIST
                       = 4000000;
   MAX_RDB_SIZE = 65535;
MAX_WORDS = MAX_CHARS DIV 4;
   SCHEMA_NAME_SIZE = 16;
%PRINT OFF
```

(* (*	%INCLUDE SCETYP *)	*\
(*	INCLUDES FOR THE SCHEMA EXECUTIVE	*)
%11 %11	NCLUDE SCECON; NCLUDE APLTYP;	
(*	TYPES USED BY THE SCHEMA MANAGER PACKAGE	*)
TY!	PE	
(*	ENTITY PRIMITIVE TYPES	*)
	<pre>ENTITY_TYPE = (INT, REEL, STRNG, LOGICAL, ARAY, LIS, SETT, ENUM,</pre>	
(*	TRANSACTION TYPES	*)
	TRANS_TYPE = (T_SUBSCMA, T_CLASS, T_ENTITY, T_GBLFLD, T_FIELD, T_STRUC, T_ARRAY, (* T_LIST, T_SET, *) T_DEF_TYP, T_DEF_TYP2, T_ENUM, T_ENUMITEM, T_INTEGER, T_REAL, T_LOGICAL, T_STRING, T_POINTER, T_FIND_KEY, T_PASS_KEY, T_SUPERTYPE, T_SUPERTYPE2, T_END_SUPERTYPE, T_END_STRUC, T_END_ENUM, T_END_POINTER, T_END_DEF_TYP, T_END_ENTITY, T_END_CLASS, T_END_SUBSCMA, T_END_GBLFLD, T_END_PROCESSING, T_UNRESOLVED);	ŕ
(*	NAME TYPE FOR THE ENTITIES	*)
	T_NAME = PACKED ARRAY(.116.) OF CHAR;	
	CHAR50 = PACKED ARRAY(.150.) OF CHAR;	
	CHAR150 = PACKED ARRAY(.1150.) OF CHAR;	

```
(* ENUMERATED TYPES FOR THE RECORD DECLARATIONS
(*----*)
 T_STATUS = (FROZEN, UNFRZN);
 T_{PURPS} = (IEY, ROLE);
 T_{REQ} = (REQ, OPT);
 T_DEP = (DEP, IND);
 F KEY REC = RECORD
  REC_KIND : INTEGER;
  CASE REC_KIND OF *)
  END;
(*----*)
(* BACKPATCH RECORD TYPE
BACKPATCH_REC = RECORD
  NAME : T_NAME;
  KIND : INTEGER;
  END:
(*----*)
(* UNRESOLVED RECORD TYPE
UNRESOLVED_REC = RECORD
  NAME : T_NAME;
  KIND : INTEGER;
  END:
(*----*)
(* SCHEMA RECORD TYPE
(*---<del>*</del>)
 SCMA_REC = RECORD
  NAME : T_NAME;
  VŁRSION : INTEGER;
  DATE : ARRAY(.1..9.) OF CHAR;
  STATUS : T_STATUS
  END;
```

```
(*____*)
(* SUBSCHEMA TYPE
 SSCMA REC = RECORD
   NAME : T_NAME;
   COMMENT : CHAR150;
   ADB_SIZE : INTEGER;
   PHYSICAL : BOOLEAN;
   END;
(* CLASS RECORD TYPE
(*_____*)
  CLASS_REC = RECORD
   NAME : T_NAME;
   KIND : INTEGER;
   COMMENT : CHAR150;
   END;
(*____*)
(* ENTITY RECORD TYPE
  ENTITY_REC = RECORD
   NAME : T_NAME;
KIND : INTEGER;
   ADB_SIZE : INTEGER;
   COMMENT : CHAR150;
   PHYSICAL : BOOLEAN;
   END;
(* FIELD RECORD TYPE
(*_____*)
  FIELD_REC = RECORD
   NAME : T_NAME;
  POS : INTEGER;
(* PURPS : T_PURPS; *)
REQD : T_REQ;
  (* DEPND : T_DEP; *)
   COMMENT : CHAR50;
   CASE INTEGER OF
                : INTEGER;
    O: (OFFSET
```

```
SIZE : INTEGER);
1 : (POSITION : INTEGER);
2 : (SELECTOR_OFFSET : INTEGER;
     TABLE_INX_POSITION : INTEGER);
   END;
(*-----*)
(* ARRAY RECORD TYPE
 ARAY REC = RECORD
   LO_BOUND : INTEGER;
   HI_BOUND : INTEGER;
   MIN_OCCUR : INTEGER;
   ARRAY_TYPE : ENTITY_TYPE;
   END;
(*----*)
(* LIST RECORD TYPE
(* LIST REC = RECORD
   MINIMUM : INTEGER:
   MAXIMUM : INTEGER;
(* SET RECORD TYPE
                                                *)
(* SET_REC = RECORD
   MINIMUM : INTEGER:
   MAXIMUM : INTEGER;
(*----*)
(* ENTITY ATTRIBUTE DATA BLOCK TYPE
  ENTITY_ADB = RECORD
   ENT_KIND : INTEGER;
   LENGTH : INTEGER;
   SYSUSE
         : INTEGER;
   VERSION : INTEGER;
   SYS_IDENT : INTEGER;
   IDENT : INTEGER;
```

```
TYP
                           : ENTITY_TYPE;
         DUMMY : ARRAY(.1..3.) OF CHAR;
         CASE TYP : OF
      INT : (I_PRECISION : INTEGER
REEL : (R_PRECISION : INTEGER
STRNG : (S_LENGTH : INTEGER
LOGICAL : ();
ARAY : (ARY : ARAY_REC
                                                                                                         );
                                                                                                         );
     ARAY : (ARY : ARAY_REC

(* LIS : (LST : LIST_REC

(* SETT : (SETS : SET_REC

ENUM : ();

ENUMITM : (ENUMITM_NAME : T_NAME

POINTP : ():
                                                                                                          ); *)
                                                                                                           ); *)
      ENUMITM : (ENUMITM_NAME : T_NAME );

POINTR : ();

STRUC : ();

DEF_TYP : (DEF_TYP_NAME : T_NAME );

CLASS : (CLS : CLASS_REC );

SUPERTYPE : (SUPERTYPE_NAME : T_NAME );

ENTITY : (ENT : ENTITY_REC );

FIELD : (FLD : FIELD_REC );

GBLFLD : ();

SUBSCHEMA : (SSCMA : SSCMA_REC );

SCHEMA : (SCMA : SCMA_REC );

BACK_PATCH : (BACKPATCH : BACKPATCH_REC );

UNRESOLVED : (UNRESOLVE : UNRESOLVED_REC);

END:
                                                                                                          );
         END:
     ENTBLOCK = ENTITY ADB:
(* TRANSACTION TYPE
      TRANSACTION = RECORD
          T_TYP : TRANS_TYPE:
          CASE T_TYP : OF
       T_SUBSCMA : (SSCMA : SSCMA_REC );
T_CLASS : (CLS : CLASS_REC );
       T_SUPERTYPE,
T_SUPERTYPE2 : (SUPERTYPE_NAME : T_NAME
       T_ENTITY : (ENT : ENTITY_REC );

T_GBLFLD : ();

T_FIELD : (FLD : FIELD_REC );

T_STRUC : ();

T_ARRAY : (ARY : ARAY_REC );
       T_FIELD
T_STRUC
T_ARRAY
     T_ARRAY : (ARY
(* T_LIST : (LST
(* T_SET : (SETS
                                                                              : ARAY_REC ); *)
: LIST_REC ); *)
: SET_REC ); *)
```

```
T_DEF_TYP,
    T_DEF_TYP2,
    T END DEF TYP : (DEFTYP_NAME : T_NAME
                                                            );
   T_ENUM : ();
T_ENUMITEM : (ENUMITEM_NAME : T_NAME
T_INTEGER : (I_PRECISION : INTEGER
                                                             );
                                                            );
    T REAL
                   : (R_PRECISION : INTEGER
                                                            );
   T_REAL : (K_PRECISION : INLEGER

T_LOGICAL : ();

T_STRING : (S_LENGTH : INTEGER

T_POINTER : ();

T_FIND_KEY : (FNDKEY : F_KEY_REC

T_PASS_KEY : (PASSKEY : ENTKEY

T_END_STRUC : ();

T_END_BOINTED : ():
                                                            );
                                                            );
                                                             );
    T_END_POINTER : ();
    T_END_ENTITY : ();
    T_END_CLASS : ();
    T_END_SUPERTYPE: ();
    T_END_SUBSCMA : ();
    T_END_GBLFLD : ();
    T_UNRESOLVED : (UNRESOLVE : UNRESOLVED_REC);
     END:
(* TRANSACTION STACK TYPE
   TRANSPTR = @T_STACK;
   T STACK = RECORD
     STACKPTR : TRANSPTR:
     STACKDATA: TRANSACTION
     END;
     KEY STACK TYPE
   KEYPTR = @K_STACK;
   K_STACK = RECORD
     K_STACKPTR : KEYPTR;
     KEY_DATA : LISTKEY
     END:
(*_____*)
(* ERROR TYPES
```

```
T_SCE_ERROR =
    (OK,
  DIALOG_FAILED,
  TRANSACTION_PROCESSING_ERROR,
  STACK_UNDERFLOW,
  MAS_ROUTINE_ERROR,
  UNKNOWN_TYPE,
  SIZE_OUT_OF_RANGE);
(*-----*)
(* WARNING TYPES
(*----*)
 T_SCE_WARNING =
    (OKW,
  INVALID_KEY_RETURNED,
  INVALID_CASE_OPTION,
  MAX_ARRAY_SIZE_EXCEEDED,
  CANNOT_UPDATE,
  NO_ARRAY_ENTITY,
  NOT_ENOUGH_ROOM);
(*-----*)
(* ERROR RETURN CODE TYPES
                                               *)
(*----*)
 RETURN CODE = RECORD
   ERROR : T_SCE_ERROR;
   WARNING: T_SCE_WARNING;
   END;
 RET REC = RECORD
   RC : RETURN_CODE;
   ROUT_NAME : STRING(8)
   END;
   CHARACTER STRING TYPES
                                               *)
(*-----*)
  CHAR8 = PACKED ARRAY(.1..8.) OF CHAR;
  CHAR9 = PACKED ARRAY(.1..9.) OF CHAR;
  CHAR12 = PACKED ARRAY(.1..12.) OF CHAR;
  CHAR16 = PACKED ARRAY(.1..16.) OF CHAR;
```

```
CHAR23 = PACKED ARRAY(.1..23.) OF CHAR;
  CHAR30 = PACKED ARRAY(.1..30.) OF CHAR;
  CHAR40 = PACKED ARRAY(.1..40.) OF CHAR;
  IDCHAR = PACKED ARRAY (.1..IDENTIFIER_LENGTH.) OF CHAR;
  TABCHAR = PACKED ARRAY (.1..TABLE_VARIABLE_LENGTH.) OF CHAR;
  CRTABCHAR = PACKED ARRAY (.1..40.) OF CHAR;
(* ARRAY OF ENTITY TYPES
  T_ARRAY16 = ARRAY(.1..MAX_ARRAY_SIZE.) OF CHAR16;
  T_ARRAY23 = ARRAY(.1..MAX_ARRAY_SIZE.) OF CHAR23;
  T_ARRAYID = ARRAY(.1..MAX_ARRAY_SIZE.) OF IDCHAR;
  T_ARRAYTV = ARRAY(.1..MAX_ARRAY_SIZE.) OF TABCHAR;
  T_ARRAYRV = ARRAY(.1..MAX_ARRAY_SIZE.) OF CRTABCHAR;
(* MESSAGE TYPE
                                                                    *)
(*-----*)
  MESSAGE = CHAR8:
(* OPERATION TYPE
  OPERATIONS = (EDIT, REPORT, S_FILE, EXIT, S_RETURN, CR_SUB, CR_CLASS,
            CR_SUPR, CR_ENT, CR_DEF, CR_GBLFLD, UP_SUB, UP_CLASS, UP_ENT,
            UP_SUPR, UP_GBLFLD, UP_LOCAL, REVIEW, ACCEPT, DISPLAY,
            LIST, NO_MORE, INCLDS, DATA_DIC, RUNTIME,
            CONCEPTUAL_SCHEMA, CROSS_REFER, UNDEFINED,
            ADD, REMOVE, DELETE, UPDATE, MULTIPLE_SEL, SAVE,
            RETRIEVE, UP_DEF, REV_ENT, REV_DEF, REV_SUPR, REV_GBLFLD,
            REV_SUB, REV_CLASS, REV_LOCAL, DEFAULT, CR_OPTION_ONE,
            CR OPTION_TWO, CR_OPTION_THREE, CR_OPTION_FOUR,
            CR_OPTION_FIVE, CR_OPTION_SIX, CR_OPTION_SEVEN,
            CR_OPTION_EIGHT, CR_OPTION_NINE, CR_OPTION_TEN,
            PHYSICAL_SUBSCHEMA);
```

	FIELD TYPE INDICATES THE TYPE OF THE USER OF THE FIELD	
`	<pre>T_FIELDTYPE = (ENTITE,GLOBAL,STRUCTURE,SUPR);</pre>	ŕ
(*	USED TO DEFINE THE CONTEXT OF A DATA TYPE CREATION	*)
	<pre>T_CONTEXT = RECORD BUILDING_STRUCTURE : BOOLEAN; BUILDING_ARRAY : BOOLEAN; END;</pre>	
(*	FIELD DEFINITION TYPE	*)
/*	T_FIELD_DEF = (IN_ADB,IN_KEYBLOCK,IN_CNST_REC);	*\
(* (*	MATCH RECORD INDICATES IF THE NAME AND/OR KIND NUMBER IS IDENTICAL	*) *)
	MATCH = RECORD NAME : BOOLEAN; NUMBER : BOOLEAN END;	·
(* (*	WITHIN RECORD INDICATES IF RETURN OR EXIT WAS CHOSEN WITHIN ANOTHER ROUTINE	
	WITHIN = RECORD ROUTINE : BOOLEAN; RET : BOOLEAN; XIT : BOOLEAN END;	ŕ
•	TYPES FOR THE CONCEPTUAL SCHEMA REPORT	* *

```
PAGES = (CLASS_PAGE,
        DEFINED TYPE PAGE,
        SUPERTYPE_PAGE,
        ENTITY_PAGE,
        GLOBAL_FIELD_PAGE,
        SUBSCHEMA_PAGE);
   HEADING_TYPE = (DEFINITION,
                 INDEX);
   PAGE_PTR = @PAGE_REC;
   PAGE REC = RECORD
    PAGE_NUMBER : INTEGER:
    NEXT_PAGE : PAGE_PTR
   END;
(*----*)
(* 'PAGE_PTR' IS USED TO LINK TOGETHER THE PAGE NUMBER OF THOSE *)
(* PAGES THAT BEGIN A NEW ENTITY, CLASS, OR SUBSCHEMA. WHEN THE
                                                                                     *)
(* INDICES ARE PRINTED OUT, THE CHAIN OF PAGE NUMBERS CREATED IS
(* USED.
(* TYPES FOR THE RUN-TIME SUBSCHEMA
                                                                                        *)
   T_SCHEMA_NAME = PACKED ARRAY (. 1..SCHEMA_NAME_SIZE .) OF CHAR;
   T_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE = ARRAY (. 1..MAX_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE .) OF CHAR;
  T_ATTRIBUTE_value = ARRAY (. 1...FAA_ATTRIBUTE_value .) OF SIZE
T_HEX_BYTE = PACKED 0..255;

T_HEX_WORD = ARRAY (. 1..4 .) OF T_HEX_BYTE;

T_SELECTOR = PACKED 0..9;

T_INTEGER_1 = PACKED -128..127;

T_INTEGER_2 = PACKED -32768..32767;

T_INTEGER_4 = MININT..MAXINT;

T_VALUE = ARRAY(.1..MAX_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE.) OF CHAR;

T_WORD = ARRAY(.1..4.) OF CHAR;
   T_PS_RECORD
                      = RECORD
                       : T_SCHEMA_NAME;
        NAME
        CS_ORDER : INTEGER;
OFFSET : INTEGER;
        END:
```

```
T_PS_ORDER = ARRAY (. 1..100 .) OF T_PS_RECORD;
ENTPNTR = @ENTBLOCK;
LISTPNTR = @T_SYS_LIST;
RDBSIZE = PACKED 0..MAX_RDB_SIZE;
T_SYS_LIST = RECORD
  SIZE : LISTSIZE;
  LSTLNG : LISTSIZE;
  LIST : ARRAY (. 1..MAX_LIST .) OF ENTKEY;
  END;
T_SCH_INST_ENT = RECORD
  KIND : ORD_KIND;
  POSITION : LISTPSTN;
  NUM_GROUP: LISTPSTN;
  MIN_CNST : LISTPSTN;
  END;
T_ENTITY_INDEX = ARRAY (. 1..1000 .) OF RECORD
  NAME : T_SCHEMA_NAME;
  KIND
            : INTEGER;
  FND;
```

3.6.2 Model Access Software Data Dictionary

The following members of the Model Access Software constitute a PASCAL Include file. These listings are provided on the following pages.

APLTYP - Application type declarations for MAS interface routines

ENTBLK - Definition of an application data block for an entity

MASKIND - Constants for internal routines

MASTYP - Constants and types for MAS interface routines

NDSDCL - Constants and types for MAS internal routines

\$PCMGT - MAS memory management type declaration

PCMGT - MAS memory management type declaration

SCHDCL - Constants and types for MAS internal routines

SCHTYP - Constants and types for MAS internal routines

TVERIFY - Verifies common types

```
(*----*)
(* (ENTBLK) DEFINITION OF ENTITY BLOCK TYPE. *)
(*----*)
%INCLUDE PRINTOFF
(**)
(*----
     MAS VERSION 1
PACKAGE: ENTITY PACKAGE.
                                                           *)
                                                           *)
(*-----*)
                                                          *)
(* THE ENTITY BLOCK IS DEFINED SEPARATELY TO ALLOW THE UNLIKELY
(* APPLICATION STRUCTURE OF AN ENTDATA RECORD CONTAINING FIELDS OF *)
(* TYPES DEFINED IN NDSDCL. IN SUCH A CASE THE APPLICATION SHOULD
                                                           *)
(* INCLUDE NDSDCL, THEN DEFINE ENTDATA, THEN INCLUDE ENTBLOCK.
                                                           *)
 CONST
   SYS_MRDFLG = 1; (* MARK FOR DELETE FLAG
SYS_PRCFLG = 2; (* PROCESS FLAG
SYS_ABSFLG = 3; (* ABSENT/PRESENT FLAG
SYS_APLFLG = 4; (* APPLICATION FLAG
                                                       BAU *)
                                                           *)
                                                           *)
                                                           *)
 TYPE
   SYSINDX=1..4;
   ENTBLOCK=RECORD
    KIND: ORD KIND:
     SIZE: ENTSIZE;
     SYSUSE: ARRAY (.SYSINDX.) OF BOOLEAN;
     DATA: ENTDATA;
   END:
%PRINT ON
(* END %INCLUDE ENTBLK *)
```

```
(* %INCLUDE MASKIND. *)
(*----*)
                                                                                                *)
        FUNCTION
                                                                                                *)
                                                                                                *)
(*
        CONSTANT DECLARATIONS FOR MAS ENTITY TYPES
                                                                                                *)
(*
(*
      LANGUAGE
                                                                                                *)
(*
                                                                                                *)
     PASCAL
                                                                                                 *)
       PACKAGE
                                                                                                 *)
      CADD EMULATION PACKAGE
                                                                                                 *)
(*
      ARGUMENTS - NONE.
                                                                                                 *)
(*
                                                                                                 *)
(*
      COMMENTS
                                                                                                *)
(*
    1001 - 1480 ARE CADD ENTITY TYPES
                                                                                                *)
(* 1501 - 1508 ARE PDDI ENTITY TYPES (TOPOGRAPHICAL)
                                                                                                *)
(*
                                                                                                *)
(*----*)
(**)
CONST
    HEADER = 1000;

MAS_POINT = 1001;

MAS_LINE = 1002;

MAS_PLANE = 1003;

MAS_ARC = 1004;

MAS_CIRCLE = 1014;

MAS_PC_CURVE = 1005;

MAS_SPHERE = 1006;

MAS_CROSSHAIR = 1007;

MAS_CONIC = 1010;

MAS_ELLIPSE = 1020;
    MAS_LOFT_MAT = 1051;

MAS_LOFT_FUN = 1052;

MAS_LOFT_SPC = 1053;

MAS_LOFT_LPA = 1054;

MAS_LOFT_FAC = 1055;

MAS_LOFT_COF = 1056;
    MAS_PCPATCH = 1086;

MAS_BOUNDED_PLANE = 1087;

MAS_SURFACE = 1088;

MAS_GROUP = 1089;

= 1090;
                                 = 1090;
     MAS_TEXT
```

```
MAS_COORDINATE_DIM = 1180;
   MAS_CONVENTIONAL_DIM = 1280;
   MAS_ANGULAR_DIM = 1380;
   MAS_RADIUS_DIM
                      = 1480;
   MAS_VERTEX
                       = 1501;
   MAS_EDGE
                      = 1502;
   MAS_LOOP
                      = 1504;
   MAS_FACE
                      = 1505;
   MAS_SHELL
                      = 1507;
   MAS_OBJECT
                      = 1508;
   DELETE_OP
                       = 2010;
   REPLACE_OP
                       = 2020;
   CONNECT_OP
                      = 2030;
   DISCONNECT_OP = 2040;
   REPLACE_ATTRIBUTE_OP = 2050;
   PICK_ENTITY
                       = 2060;
(* END %INCLUDE MASKIND. *)
```

```
(*-----*)
(* (MASTYP) CONSTANTS AND TYPES USED IN THE MAS INTERFACE. *)
(*-----*)
%INCLUDE PRINTOFF
(* MAS VERSION 1
(* PACKAGE: NETWORK PACKAGE.
                                            *)
(**)
CONST
(**)
(* THE NUMBER OF ROUTINES IN MAS/SCHEMA/NDS.
(*----*)
(**)
  NUM_MAS_ROUTINES=71;
(*----*)
(* EACH INTERFACE ROUTINE MUST BE ASSOCIATED WITH A NUMBER FOR *)
(* STATISTICS GENERATION.
                                                *)
(**)
  MAEUD_ID=1;
  MAEGTK_ID=2;
  MAECR_ID=3;
  MADMP_ID=4;
  MAINIT_ID=5;
  MDMP_ID=6;
  MAL_ID=7;
  MALATC_ID=8;
  MALNO_ID=9;
  MALGTK_ID=10:
  MAEXEQ_ID=11;
  MALXEQ_ID=12;
  MALK_ID=13;
  MALFND_ID=14;
  MAEU_ID=15;
  MALD_ID=16;
  MALRDE_ID=17;
  MALCPY_ID=18;
  MAEC_ID=19;
  MAECI_ID=20;
  MAEUI_ID=21;
  MAESWT_ID=22;
  MAESVL_ID=23;
  MALKL_ID=24;
```

```
MAED_ID=25;
  MAEDT_ID=26;
  MALRMV_ID=27;
  MALOR_ID=28;
  MALRPL_ID=29;
  MALAND_ID=30;
  MALNOT_ID=31;
  MAEA_ID=32;
  MAEAI_ID=33;
  MALSTF_ID = 34;
  MALSTR_ID = 35;
  MALRD_ID = 36;
  MALDA_ID = 37;
   MALDI_ID = 38;
   MAEAV_ID = 39;
   MAKILL_ID = 40;
   MAEUIK_ID = 41;
   MAECIK_ID = 42;
   MALINS_ID = 43;
   MALREP_ID = 44;
   MAEDI_ID = 45;
   MAEDTI_ID = 46:
   MAECTK_ID = 47;
   MAEKND_ID = 48;
   MAKXEQ_ID = 49;
   MALN_ID = 50;
   MAESWA_ID = 51;
   MAEUSR_ID = 52;
   MAEGKN_ID = 53;
   MASMSZ_ID = 54;
   MALOCK_ID = 55;
   MAKCNT_ID = 56;
   MAQURY_ID = 57;
   MAUPDT_ID = 58;
   MIDBD_ID = 59;
   MIDBRV_ID = 60;
   MAERST_ID = 61;
   MARSGT_ID = 62;
   MARSCR_ID = 63;
   MALRVS_ID = 64;
   MAEDTS_ID = 65;
   MALSRT_ID = 66;
   MALROR_ID = 67;
   MAECXQ ID = 68;
   MAEUXQ_ID = 69;
   MAECMP_ID = 70;
   MAECQY_ID = 71;
(**)
```

```
(* THE EXTERNAL RETURN CODE INITIALIZATION AND OK VALUE.
(*_____*)
 NORMAL_RC=0;
(**)
       ·----×)
(* THE RANGE ON AN ENTITY.
                                    *)
(*----*)
(**)
  MIN ENT=0;
  MAX_ENT=65535;
(**)
(*----*)
(* THE EXTERNAL NIL POINTER VALUE.
(*----*)
(**)
  NIL_PNTR=0;
TYPE
  LINE=TEXT:
  PGMNAME=PACKED ARRAY(.1..8.) OF CHAR;
  ERRMSG=PACKED ARRAY(.1..25.) OF CHAR:
(*----*)
 EXT_RET_CODE=INTEGER;
(**)
CONST
(**)
(* NON-ERROR EXTERNAL RETURN CODE VALUE.
 OKRC=0;
(**)
(* MAXIMUM VALUE TO BE IN THE OVERFLOW REQUESTED SIZE ARRAY *)
(*-----*)
  MAX_OVRFLW=10;
(* COMMON AREA FOR FSTART AND FSTOP ID AND ON/OFF FLAG. *)
(*----*)
(**)
```

```
TYPE

COMMON = RECORD

ID_FIELD:INTEGER;

ID_FLAG:INTEGER;

ID_ERR_PGM:INTEGER;

ID_ERR_PGMNAME:PGMNAME;

ID_ERR_CODE:INTEGER;

ID_ERR_MESSAGE:ERRMSG;

OVRFLW_COUNT:INTEGER;

OVRFLW_ENTRY:ARRAY (.1..MAX_OVRFLW.) OF INTEGER;

END;

(**)

%PRINT ON
(* END %INCLUDE MASTYP *)
```

```
(* (NDSDCL) NETWORK DATA STRUCTURE TYPES AND CONSTANTS USED BOTH *)
(* BY BOTH INTERNAL NDS ROUTINES AND EXTERNAL APPICATIONS.
(*-----*)
%INCLUDE PRINTOFF
      MAS VERSION 2
PACKAGE: NETWORK PACKAGE.
(*
(*
     CHANGE CONTROL:
                                                              *)
      02/11/85 MAS VER 2 B. A. ULMER
                                                              *)
(*
     ADD CRBPNTR TO T_INT_ROOT
                                                              *)
     ADD MAX_RDB_SIZE
                                                              *)
     ADD INCREMENT VALUES FOR CONSTITUENT READ BLOCK
(*
                                                              *)
     ADD T_CNST_RDBLK AND CNST_RDB_ENTRY
                                                              *)
     ADD 2 NEW ERROR MESSAGES
                                                              *)
     ADD RDBEXIST TO T_INT_ITEM
                                                              *)
     DELETE ROOT FROM T_INT_ITEM
                                                              *)
     DELETE DIRLIST FROM T INT ITEM
                                                              *)
      04/23/85 MAS VER 2 E. D. SHREVE
                                                              *)
     ADD DELTFLG TO T_APPL_LIST TO MARK LISTS FOR NONDELETE.
                                                              *)
     ADD PROCESS FLAG (MAPROB) FOR INTERNAL MAS USAGE
                                                              *)
(*
     05/21/85 MAS VER 2 B. A. ULMER
                                                              *)
(*
     ADD NO_LIST_CREATED WARNING TO LIST OF WARNINGS
                                                              *)
      ADD INVALID_FLAG_NAME TO LIST OF ERRORS
(*
                                                              *)
(*
      06/13/85 MAS VER 2 B. A. ULMER
                                                              *)
      ADD NAMTYP FOR PARAMETER FOR MAQURY ANS MAUPDT
(*
                                                              *)
(*
      07/11/85 MAS VER 2 B. A. ULMER
                                                              *)
      ADD NUM_WARN AND NUM_ERROR FOR CHANGE TO CNVRR AND
                                                              *)
(*
         MSTATUS COMMON
                                                              *)
     10/24/85 MAS VER 2 B. A. ULMER
                                                              *)
      ADD RTS_NOT_IN_WORKING_FORM AND SIZE_NOT_LARGE_ENOUGH
                                                              *)
         TO LIST OF ERRORS
                                                              *)
(*
      03/12/86 MAS VER 2 E. D. SHREVE
                                                              *)
(*
      ADD MAPROB2 TO THE IIT FOR SORT DELETE ROUTINES
                                                              *)
(*
      03/21/86 MAS VER 2 B. A. ULMER
                                                              *)
      ADD CORE_NOT_AVAILABLE, NOT_ENOUGH_CORE_FOR_INIT, AND
(*
                                                              *)
      ABSOLUTELY_NO_MORE_CORE TO ERRORS FOR PROCESSING OF THE *)
(*·
      "OUT OF SPACE" CONDITION
                                                              *)
      04/22/86 MAS VER 2 B. A. ULMER
                                                              *)
      ADD NEW WARNING MESSAGE FOR MAEDTS - EMPTY_MARK_LIST
                                                              *)
(*
      AND CHANGED THE NUM_WARN TO 7
                                                              *)
      05/05/86 MAS VER 2 B. A. ULMER
                                                              *)
    ADD NEW WARNING CODES FOR HANDLING EMPTY OUTPUT LISTS
(*
*)
(*
     FOR MAEDTS AND ERROR CODES FOR MAINIT
*)
```

```
(*
                  MAS VERSION 3
*)
(*
             PACKAGE: NETWORK PACKAGE.
*)
(*
      06/17/86 MAS VER 3 B. A. ULMER
*)
      CHANGE STRUCTURE OF IIT FOR NEW DELETE RULES - ADD TYPE
(*
*)
       DEFINITIONS FOR THE SCHEMA INSTANCE COLLECTOR
(*
*)
      06/18/86 MAS VER 3 B. A. ULMER
(*
*)
      ADD NEW ERROR CODES FOR SETRULS ROUTINE - ADD MAX GROUP
(*
*)
      CONSTANT FOR THE INSTANCE COLLECTOR DEFINITION
(*
*)
      07/01/86 MAS VER 3 B. A. ULMER
(*
*)
(*
      CHANGE LSTNG - T_NDSGVM DUE TO NDS NAME CHANGE CONFLICTS
*)
      07/22/86 MAS VER 3 B. A. ULMER
(*
*)
(*
      CHANGE T_NDS_ERROR - ERROR CODE
*)
(*
            CANT_MARK_FOR_DELETE TO SCHEMA_ROOT_NIL - BUG FIX
*)
            CANT_MARK_FOR_DELETE TO SCHEMA_ROOT_NIL - BUG FIX
(*
*)
(*
      THAT DEALS WITH MAERST
*)
(**)
CONST
 (**)
 (* THE NUMBER OF CHARACTERS PER WORD IS MACHINE DEPENDENT. THE
 (* ASSUMPTION HAS BEEN MADE THAT AN INTEGRAL NUMBER OF CHARACTERS
                                                              *)
 (* WILL OVERLAY AN INTEGER.
                                                               *)
 (*
         IBM S/370 DEC VAX 11/780 CDC CYBER
*)
 (* CHARS_PER_WORD 4 4 10
                                                               *)
 (**)
    CHARS_PER_WORD = 4;
 (*----*)
 (* THE MAXIMUM SIZE OF KIND IS THE MAXIMUM INTEGER.
 (**)
```

```
MAX_ENT_KIND = MAXINT;
(**)
(*----
(* LIST INCREMENTS ARE USED TO CONTROL THE MEMORY VS SPEED
(* TRADEOFF FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF THEIR CORRESPONDING LIST TYPES.
(* THEIR VALUE CORRESPONDS TO THE NUMBER OF ENTITIES ADDED TO THE *)
(* LIST EACH TIME GROWTH IS REQUIRED AND THE NUMBER OF ENTITIES *)
(* REMOVED WHEN LIST COMPRESSION IS APPLICABLE.
                                                            *)
(*----*)
(**)
   APPL LIST INCR = 10;
   ITEM_LIST_INCR = 24;
   USER_LIST_INCR = 2;
   CNST_LIST_INCR = 2;
   LIST_OF_ROOTS_INCR = 10;
   LIST_OF_LISTS_INCR = 20;
   STACK_OF_LISTS_INCR = 20;
   INST_COL_CNST_INCR = 200;
   LRG_LIST_INCR_1 = 20;
   LRG LIST_INCR 2 = 100:
   LRG_LIST_INCR_3 = 200;
                        (* IF LIST PROCESSING CHANGED. *)
(**)
(* MAXIMUM NUMBER OF DIFFERENT KIND OF CONNECTIVE RELATIONSHIP AN *)
(* ENTITY CAN HAVE WITH ITS CONSTITUENTS 6/18/86*)
(**)
   MAX_GROUP = 8;
(**)
(* RECORD LENGTH FOR AN ENTRY IN THE CRB
                                                       BAU*)
BAU*)
(* CONSTITUENT READ BLOCK INCREMENT FOR EXPANSION/COMPRESSION
(*----*)
(**)
   CRB_REC_LEN = 12;
   CNST RDBLK INCR = 4;
(**)
(* DUE TO THE IBM/370 24 BIT ADDRESSING LIMIT, THE MAXIMUM SIZE *)
(* OF A ENTBLOCK IS 16777215 BYTES.
(**)
   MAX_ENT_SIZE = 800000; (*16777215
MAX_ENT_WORDS = 200000; (* 4194301
                                                 40*)
                                               10*)
(**)
```

```
(* TO FORCE VARIABLES TO A HALFWORD OF STORAGE BAU*)
(*----*)
  MAX_RDB_SIZE = 65535;
(**)
(* EACH ENTRY IN A LIST OCCUPIES ONE WORD. THE LIST ITSELF CONTAINS *)
(* 1 WORD OF OVERHEAD. THE NUMBER OF ENTITIES IN A LIST ARE LIMITED *)
(* TO THE NUMBER OF WORDS ADDRESSABLE - 1 OR (2**22)-1.
(*----*)
  MAX_LIST_SIZE = 4194302;
(**)
%PAGE
TYPE
   SIGNED_INT2 = PACKED -32768..32767;
   UNSIGNED_INT2 = PACKED 0..65535;
   NATURAL2 = PACKED 1..65535;
(**)
  RDBSIZE = PACKED O..MAX_RDB_SIZE;
                                                  (* BAU *)
(**)
(* THE ORDER TYPE IS USED FOR THE RESULT OF THE APPLICATION DEFINED *)
(* ORDER FUNCTION. THIS FUNCTION IS USED AS INPUT BY THE PROCEDURES *)
(* THAT SORT LISTS.
(**)
   T_ORDER = (N_LESS, N_EQUAL, N_GREATER);
   ORD_KIND = 0..MAX_ENT_KIND;
(**)
CONST
(* KIND OF NIL_KIND INDICATES ENTBLOCK HAS BEEN DELETED. *)
(**)
  NIL_KIND = 0;
(**)
(* NUMBER OF WARNINGS AND ERRORS
                                        BAU 7/11/85*)
(**)
   NUM WARN = -10;
   NUM_ERROR = 43;
(**)
```

```
%PAGE
TYPE
(*----*)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                         *)
 (* INTERNAL RETURN CODES.
 (**)
             T_NDS_ERROR =
              BAD_ENT_KIND,
INVALID_CREATE,
CANT_CREATE ITST
             (OK,
                                                                                            (* 0 *)
                                                                                             (* 1 *)
                                                                                          (* 2 *)
(* 3 *)
(* 4 *)
(* 5 *)
(* 6 *)
                MAS_INIT_FAILED,
                INVALID_UPDATE,
                CANT_UPDATE_ENT,
                CANT_CREATE_ENT,
                                                                                             (* 7 *)
               CANT_VERIFY_CONNECT, (* 8 *)
INVALID_CONNECTION, (* 9 *)
CANT_CONNECT, (* 10 *)
            INVALID_CONNECTION, (* 9 *)

CANT_CONNECT, (* 10 *)

ABSENT_INPUT, (* 11 *)

INVALID_GET, (* 12 *)

NDS_OP_COMPLETE, (* 13 *)

BAD_LIST_POSITION, (* 14 *)

MAXIMUM_LIST_SIZE, (* 15 *)

BAD_LIST_MOVE_COUNT, (* 16 *)

BAD_LIST_REFERENCE, (* 17 *)

BAD_ENT_KEY, (* 18 *)

DUPLICATE_SCH, (* 19 *)

DUMP_ERROR, (* 20 *)

BAD_ENT_SIZE, (* 21 *)

BAD_SCH_KIND, (* 22 *)

PROC_CODE_ERROR, (* 23 *)

PROC_OUT_OF_RANGE, (* 24 *)

NO_MATCH_FOUND, (* 25 *)

DUPS_NOT_REMOVED, (* 26 *)

INVALID_DELETE, (* 27 *)

BAD_ENTITY_ON_USER_LIST, (* 28 *)

BAD_DELETE_KEY, (* 29 *)

EMPTY_MODEL, (* 30 *)

ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE, (* 31 *)

INVALID_CRB_POSITION, (* 32 *)

CRB_ENTRY_NOT_FOUND, (* 33 *)

INVALID_FLAG_NAME, (* 34 *)

SCHEMA_ROOT_NIL, (* 35 *)

SIZE_NOT_LARGE_ENOUGH, (* 36 *)

RTS_NOT_IN_WORKING_FORM, (* 37 *)

CORE_NOT_AVAILABLE, (* 38 *)
               CORE_NOT_AVAILABLE,
                                                                              (* 38 *)
```

```
NOT ENOUGH_CORE_FOR_INIT, (* 39 *)
    ABSOLUTELY_NO_MORE_CORE, (* 40 *)
    MAINIT_ALREADY_DONE, (* 41 *)
RULE_DOES_NOT_MATCH, (* 42 *)
    ENTITY_NOT_FOUND_LIST );(* 43 *)
(**)
    T_NDS_WARNING =
                               (* 0 *)
    (OKW.
                               (* 1 *)
     NO SUCH SCH,
    PROC_WARNING_CODE, (* 2 *)
EMPTY_DELETE_LIST, (* 3 *)
EMPTY_EXCEPTION_LIST, (* 4 *)
END_OF_LIST
    NO_LIST_CREATED,
EMPTY_MARK_LIST,
EMPTY_MARK_
                               (* 5 *)
                              (* 6 *)
     EMPTY_MARK_LIST, (* 7 *)
EMPTY_MARK_N_EXCEPTION, (* 8 *)
EMPTY_DELETE **
     EMPTY_DELETE_N_EXCEPTION.(* 9 *)
     EMPTY_MARK_N_DELETE); (* 10 *)
(**)
    RETURN_CODE = RECORD
    ERROR : T_NDS ERROR:
    WARNING: T_NDS WARNING:
   END;
(**)
    RET REC
               = RECORD
    RC
            : RETURN_CODE; ROUT_NAME : STRING(8);
(* NEW DELETE AND COMPRESS RULE STRUCTURES
(*-----*)
(**)
    T_RULE_ELMNTS = (COMPRESS, DELETE, USER_DELETE, CNST_DELETE);
    T_RULE = SET OF T_RULE_ELMNTS;
(**)
    T GROUP = RECORD
      LAST_CNST : RDBSIZE;
      RULE : T_RULE:
    END:
(**)
    T_GROUP_ARRAY = ARRAY (.1..MAX_GROUP.) OF T_GROUP;
(**)
(* ENTITIES ARE DYNAMIC OBJECTS REFERENCED BY APPLICATION KEYS *)
(* AND WHICH CAN BE REFERENCED BY LISTS.
(**)
```

```
ENTITIES = (NIL ENT, INT ROOT, INT ITEM, APPL LIST);
(**)
(*----*)
(* LIST POINTERS ARE USED TO CONNECT ENTITIES TO SYSTEM LISTS. *)
(* A SYSTEM LIST CAN NEVER BE CONNECTED TO MORE THAN ONE ENTITY. *)
(*----*)
  LISTPNTR = @T_SYS_LIST;
(**)
(* THE SYSTEM LIST POSITION INDICATES RELATIVE POSITION WITHIN A *)
(* SYSTEMS LIST. IT IS NOT A COMPONENT WITH THE SYSTEM LIST TYPE *)
(* BECAUSE ONLY SYSTEM LISTS CONNECTED TO APPLICATION LIST
                                             *)
(* ENTITIES HAVE AN ASSOCIATED POSITION.
                                             *)
(**)
  LISTPSTN = 0..MAX_LIST_SIZE;
(**)
(*----*)
(* ALLOWABLE SIZE OF SYSTEMS LISTS.
(**)
  LISTSIZE = 0..MAX LIST SIZE;
(* LIST INDEX FOR INDEXING INTO SYSTEM LISTS.
  LISTINDX = 1..MAX_LIST_SIZE;
(*----*)
(* POINTER TO A T_ENTITY IN THE NETWORK DATA STRUCTURE.
                                              *)
(*----
(**)
  T_KEY = QT_ENTITY:
  ENTKEY = RECORD
  P : T KEY;
  END;
(**)
(* SIZE OF USER ENTITY DATA IN WORDS. *)
(*----*)
                                              *)
(**)
  ENTSIZE = 0..MAX_ENT_SIZE;
(**)
```

```
(* SIZE OF APPLICATION DATA IN CHARACTERS.
                                            *)
(* SIZE OF APPLICATION DATA IN CHARACTERS. *)
 ENTCHARSIZE = 0..MAX_ENT_SIZE;
(**)
(* MACHINE DEPENDENT INDEX TYPE FOR MOVING USER DATA AS CHARACTER *)
(* ARRAYS.
  ENTCHARINDX = 1..MAX ENT_SIZE;
(**)
(*----*)
(* MACHINE DEPENDENT INDEX TYPE FOR MOVING USER DATA AS WORDS IN *)
(* SYSTEMS FORMAT.
                                            *)
  ENTINDX = 1..MAX ENT WORDS;
(**)
(*-----*)
(* USER DATA CAN BE VIEWED AS ARRAY OF CHARACTERS OR INTEGERS.
                                           *)
(* POINTER TO DYNAMICALLY ALLOCATED SYSTEM DATA STORAGE AREAS.
                                            *)
  ENTPNTR = @ENTBLOCK:
%PAGE
(**)
(*----*)
(* NDS DYNAMIC OBJECTS.
                                            *)
(*-----*)
(**)
TYPE
(**)
(* POINTER TO CONSTITUENT READ BLOCK
  CRBPNTR = @T_CNST_RDBLK;
(**)
(*-----*)
(* EACH NDS HAS ONE AND ONLY ONE INTERNAL ROOT.
(*----*)
(**)
```

```
T_INT_ROOT = RECORD
   ROOT : ENTKEY;
   SCH ROOT : ENTKEY:
   CNST_RDBLK : CRBPNTR;
(**)
(*----*)
(* DIRECTED LIST TYPE FOR MAINTAINING DIRECTION AND POSITION IN LISTS*)
(*----*)
(**)
   LISTDIR = (FORWARD, REVERSE);
(**)
  DIRLST = RECORD
LIST : LISTPNTR;
   POSITION : LISTPSTN;
   DIRECTION : LISTDIR;
   END:
(**)
(*-----*)
(* CONSTITUENT READ BLOCK FOR MAINTAINING "POSITION" AND "DIRECTION" *)
(* IN CONSTITUENT LISTS BAU*)
(**)
   CNST_RDB_ENTRY = RECORD
   ENT : ENTKEY:
   POSITION : LISTPSTN;
   DIRECTION : LISTDIR:
   END;
(**)
   T_CNST_RDBLK = RECORD
   SIZE : RDBSIZE;
CRBLNG : RDBSIZE;
   CNST_RDBLK_ARY : ARRAY(.RDBSIZE.) OF CNST_RDB_ENTTY;
   END:
(**)
(* EACH NDS HAS ONE INTERNAL ITEM FOR EACH ENTBLOCK.
(*-----*)
(* T_INT_ITEM = RECORD
   RDBEXIST : BOOLEAN;
   MAPROB : BOOLEAN; ADDED 04/23/85 - MAS PROCESS FLAG
MAPROB2 : BOOLEAN; ADDED 12/03/85 - FOR DELETE EDS
   USERS : LISTPNTR;
   CNSTS
         : LISTPNTR;
   ENPTR : ENTPNTR;
   END;
                        *)
(**)
```

```
T_INT_ITEM = RECORD
   RDBEXIST : BOOLEAN;
   MAPROB : BOOLEAN; (* ADDED 04/23/85 - MAS PROCESS FLAG *)
MAPROB2 : BOOLEAN; (* ADDED 12/03/85 - FOR DELETE EDS *)
   COLL_ADB : ENTPNTR; (* ADDED 06/17/86 - FOR DELETE AND *)
                                    AND COMPRESS BAU *)
   USERS : LISTPNTR;
CNSTS : LISTPNTR;
   ENPTR : ENTPNTR:
   END;
(**)
(* THE APPLICATION LIST IS NOT PART OF THE NDS. THERE IS ONE
(* APPLICATION LIST FOR EACH LIST CREATED BY AN APPLICATION.
                                                                  *)
(* SOME NDS UTILITIES ALSO CREATE APPLICATION LISTS.
(**)
   DELFLG = (DEL, NODEL); (* ADDED 4/23/85 *)
(**)
   T_APPL LIST = RECORD
   LIST : LISTPNTR;
    POSITION : LISTPSTN;
   DIRECTION : LISTDIR;
   DELTFLG : DELFLG; (* ADDED 4/23/85 *)
   END;
(**)
    T_ENTITY = RECORD
    FORM : ENTITIES;
    CASE ENTITIES OF
       NIL_ENT : ();
       INT_ROOT : (IRT : T_INT_ROOT);
       INT_ITEM : (IIT : T_INT_ITEM);
       APPL_LIST : (APL : T_APPL_LIST);
   END:
(**)
(* THE SYSTEM LIST IS A VARIABLE LENGTH DYNAMICALLY ALLOCATED *)
                                                                  *)
(* STRUCTURE CONTAINING A LIST OF ENTITY REFERENCES
(*_____
(**)
   T_SYS_LIST = RECORD
    SIZE : LISTSIZE:
   LSTLNM : LISTSIZE;
   LIST : ARRAY(.LISTINDX.) OF ENTKEY;
    END:
%PAGE
(**)
```

```
(*____*)
(* USER OBJECTS
(**)
TYPE
  ENTRANGE = RECORD
  LOW : ORD KIND:
  HIGH : ORD_KIND;
  END;
(**)
  NDS = RECORD
  KEY : ENTKEY;
  END;
(**)
  LISTKEY = RECORD
  P : T_KEY;
  END;
(**)
  ANYKEY = RECORD
  CASE INTEGER OF
     0 : (ENTK : ENTKEY);
     1 : (LSTK : LISTKEY);
  END:
%PAGE
TYPE
(*-----*)
(* GLOBAL VARIABLE RECORD
(*-----*)
(**)
  T_NDSGVM
              = RECORD
  LIST_OF_ROOTS : LISTPNTR;
  STACK_OF_LISTS : LISTPNTR; (* MAY NOT BE NEEDED IN FUTURE *)
                   (* IF LIST PROCESSING CHANGED. *)
  MODEL_HEAP : T_KEY;
  END;
(*----*)
  NAMTYP = PACKED ARRAY (.1..6.) OF CHAR;
(* END %INCLUDE NDSDCL *)
```

```
(* $PCMGT - INCLUDE FILE TO DEFINE TYPES FOR SPACE MANAGEMENT PROCS
                                                      *)
(***********************************
%PRINT OFF
CONST
  XCB\_SIZE = 8;
  CB_SIZE = 16;
TYPE
  XCBP
       =  excb;
  $CBP
       =  6 CB;
  XCB
       = RECORD
               XCBP;
       FREE:
       SIZE:
               INTEGER:
      END;
  $CB
       = RECORD
        NEXT:
                $CBP;
       BIGGEST: INTEGER;
       FIRST:
               XCB;
      END;
  MEMCONV$ = RECORD
      CASE INTEGER OF
      0: (I: INTEGER);
      1: ($: $CBP);
      2: (X: XCBP);
      END;
  T_{pcmgr} = RECORD
       SIZE: INTEGER;
       PTR:
             $CBP;
      END;
```

%PRINT ON

```
(**********************
(* PCMGT - INCLUDE FILE TO DEFINE TYPES FOR SPACE MANAGEMENT PROCS
                                                       *)
%PRINT OFF
CONST
  XCB\_SIZE = 8;
  CB_SIZE = 16;
  OSIZE = 32368; (* 16184 32368)
                                 8092 *)
TYPE
  XCBP
       = excb;
  $CBP
       =  0 CB;
  XCB
        = RECORD
        FREE:
                XCBP;
        SIZE:
                INTEGER:
      END:
  $CB
        = RECORD
        NEXT:
                $CBP;
        BIGGEST: INTEGER;
        FIRST:
                XCB;
      END;
  MEMCONV$ = RECORD
      CASE INTEGER OF
      O: (I: INTEGER);
      1: ($: $CBP);
2: (X: XCBP);
      END;
  T_{pcmgr} = Record
        SIZE:
                INTEGER:
        PTR:
                $CBP:
        OVERFLOW: $CBP;
        OFLAG:
               BOOLEAN:
      END;
```

%PRINT ON

```
(* (SCHDCL) NETWORK DATA STRUCTURE SCHEMA TYPES AND CONSTANTS *)
(*----*)
%INCLUDE PRINTOFF
(* MAS VERSION 1
(* NDS SCHEMA OBJECTS
(* PACKAGE: SCHEMA PACKAGE.
                                                    *)
                                                    *)
(*-----*)
(**)
%INCLUDE NDSDCL
%INCLUDE SCHTYP
(* USER DATA CAN BE VIEWED AS ARRAY OF CHARACTERS OR INTEGERS. *)
(*-----*)
   ENTDATA=RECORD
    CASE INTEGER OF
   O:(CHARS:PACKED ARRAY(.ENTCHARINDX.) OF CHAR);
   1:(INTS:ARRAY(.ENTINDX.) OF INTEGER); 2:(SCH_ROOTS:T_SCH_ROOT_ENT);
   3:(SCH_INSTS:T_SCH_INST_ENT);
   4:(SCH_CLS:T_SCH_CLS_ENT);
    END (* ENTDATA *);
%INCLUDE ENTBLK;
(**)
%PRINT ON
(* END %INCLUDE SCHDCL *)
```

```
(* (SCHTYP) NETWORK DATA STRUCTURE SCHEMA TYPES AND CONSTANTS *)
(*-----*)
%INCLUDE PRINTOFF
             MAS VERSION 1
          NDS SCHEMA OBJECTS
                                                   *)
          PACKAGE: SCHEMA PACKAGE.
                                                   *)
              MAS VERSION 2
                                                  *)
           NDS SCHEMA OBJECTS
                                                   *)
          PACKAGE: SCHEMA PACKAGE.
                                                   *)
  CHANGED: B. A. ULMER (LJB)
                                DATE: 09/04/85
                                                  *)
  REASON: ADD TWO NEW DELETE RULES (REQUIRES USER(S) TO EXIST-
(*
  REQUIRES CONSTITUENT(S) TO EXIST)
                                                  *)
              MAS VERSION 3
                                                   *)
            NDS SCHEMA OBJECTS
                                                  *)
(*
          PACKAGE: SCHEMA PACKAGE.
                                                  *)
                                                  *)
                                DATE: 06/18/86
(* CHANGED: B. A. ULMER
(* REASON: CHANGE STRUCTURE OF THE SCHEMA INSTANCE COLLECTOR SO AS *)
  HANDLE NEW DELETE AND COMPRESS RULES
(**)
CONST
(*-----*)
(* THE SCHEMA FAST ARRAY MUST HAVE A FIXED NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN
                                                 *)
(* PASCAL.
(**)
  MAX_SCH_FST_SIZE = 1;
(**)
TYPE
(*-----*)
(* THE SCHEMA KIND IS ASSIGNED THE ORDINAL OF A SCALAR IN SCH KIND. *)
(*-----*)
(**)
  SCH_KIND=(NIL_SCH,SCH_ROOT,SCH_INST,SCH_CLASS);
(**)
(*-----*)
(* THE SCHEMA FAST INDEX IS USED FOR INDEXING INTO THE SCHEMA FAST *)
(* ACCESS LIST.
                                                  *)
  SCH_FST_INDX = 1..MAX_SCH_FST_SIZE;
(**)
```

```
(* THE SCHEMA ROOT IS AN INTERNAL ITEM IN ENTITY FORMAT CONTAINING *)
(* 'USER' DATA REQUIRED TO SEARCH THE ENTITIES IN THE MODEL BY KIND. *)
(*-----*)
(**)
                _____*)
(* T_SCH_PSTN ALLOWS SEQUENTIAL STYLE ACCESS OF ENTIRE SCHEMA IN THE *)
(* SAME MANNER AS SEQUENTIAL READ OF AN APPLICATIONS LIST. CONTAINS *)
(* POSITION OF CURRENT SCHEMA INSTANCE ENTITY WITHIN SCHEMA AND *)
                                                      *)
(* POSITION OF CURRENT ENTITY WITHIN SCHEMA INSTANCE ENTITY.
(*----*)
(**)
   T_SCH_PSTN = RECORD
   SCH_PSTN : LISTPSTN;
   ENT_PSTN : LISTPSTN;
   END (* T SCH PSTN *):
(**)
(* ARRAY_SIZES IN THE SCHEMA_ROOT DEFINE THE AREA OCCUPIED BY THE *)
(* FAST AND STANDARD ARRAYS AND THE PORTION OF THAT AREA CONTAINING *)
                                                  *)
(* VALID DATA.
(*----
(**)
   T SCH ARY SIZES = RECORD
   FST_ARY_LEN : LISTSIZE:
   FST_ARY_USED_LEN : LISTSIZE;
   STD_ARY_LEN : LISTSIZE;
   STD_ARY USED LEN : LISTSIZE:
   END (* T_SCH_ARY_SIZES *);
(* THE FAST ARRAY IS USED FOR A PARTIAL SEARCH FOR THOSE KINDS *)
(* DETERMINED TO BE ACCESSED MORE OFTEN THAN THE USUAL CASE.
                                                     *)
(*-----*)
(**)
   T_SCH_FST_ENTRY = RECORD
   KIND : ORD_KIND;
  STD_INDX : LISTINDX;
   END (* T_SCH_FST_ENTRY *);
   T_SCH_FST_ARY = ARRAY (.SCH_FST_INDX.) OF T_SCH_FST_ENTRY;
(**)
(*----
(* THE STANDARD ARRAY CONTAINS EACH KIND IN THE SAME SEQUENCE AS ITS *)
(* CORRESPONDING SCHEMA APPEARS IN THE CONSTITUENT LIST OF THE *)
                                                      *)
(* SCHEMA_ROOT.
(**)
```

```
T_SCH_STD_ENTRY = RECORD
   KIND : ORD_KIND;
   END (* T_SCH_STD_ENTRY *);
   T_SCH_STD_ARY = ARRAY (.LISTINDX.) OF T_SCH_STD_ENTRY;
(**)
(*----*)
(* THE SCHEMA_ROOT_ENT MAY BE HANDLED AS ANY OTHER ENTDATA BY *)
                                                        *)
(* ROUTINES USING THE STANDARD DEFINITION OF ENTDATA.
(*-----*)
(**)
   T_SCH_ROOT_ENT = RECORD
   POSITION : T_SCH_PSTN;
   ARY_SIZES : T_SCH_ARY_SIZES;
   FST_ARY : T_SCH_FST_ARY;
   STD_ARY : T_SCH_STD_ARY;
   END (* T_SCH_ROOT_ENT *);
   SCHRPNTR = @T_SCH_ROOT_ENT;
(**)
(*----
(* THE SCHEMA_INST_ENT MAY BE HANDLED AS ANY OTHER ENTDATA BY *)
(* ROUTINES USING THE STANDARD DEFINITION OF ENTDATA.
(*-----*)
(*
   T_SCH_INST_ENT = RECORD
   KIND : ORD KIND:
   POSITION : LISTPSTN;
   RULE_DEP : BOOLEAN;
   RULE_STRNGTH : BOOLEAN;
   RULE_REQ_USER : BOOLEAN;
                                                LJB BAU
   RULE_REQ_CNST : BOOLEAN;
                                                LJB BAU
   END; T_SCH_INST_ENT
   SCHIPNTR = QT_SCH_INST_ENT;
                               *)
   T_SCH_INST_ENT = RECORD
   KIND : ORD_KIND;
   POSITION : LISTPSTN;
   NUM_GROUP : LISTPSTN;
   MIN_CNST : LISTPSTN;
   GROUP : T_GROUP_ARRAY;
   END (* T_SCH_INST_ENT *);
   SCHIPNTR = @T_SCH_INST_ENT;
(**)
(* THE SCHEMA_CLS_ENT MAY BE HANDLED AS ANY OTHER ENTDATA BY *)
(* ROUTINES USING THE STANDARD DEFINITION OF ENTDATA.
(**)
```

```
T_SCH_CLS_ENT = RECORD
   POSITION : LISTPSTN;
   KIND : ORD_KIND;
   END (* T_SCH_CLS_ENT *);
   SCHCPNTR = @T_SCH_CLS_ENT;
(**)
CONST
(**)
   SCH_IN_MIN_SIZE = SIZEOF (T_SCH_INST_ENT);
   SCH_CL_MIN_SIZE = SIZEOF (T_SCH_CLS_ENT);
(**)
(*----
(* THE SCHEMA ROOT CONTAINS A USER DATA BLOCK WHOSE SIZE DEPENDS
(* UPON THE NUMBER OF KINDS MODELED IN THE CURRENT SCHEMA. ITS
                                                                *)
(* MINIMUM SIZE IS THE SIZE OF THE STATIC FIELDS PLUS THE MINUMUM
                                                                *)
(* SIZE OF EACH DYNAMIC FIELD. ITS MAXIMUM SIZE IS THE SIZE OF THE *)
(* STATIC FIELDS PLUS THE MAXIMUM SIZE OF EACH DYNMAIC FIELD
                                                               *)
(*---
      ----*)
(**)
   SCH_RT_MIN_SIZE=SIZEOF(T SCH ROOT ENT)-SIZEOF(T SCH STD ARY);
   SCH RT MAX SIZE=SIZEOF(T SCH ROOT ENT);
(**)
(* MAX NUMBER OF T_SCH_INST_ENT THAT A T_SCH_CLASS_ENT CAN COLLECT *)
CONST
  MAX_NUM_KIND=50:
TYPE
  KIND_ARRAY=ARRAY(.1..MAX_NUM_KIND.) OF ORD_KIND;
%PRINT ON
(* END %INCLUDE SCHTYP *)
```

3.6.3 Name/Value Interface Data Dictionary

This section provides the data structures for the Name/Value Interface (N/VI). The following index provides an alphabetical list of the entities.

DDTYPE - Data Dictionary constants and types

NVITYP - N/VI constants and types

RTSTYP - Run-Time Subschema constants and types

```
(* (DDTYP) DATA DICTIONARY CONSTANTS AND TYPES *************************
(*
                                                                     *)
(*
     $CHANGE CONTROL:
                                                                     *)
                   : 15 MAY 1987, M. H. CHOI, DBMA
(*
                                                                     *)
         REVISED
(*
                     ADDED T_ADB_RECORD AND T_CL_RECORD TO RETURN
                                                                     *)
(*
                     THE DEFINITIONS IN PHYSICAL SCHEMA ORDER
                                                                     *)
         ORIGINATED: 19 MARCH 1987, M. H. CHOI, DBMA
                                                                     *)
(*
                                                                     *)
(************************
CONST
                       = 'X';
    CONTINUATION_FLAG
                       = 'P';
    PHYSICAL_ORDER
   MAX_ARRAY_REC
                       = 100:
(* RETURN CODE VALUES:
                                                                     *)
   KIND_NOT_IN_DATA_DICTIONARY = 1;
    ACTUAL_SIZE_GT_SPACE_AVAIL = -1;
(*
                                                                     *)
TYPE
    T_ENTITY_NAME = PACKED ARRAY (. 1..32 .) OF CHAR;
(*
                                                                     *)
   T_INX_RECORD = FACKED ARRAY (. 1..80 .) OF CHAR;
(*
                                                                     *)
    T_USER_ARRAY = ARRAY (. 1..100 .) OF
        PACKED ARRAY (. 1..80 .) OF CHAR;
(*
                                                                     *)
    T BOUNDS = RECORD
      LBOUND : PACKED ARRAY (. 1..4 .) OF CHAR;
      UBOUND: PACKED ARRAY (. 1..4.) OF CHAR;
      END;
(*
                                                                     *)
    T_ADB_RECORD = RECORD
                ADB KEY
                           : INTEGER;
                POSITION
                           : INTEGER;
                NO_OF_REC : INTEGER;
                END;
(*
                                                                     *)
    T_CL_RECORD = RECORD
                           : INTEGER;
                 POSITION
                 NO_OF_REC : INTEGER;
                END;
(*
                                                                     *)
    T_VARIANT_RECORD = RECORD
     CASE INTEGER OF
       O : ( BASIC_RECORD
                          : PACKED ARRAY (. 1..80 .) OF CHAR );
                           : ARRAY (. 1..9 .) OF T_BOUNDS );
       1 : ( BOUNDS
       2 : ( C_FLAG
                           : CHAR;
            NO_OF_KINDS
                          : PACKED ARRAY (. 1..2 .) OF CHAR;
```

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	KINDS	: ARRAY (. 112 .) OF	
		PACKED ARRAY (. 16 .) OF CHAR);	
	3 : (E_FLAG	: CHAR;	
	NO_OF_VALUES	: PACKED ARRAY (. 12 .) OF CHAR;	
	VALUES	: ARRAY (. 14 .) OF	
		PACKED ARRAY (. 117 .) OF CHAR);	
	END;		
(*		·	*)
	$T_ADB_ARRAY = ARRAY$ (. 1MAX_ARRAY_REC .) OF T_ADB_RECORD;	
(*			*)
	$T_CL_ARRAY = ARRAY$ (.	1MAX_ARRAY_REC .) OF T_CL_RECORD;	
(*			*)
	T_FILE_VARIANT = FILE	OF T_VARIANT_RECORD;	
(*			*)
	T_INX_FILE = FILE OF	T_INX_RECORD;	
(*			*)
/ *	FND SINCILIDE DDTVD ****	********	*** \

```
(* (NVITYP) NAME/VALUE INTERFACE CONSTANTS AND TYPES *******************
(*
(*
    $CHANGE CONTROL:
                                                                   *)
(*
         REVISED: 11 MARCH 1988, M. H. CHOI, DBMA
                                                                   *)
                  ADDED DIMEN_COUNT TO T_DATAREC
                                                                   *)
                  DELETED NO_OF_DIMENSION FROM T_DATAREC
                                                                   *)
                  ADDED NO_OF_DIMEN TO T_NAME_FRAME
                                                                   *)
         REVISED: 15 JULY 1987, M. H. CHOI, DBMA
                                                                   *)
                                                                   *)
                 ADDED COMPARISON VALUES
         REVISED: 16 SEPTEMBER 1986, M. H. CHOI, DBMA
                                                                   *)
                  CHANGED STRUCTURE OF THE SCHEMA INSTANCE COLLECTOR *)
                  BECAUSE STRUCTURE CHANGED IN MAS TO HANDLE NEW
                  DELETE AND COMPRESS RULES
                                                                   *)
         REVISED: 12 SEPTEMBER 1986, M. H. CHOI, DBMA
                                                                   *)
                  ADDED FIELD TO T_INT_ITEM FOR THE COLL_ADB AND
                  MAPROB2 BECAUSE T_INT_ITEM STRUCTURE CHANGED IN MAS*)
(*
(*
         REVISED: 04 JUNE 1986, M. H. CHOI, DBMA
                                                                   *)
                  ADDED RETURN CODE VALUES FOR FAILED_IN_MAL AND
                                                                   *)
(*
                  FAILURE.
                                                                   *)
(*
         ORIGINATED: 13 MAY 1986, G. A. WHITE, DBMA
                                                                   *)
                                                                   *)
CONST
(* ARBITRARY SIZE PARAMETERS:
                                                                   * )
   MAX\_ARRAY = 100;
   MAX_ATTRIBUTE_NAME = 1000;
   MAX_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE = 1000;
   MAX CHARS
              = 1000:
   MAX_FIXED_STRING = 132;
   MAX_GROUP
               = 8;
   MAX_LIST
                    = 4000000;
   MAX_RDB_SIZE
                   = 65535;
   MAX WORDS
                    = MAX_CHARS DIV 4;
   SCHEMA_NAME_SIZE = 16;
(* RETURN CODE VALUES:
   INVALID_ARRAY_ENTITY = 7;
   INVALID_SCALAR_VALUE = 6;
   FAILED_IN_MAL = 5:
   FAILED_IN_MAEXEQ = 4;
   NIL\_ENTITY\_KEY = 3;
   ATTRIBUTE_NOT_IN_ENTITY = 2;
   KIND_NOT_IN_RUNTIME_SUBSCHEMA = 1;
   SUCCESS
                    = 0;
   WARNING
                    = -1:
   FAILURE
                    = -2;
(* COMPARISON VALUES:
                                                                   *)
```

```
EQ = 1;
   LT = 2:
   GT = 3:
   NE = 4:
   LE = 5:
   GE = 6;
(* ATTRIBUTE NAME STRING DELIMITERS:
                                                                      *)
   END_OF_SEGMENT = '.';
   END_OF_STRING = '00'XC;
(* DIMENSION VALUE DELIMITERS:
                                                                      *)
    BEGIN OF ARRAY = '(':
   END_OF_ARRAY = ')';
TYPE
   T_ATTRIBUTE_NAME = ARRAY(. 1..MAX_ATTRIBUTE_NAME .) OF CHAR;
                    = ARRAY(. 1..MAX_ARRAY .) OF INTEGER;
   T_DIMEN_VALUE
                    = PACKED ARRAY(. 1..8 .) OF CHAR;
   T DISPLAY WORD
   T FIXED STRING
                    = PACKED ARRAY(. 1..MAX_FIXED_STRING .) OF CHAR;
   T HEX_BYTE
                    = PACKED 0..255;
   T HEX WORD
                    = ARRAY(. 1..4 .) OF T_HEX_BYTE;
   T Word
                    = ARRAY(. 1..4 .) OF Char;
                    = (IN_ADB, IN_CL, IN_ENUMERATION, IN_STRUCTURE);
   T_LOCATION
    T_SCHEMA_NAME
                    = PACKED ARRAY (. 1..SCHEMA_NAME_SIZE .) OF CHAR;
   T SELECTOR
                   = PACKED 0..º;
    T INTEGER 1
                    = PACKED -128..127;
    T_INTEGER_2
                    = PACKED -32768..32767;
                    = ARRAY(. 1..MAX_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE .) OF CHAR;
    T VALUE
   T_Array_Value = ARRAY(. 1..MAX_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE .) OF T_Word;
(*
                                                                      *)
    ROUTINE = PACKED ARRAY(. 1..8 .) OF CHAR;
(*
                                                                      *)
   ENTDATA = RECORD
       CASE INTEGER OF
          O: ( CHARS: PACKED ARRAY(. 1..MAX_CHARS.) OF CHAR);
          1 : ( WORDS : ARRAY(. 1..MAX_WORDS .) OF T_HEX_WORD );
         END;
(*
                                                                      *)
   EXT_RET_CODE = INTEGER;
                                                                      *)
   LISTINDX = 0..MAX_LIST;
                                                                      *)
(*
   LISTPSTN = 0..MAX_LIST;
(*
                                                                      *)
   LISTSIZE = 0..MAX_LIST;
(*
                                                                      *)
   ORD_KIND = O..MAXINT;
                                                                      *)
   RDBSIZE = PACKED O..MAX_RDB_SIZE;
(*
                                                                      *)
```

```
T_RULE_ELMNTS = ( COMPRESS, DELETE, USER_DELETE, CNST_DELETE );
(*
                                                                        *)
    T_RULE = SET OF T_RULE_ELMNTS;
(*
                                                                        *)
    T_GROUP = RECORD
      LAST_CNST : RDBSIZE;
                : T_RULE;
      RULE
      END;
                                                                        *)
(*
    T GROUP_ARRAY = ARRAY (. 1..MAX_GROUP .) OF T_GROUP;
(*
                                                                        *)
    T_SCH_INST_ENT = RECORD
       KIND : ORD KIND;
       POSITION : LISTPSTN;
       NUM_GROUP: LISTPSTN;
       MIN_CNST : LISTPSTN;
       GROUP
                : T_GROUP_ARRAY:
       END:
(*
                                                                        *)
    ENTBLOCK = RECORD
       KIND : ORD_KIND;
       SIZE : 0..MAX_CHARS;
       SYSUSE: ARRAY (. 1..4.) OF BOOLEAN;
       DATA : ENTDATA;
         END;
(*
                                                                        *)
    ENTPNTR = @ENTBLOCK;
(*
                                                                         *)
    LISTPNTR = QT_SYS_LIST;
(*
                                                                         *)
    T_INT_ITEM = RECORD
       RDBEXIST : BOOLEAN;
                : BOOLEAN;
       MAPROB
       MAPROB2 : BOOLEAN;
       COLL_ADB : ENTPNTR;
                 : LISTPNTR;
       USERS
       CNSTS
                : LISTPNTR;
       ENPTR
                 : ENTPNTR;
       END;
(*
                                                                        *)
    ENTITIES = ( NIL_ENT, INT_ROOT, INT_ITEM, APPL_LIST );
                                                                        *)
(*
    T ENTITY = RECORD
       FORM : ENTITIES;
       IIT : T_INT_ITEM;
       END;
(*
                                                                        *)
```

```
ANYKEY = RECORD
      P : QT_ENTITY;
      END:
                                                                      *)
(*
   ENTKEY = ANYKEY;
                                                                      *)
(*
   LISTKEY = ANYKEY;
                                                                      *)
(*
    T_SYS_LIST = RECORD
       SIZE : LISTSIZE;
       LSTLNG : LISTSIZE;
       LIST : ARRAY (. 1..MAX_LIST .) OF ENTKEY;
       END;
                                                                       *)
(*
    T_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE = RECORD
       CASE INTEGER OF
                                 : T_Value );
          O: ( AS_VARIANT
                                 : T_Integer_1
          1 : ( AS_INTEGER_1
                                 : T_Integer_2
          2 : ( AS_INTEGER_2
                                                    );
                                 : Integer
          3 : ( AS_INTEGER_4
          4 : ( AS REAL 4
                                 : SHORTREAL
                                 : REAL
          5 : ( AS_REAL_8
          6 : ( AS_FIXED_STRING : T_FIXED_STRING
                                 : BOOLEAN
          7 : ( AS_LOGICAL
          8 : ( AS ENUMERATION : T_Schema_Name
                                                    );
                                : T_Array_Value
          9 : ( AS_Array
                                                    );
                                 : Array (. 1..250 .) of T_HEX_WORD );
         10 : ( AS_Word
                                : Entkey
         11 : ( AS_Entkey
                                                    );
         12 : ( AS_Array_Word : T_Word
                                                     );
       END;
                                                                       *)
(*
                     = @T_DEFN_FRAME;
    T_DEFN_POINTER
                     = RECORD
    T_DEFN_FRAME
                     : T_DEFN_POINTER;
        NEXT
                     : ORD_KIND;
        KIND
        DATA_TYPE
                    : INTEGER;
        CASE INTEGER OF
                     : ( OFFSET : INTEGER;
        1, 2, 3, 4
                               : INTEGER );
                         SIZE
        7,8
                     : ( POSITION : INTEGER);
                     : ( SELECTOR_OFFSET : INTEGER ;
                       TABLE_OFFSET
                                      : INTEGER );
      END;
                                                                       *)
(*
                     = @T_NAME_FRAME;
    T_NAME_POINTER
                     = RECORD
    T_NAME_FRAME
```

	NAME : T_SCHEMA_NAME;	
	No_of_Dimen : Integer;	
	NEXT : T_NAME POINTER;	
	DEFN : T_DEFN_POINTER;	
	END;	
(*	21.D)	*)
`	T DATAREC = RECORD	,
	NAME_ROOT : T_NAME_POINTER;	
	LIST_ROOT : LISTKEY;	
	ATTRIBUTE_VALUE : T_Attribute_Value;	
	DIMEN_VALUE : T_DIMEN_VALUE;	
	Dimen_Count : INTEGER;	
	END:	
(*	End,	*)
(BLKDATA = T_DATAREC;	,
(*	burbata - 1_bataabo,	*)
•	END %INCLIDE MUITVP *********************	·*******

```
********
(* (RTSTYP) RUN-TIME SUBSCHEMA CONSTANTS AND TYPES
(*
                                                                 *)
                                                                 *)
    $CHANGE CONTROL:
                                                                 *)
(*
         REVISED: 11 MARCH 1988, M. H. CHOI, DBMA
(*
                 ADDED TO ARRAY TO T_VARIANT_POINTER
                                                                 *)
(*
         REVISED: 8 SEPTEMBER 1987, M. H. CHOI, DBMA
                                                                 *)
                 ADDED MINIMUM OCCURENCE FIELD TO T_ATTRIBUTE
                                                                 *)
(*
         ORIGINATED: 17 SEPTEMBER 1986, M. H. CHOI, DBMA
                                                                 *)
                                                                 *)
CONST
                                                                 *)
(* ARBITRARY SIZE PARAMETERS:
   MAX_ARRAY_POINTER = 100;
   MAX ATTRIBUTE
                 = 100:
   MAX ENUMERATION = 100;
   MAX ENUM INDEX
                  = 100:
   MAX_ARRAY_LIST
                   = 100:
   MAX_ARRAY_INDEX = 100:
   MAX_{CL} LIST = 100;
   MAX_CL_KINDS
                  = 100;
TYPE
               = PACKED ARRAY (.1..8.) OF CHAR;
   T STRING 8
   T_DATA_TYPE
                  = ( INTEGER_DT, REAL_DT, STRING_DT, LOGICAL_DT,
                       ENUM_DT, PNTR_DT, ARRAY_DT );
(*
                                                                 *)
   T_ATTRIBUTE = RECORD
      NAME
                    : T_SCHEMA_NAME;
      MIN_OCC
                      : INTEGER;
      DATA_TYPE
                      : INTEGER;
      CASE INTEGER OF
         1, 2, 3, 4 : ( OFFSET
                                        : INTEGER;
                          SIZE
                                        : INTEGER):
         7, 8
                     : ( POSITION
                                         : INTEGER);
       5, 10
                    : ( SELECTOR_OFFSET : INTEGER;
                      TABLE_INX_POSITION : INTEGER);
    END:
(*
                                                                 *)
   T_ENUM_INDEX = ARRAY (. 1..MAX_ENUM_INDEX .) OF RECORD
      NO OF ENTRIES
                    : INTEGER:
      TABLE_INX_POSITION : INTEGER;
(*
                                                                 *)
   T_ENUMERATION = ARRAY(.1..MAX_ENUMERATION.) OF T_SCHEMA_NAME;
(*
                                                                 *)
   T ARRAY INDEX = ARRAY (. 1..MAX_ARRAY_INDEX .) OF RECORD
      NO_OF_DIMENS
                   : INTEGER:
```

```
TABLE_INX_POSITION : INTEGER;
       END;
(*
                                                                       *)
   T_ARRAY_LIST = ARRAY (, 1..MAX_ARRAY_LIST .) OF RECORD
                       : INTEGER;
       LOW BOUND
                       : INTEGER;
      END;
(*
                                                                       *)
   T_CL_INDEX = ARRAY (. 1..MAX_CL_LIST .) OF RECORD
       NO_OF_CL_KINDS
                        : INTEGER;
       TABLE_INX_POSITION : INTEGER;
       END;
(*
                                                                       *)
   T_CL_KINDS = ARRAY(. 1..MAX_CL_KINDS .) OF INTEGER;
                                                                       *)
   T_SCHEMA_POINTER
                       = @T_SCHEMA;
    T_SCHEMA
                       = RECORD
       NAME
                        : T_SCHEMA_NAME;
       KIND
                        : INTEGER:
       ATTRIBUTE_COUNT : INTEGER;
       ENUM_INDEX_OFFSET : INTEGER;
       ENUM_VALUE_OFFSET : INTEGER;
       ARRAY_INDEX_OFFSET : INTEGER;
       ARRAY_LIST OFFSET : INTEGER;
       CL_INDEX_OFFSET : INTEGER;
       CL_KINDS_OFFSET : INTEGER;
       ATTRIBUTE
                        : ARRAY (. 1..MAX_ATTRIBUTE .) OF T_ATTRIBUTE;
       END;
(*
                                                                        *)
    T_RUN_TIME_POINTER = @T_RUN_TIME;
    T_RUN_TIME
                   = RECORD
       ENTITY
                   : T_SCHEMA;
       ENUM_INDEX : T_ENUM_INDEX;
       ENUM_VALUE : T_ENUMERATION;
       ARRAY_INDEX : T_ARRAY_INDEX;
       ARRAY_LIST : T_ARRAY_LIST;
       CL_INDEX
                   : T_CL_INDEX;
       CL_KINDS
                   : T_CL_KINDS;
       END;
(*
                                                                       *)
    T_KIND_ADB_POINTER = @T_KIND_ADB;
    T_KIND_ADB
                       = RECORD
       SYSTEM_AREA
                      : T_SCH_INST_ENT;
       RUN_TIME
                       : T_RUN_TIME;
       END:
(*
                                                                       *)
```

```
T ARRAY LIST COMPACTOR = RECORD
      TABLE
                   : T_ARRAY_LIST;
                    : INTEGER;
      TABLE_SIZE
      END;
                                                                      *)
(*
   T_ARRAY_INX_COMPACTOR = RECORD
                     : T_ARRAY_INDEX;
       TABLE SIZE
                      : INTEGER;
      END;
                                                                      *)
(*
    T_ENUM_INX_COMPACTOR = RECORD
                     : T ENUM_INDEX;
       TABLE
       TABLE_SIZE
                      : INTEGER;
       END;
                                                                      *)
(*
    T_ENUM_COMPACTOR = RECORD
                      : T_ENUMERATION;
       TABLE
                      : INTEGER;
       TABLE_SIZE
       END;
                                                                      *)
(*
    T_CL_INX_COMPACTOR = RECORD
                      : T_CL_INDEX;
       TABLE
       TABLE_SIZE
                      : INTEGER;
       END;
                                                                      *)
(*
    T CL KINDS_COMPACTOR = RECORD
       TABLE
                   : T CL KINDS;
       TABLE_SIZE
                      : INTEGER:
       END:
                                                                      *)
(*
    T DATA VALUE = ARRAY (. 1..MAX_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE .) OF CHAR;
                                                                      *)
(*
                                 = RECORD
    T_VARIANT_POINTER
       CASE INTEGER OF
                                 : LISTPSTN
                                                     );
          O: (AS_ADB_SIZE
          1: ( AS INTEGER
                                 : INTEGER
                                                     );
          2 : ( TO_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE : @T_VALUE
                                                     );
                             : ENTPNTR
          3 : ( TO_ENTITY
          4 : ( TO_ENUMERATION
                                 : @T_ENUMERATION
                                                     );
          5 : ( TO_SCHEMA
                                 : T SCHEMA_POINTER );
          6 : ( TO_SELECTOR
                                 : @T_SELECTOR
                                                     );
                                 : @T_ENUM_INDEX
          7 : ( TO_ENUM_INDEX
          8 : ( AS_RUN_TIME_POINTER : T_RUN_TIME_POINTER );
          9 : ( AS_DATA
                                 : @T DATA_VALUE
                                                     );
         10 : ( TO_ARRAY_INDEX
                                 : @T_ARRAY_INDEX
                                                     );
                                 : @T_ARRAY_LIST
                                                     );
         11 : ( TO_ARRAY_LIST
                                 : @T CL INDEX
         12 : ( TO_CL_INDEX
                                                     );
```

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```
13 : ( TO_CL_LIST
                              : @T_CL_KINDS
                                                  );
        14 : ( TO_ENTKEY
                              : ENTKEY
                                                   );
        15 : ( TO_ARRAY_VALUE : @T_Word
                                                   );
                               : LISTPNTR
        16 : ( TO_CNSTKEY
                                                   );
        17 : ( TO_INTEGER_1
                               : @T_INTEGER_1 );
                              : @T_INTEGER_2 );
        18 : ( TO_INTEGER_2
        19 : ( TO_INTEGER 4
                              : @INTEGER
                                             );
        20 : ( TO_REAL_4
21 : ( TO_REAL_8
                               : @SHORTREAL );
                              : @REAL
                                          );
        22 : ( TO_value
                              : T_VALUE
        23 : ( TO_ARRAY
                               : T_Word
                                                 );
      END:
(*
                                                                   *)
(*
CONST
   MAX_BUFFER = SIZEOF ( T_RUN_TIME );
                                                                   *)
(* END %INCLUDE RTSTYP ******************************
```

3.6.4 System Translator Data Dictionary

This section provides the data structures for the GMAP System Translator. The following index provides a brief description of the data entries function. The entities are listed in alphabetic order.

EDBDEF - Contains the file structure for accessing the Working Form Data Dictionary

PRINT - Turns output print off

```
(****************************
(*
                                                              *)
(* EDBDEF
                                                              *)
                                                              *)
(*
(* CONTAINS THE FILE STRUCTURE FOR ACCESSING THE WORKING FORM
                                                              *)
                                                              *)
(*
      DATA DICTIONARY
                                                              *)
(*
TYPE
    SCALAR_REC = RECORD
        DNUMB : INTEGER;
        DSCALAR: ARRAY (.1..10.) OF
        PACKED ARRAY (.1..16.) OF CHAR
        END;
    ENTITY_REC = RECORD
        CLDISP : INTEGER;
        DNUMB : INTEGER;
         DENTITY: ARRAY (.1..36.) OF INTEGER
         END;
    SUBENT_REC = RECORD
        CLDISP : INTEGER:
        DNUMB : INTEGER;
        DSUBENT: ARRAY (.1..36.) OF INTEGER
        END;
    D_ENTITY = RECORD
      DNAME: PACKED ARRAY(.1..16.) OF CHAR;
      CSORDR : INTEGER:
      DMIN : INTEGER;
      DMAX : INTEGER;
      DTYPE: INTEGER;
      DSIZE : INTEGER;
      DDISP : INTEGER;
      CASE DTYPE : OF
         5 : (DSCA : SCALAR_REC);
         7 : (DENT : ENTITY_REC);
         8 : (DSEN : SUBENT_REC)
      END;
    DICTYP = ARRAY (.1..45.) OF D_ENTITY;
```

******************	*****)
	*)
PRINT	*)
	*)
USED TO PREVENT LISTING OF MAS ROUTINES DURING COMPILATION	*)
	*)
*******************	*****)
DINT OFF	

3.7 Object Code Creation

This section addresses the physical characteristics of the GMAP system components. The required physical characteristics of the Schema Manager, MAS, and the System Translator are discussed in succession.

3.7.1 Schema Manager

The Schema Manager software should be developed in a portable, higher order language, that is applicable to structured top-down programming principles. The interactive interface to the Schema Manager may require the use of system dependent software for terminal dialog management. These functions are widely available as an operating system option (i. e., IBM SPF Dialog Manager, VAX Forms Management system).

3.7.2 Model Access Software

The MAS should be modular to make its integration into existing applications easier. It should also be developed in a portable, higher-order language, which is applicable to structured top-down programming principles, and which can be linked to existing FORTRAN applications. In addition, the MAS should contain a built-in dynamic memory management capability to provide for the WF model.

3.7.3 System Translator

The following physical characteristics are based upon the fact that the System Translator is a software package that must interface with the Working Form and the Exchange Format.

3.7.3.1 Use Portable High Order Language

The System Translator must be developed in a high order language which is readily transportable between dissimilar hardware systems and used with different existing applications. The language should support operation of the System Translator in either the interactive or batch mode. In addition, the System Translator should, to the greatest extent possible, use only standard features of the high order language and use few, if any, extensions, unless the extensions are readily available.

3.7.3.2 <u>Use Model Access Software</u>

The System Translator must be able to interface to software that can place and retrieve in the WF (based upon a functional requirement). This software is known as MAS. This interface must be well-defined and modularized so that applications can interface to the System Translator, or other translators can use portions of this software.

3.7.3.3 Interface to Exchange Format

The System Translator must be able to interface to the Exchange Format through the Working Form. The format uses files that are ASCII, or Binary on 1600 BPI unlabeled tapes.

3.7.3.4 Interface to Native System

The System Translator must be able to interface to the native system. The native system can provide data by whole models, entities by kind, or by one entity. Thus, the System Translator must be able to process whole models, entities by kind, or one entity at a time.

3.8 Adaptation Data

The software that makes the GMAP exchange system different from most other exchange systems is its use of the Model Access Software, and the Working Form format of the exchange file. The GMAP system converts the sequential Exchange Format file data to a non-character/direct access format for the native system translator. It has been shown that using this access method significantly decreases processing time over the sequential method.

The only requirement of an organization in using the GMAP system is developing an interface between their native system translator, and the Working Form model using the MAS.

3.9 Detail Design Description

This section provides the routine hierarchy of the GMAP software components. The minimum core requirements for this set of software is 1.0M plus the size of the model. For example, the IBIS blade model required approximately 900K bytes.

3.9.1 Schema Manager Hierarchy

This section provides a cross reference listing for the Schema Manager routines.

Routine: Refers to:

ADDENUM

SCELAB ISPLNK ISPLNKID

Routine: Refers to:

ADDFIELD

SCELAB ISPLNK ISPLNK9 ISPLNK50 ISPLNKID

Routine: Refers to:

APPROVE

SCELAB
ISPLNK
ISPLNKC8
ISPLNK9
ISPLNK12
ISPLNK1D

Routine: Refers to:

BATDVR

FILRTV
BATERR
BATRPT
BLDCLS
BLDSUB
BLEXICAL

CLRSTK
DEFCLS
DEFENT
DEFGBL
DEFSUB
DEFSUP
DEFTYP

Routine: Refers to:

BATERR

ERRMSG LEXICAL

Routine: Refers to:

RESTRING

SCELAB ISPLNK ISPLNKC8

Routine: Refers to:

D

Routine: Refers to:

REFSUP

SCELAB BLDUNRES DEFADD SCPUSHTR MAKXEQ

Routine: Refers to:

REENTITY

SCELAB ISPLNK ISPLNK50 ISPLNKID

REENUM

SCELAB ISPLNK

Routine: Refers to:

PSTRSTC

SCELAB MAEC MAECTK MAEGTK MALNO MALRD MALSTF SCXERRCK SCXERRCK

?????RSTC

PSRADB PSRARRAY PSRCL PSRENUM

Routine: Refers to:

PSTRGF

SCELAB MALK MALNO MALRD

PSRENUM

Routine: Refers to:

PSREPORT

SCELAB
MAECIK
MAEGTK
MALK
MALRD
MALSRT
MALSTF
PHYSICAL
PSORDER
PSRADB

CPCI

RSCPCT RSCPEI RSCPET PSMASKND PSTRGF PSTRSM PSTRST SCXERRCK

TF

PHBYFPOS PHPOSITN PHWOFPOS SCXERRCK SCXERRCK SCERRCK SCERRCK SCERRCK SCERRCK SCERRCK

Routine: Refers to:

SCXERRCK SCXERRCK SCXERRCK SCEXIT

Routine: Refers to:

PHGTST

SCELAB MALKL MALRD MALSTF

Routine: Refers to:

PHBYFPOS

SCELAB MAEGTK PHALFLD

PHGTFLD PHSRTFLD PHSRTORD SCEXIT

Routine: Refers to:

REPORT

SCELAB ISPLNK

Routine: Refers to:

MREVIEW

SCELAB ISPLNK

Routine: Refers to:

MUPDATE

SCELAB

MQGETVAL

Routine: Refers to:

MQGTDEFN

MQGETVAL

Routine: Refers to:

MQIAATT

MQCLMU MQGETDEFN MQNCLMU

MQNUSRMU

Routine: Refers to:

MMAIN

SCELAB ISPLNK

MNEWMOD

SCELAB ISPLNK

Routine: Refers to:

EC

SCELAB CLRSTK

Routine: Refers to:

GETDD

Routine: Refers to:

LEXICAL

BATERR BLEXICAL CLRSTK DEFATT ERRREC REFSUP

Routine: Refers to:

DEFTYP

SCELAB

TC

MALD
MALFND
MALK
MALKL
MALN
MALRD
MALRDE
MALRDE
MALREP
MALRPL
MALSTF

CLRSTK

DEFATT ERRREC REFSUP

DEFGBL

SCELAB SCPUSHTR BSCTRSPR

ELAB

SCEXIST SCPUSHTR BSCTRSPR SCUNQEST SCUNQPND BATERR BLDUNRES BLEXICAL CLRSTK DEFADD

STF

Routine: Refers to:

DEFARR

SCELAB SCPUSHTR BATERR BLEXICAL CLRSTK DEFBAS

RT

MALSTF RSGTSM SCXERRCK SCXERRCK SCEXIT

Routine: Refers to:

DDENUM

CSLOGWRT

CSPTRWRT
CSSTGWRT
CSSTRWRT
MAEGTK
MALNO
MALRD
MALSTF

Routine: Refers to:

ALSTF

Routine: Refers to:

CSSUBHDG

CSNEWPG

Routine: Refers to:

CSSUBWRT

SCELAB

MAEGTK

MALNO MALRD MALSTF

Routine: Refers to:

CSRELWRT

SCELAB MAEGTK

CSINDWRT

SCELAB
CSCLSHDG
CSENTHDG
CSSUBHDG
CSSUPHDG
MAEC
MAEGTK
MALNO
MALRD
MALSTF

Routine: Refers to:

SARYWRT

CSENTHDG
CSINTWRT
CSLOGWRT
CSPTRWRT
CSRELWRT
CSSTGWRT
MAEGTK
MALD
MALKL
MALNO
MALRD
MALSTF

MALRD

MALSTF

Routine: Refers to:

CSCLSHDG

CSNEWPG

Routine: Refers to:

CSCLSWRT

SCELAB

K

CRSET

SCELAB ISPLNK

Routine: Refers to:

CRSTRING

LNK

ISPLNKID

Routine: Refers to:

CRENTITY

SCELAB ISPLNK ISPLNKID ISPLNK50

Routine: Refers to:

BLDSUPER

BLDUNRES
DEFADD
DEFQUERY
SCPOPKE
SCPOPTR
SCPUSHTR
SCPUSHKE
MAL
MALATC
MALD
MALFND

SCELAB

MAECR

Routine: Refers to:

BLDUNRES

SCELAB MAECR

BLDREAL

SCELAB MAECR MAEGTK MALD MALK MALNO MALRD

ENT

SCELAB MAECR

Routine: Refers to:

BLDENUMR

SCELAB MAECR

Routine: Refers to:

AECR

MAEGTK
MALD
MALK
MALNO
MALRD
MALSTF

Routine: Refers to:

BLDBPDEF

DEFENT DEFGBL DEFSUB DEFSUP DEFTYP

Routine: Refers to:

BATERR

ERRMSG LEXICAL

3.9.2 Model Access Software Hierarchy

This section provides a cross-reference listing for MAS routines. The Control Sections (CSECTs) that are referred to by a particular CSECT (routine) are provided.

Routine: Refers to:

ADCRBM

NEWCRB EXPCRB EXCRBE

Routine: Refers to:

ADRLSM

NEWLSM LSTMXLNM LSTLNM DISPLSM MOVRLSM

Routine: Refers to:

ADSCH

FDSCH NEWNSI CRURUL ADSCHR ADTLSM

Routine: Refers to:

ADSCHR

FDSCH ADRLSM EXPSUDB

Routine: Refers to:

ADTLSM

NEWLSM LSTMXLNM LSTLNM MOVRLSM DISPLSM

ADTNM

ADTLSM

Routine: Refers to:

BIGCREMM

ADTLSM

Routine: Refers to:

CHKDEL

ADTLSM
ADTNM
DELCNST
INDLSM
LSTLNM
MSTART
MSTOP
RDLSM
RSTLSM
SETRULS

Routine: Refers to:

CHKTDEL

ADTNM
DETCNST
DELRLSM
MSTART
MSTOP
LSTLNM
RDLSM
RSTLSM
SETRULS

Routine: Refers to:

CMPCRB

MASNEW DISPCRB

CNNODM

MRKNM NEWNM ADTLSM VERCN RLSNM CREMM TVERIFY

Routine: Refers to:

CNNODMN

MRKNM NEWNM ADTLSM VERCN RLSNM BIGCREMM

Routine: Refers to:

CNVOSP

Routine: Refers to:

CNVRR

Routine: Refers to:

CPYAUDB

AMPXMOVE NEWSADB

Routine: Refers to:

CPYCST

LSTLNM MRGTLSM NEWNM FDSCH

CPYLSM

LSTLNM NEWLSM MOVRLSM

Routine: Refers to:

CPYNM

NEWNM RSTLSM RDLSM ADTLSM

Routine: Refers to:

CRCLST

RSTLSM RDLSM CREMM

Routine: Refers to:

CRCLSTN

RSTLSM RDLSM BIGCREMM

Routine: Refers to:

CRCNM

CRCLST

Routine: Refers to:

CRDLST

ADTLSM DISPLSM DISPNM EXPCLSM MRGTLSM NEWLSM NEWNM RSTSFLG SORTDLST

3- ⊹ '3

CREMM

ADTLSM

Routine: Refers to:

CRURUL

Routine: Refers to:

DELCNST

CHKDEL
ADTLSM
ADTNM
INDLSM
INNM
MSTART
MSTOP
RDLSM
RSTLSM
SETRULS

Routine: Refers to:

DELCRBE

FNDCRBE CMPCRB EXCRBE

Routine: Refers to:

DELEMM

RSTLSM RDLSM DELRLSM DISPEMM

Routine: Refers to:

DELPLST

LSTMXLNM LSTLNM MOVRLSM NEWLSM DISPLSM

DELPNLA

NEWLSM
RDLSM
LSTLNM
LSTMXLNM
DISPLSM
ADTLSM
DISPEMM
MOVRLSM
MRGTLSM

Routine: Refers to:

DELRLSM

LSTMXLNM LSTLNM MOVRLSM NEWLSM DISPLSM

Routine: Refers to:

DELRUL

ADTLSM
CHKDEL
CPYLSM
DELCNST
DISPLSM
ELDNM
MRGTLSM
NEWLSM
NEWLSM
RDLSM
RSTLSM
KSTLSM
XIEMM

Routine: Refers to:

DELSCH

FDSCH INDLSM DELRLSM DELPLST DISPEMM

DELTLSM

LSTLNM
LSTMXLNM
NEWLSM
MOVRLSM
DISPLSM

Routine: Refers to:

DETCNST

ADTNM
CHKTDEL
DELRLSM
MSTART
MSTOP
RDLSM
RSTLSM
SETRULS

Routine: Refers to:

DETRUL

ADTNM
CHKTDEL
DETCNST
DELRLSM
DISPNM
INNM
MRGTNM
NEWNM
RSTLSM
RDLSM

Routine: Refers to:

DIFLSM

LSTLNM CPYLSM NEWLSM INDLSM

Routine: Refers to:

DISPCRB

MASDSP

DISPEMM

DISPLSM

Routine: Refers to:

DISPLSM

Routine: Refers to:

DISPNM

DELRLSM DISPEMM RDLSM RSTLSM

Routine: Refers to:

ELDNM

LSTLNM RSTLSM RDLSM ADTLSM DISPLSM

Routine: Refers to:

ELMNODM

REVAADB

Routine: Refers to:

EXCRBE

EXPCRB

Routine: Refers to:

EXPCLSM

ADTLSM RDLSM RSTLSM

EXPCRB

MASNEW DISPCRB

Routine: Refers to:

EXPSUDB

AMPXMOVE NEWSADB

Routine: Refers to:

EXPULSM

ADTLSM RDLSM RSTLSM

Routine: Refers to:

EXPULSMI

MRGTLSM
RDLSM
RDRLSM
DELPLST
DISPLSM
LSTLNM
ADTLSM
CPYLSM

Routine: Refers to:

FDSCH

RDRLSM

Routine: Refers to:

FNDCRBE

Routine: Refers to:

FNDSKIND

RSTLSM RDLSM

GTCRBE

Routine: Refers to:

INDLSM

LSTLNM

Routine: Refers to:

INITMGR

Routine: Refers to:

INNM

INDLSM

Routine: Refers to:

INTLSM

LSTLNM NEWLSM INDLSM

Routine: Refers to:

LSTLNM

Routine: Refers to:

LSTMXLNM

Routine: Refers to:

MABRST

RDLSM MSTART MSTOP CNVRR CNVOSP

MACPDT

CNVRR
CNVOSP
NODECNN
MRGTLSM
MSTART
MSTOP
RDLSM
RSTLSM

Routine: Refers to:

MAEA

RDLSM RSTLSM MSTART MSTOP CNVRR CNVOSP

MAEAI CNVRR CNVOSP DISPNM **EXPCLSM MSTART** MSTOP NEWNM RDLSM RSTLSM Routine: Refers to: MAEAV CNVRR CNVOSP MSTART MSTOP Routine: Refers to: MAEC CNVRR CNVOSP DISPNM MRGTLSM **MSTART MSTOP** NEWNM NODECNM

RDLSM RSTLSM

Routine: Refers to:

Routine: Refers to: MAECI CNVRR CNVOSP **DELRLSM** DISPNM **EXPCLSM MSTART MSTOP** NEWNM RDLSM **RSTLSM** Routine: Refers to: MAECIK ADTLSM CNVRR CNVOSP DISPNM **EXPCLSM MSTART** MSTOP NEWNM RDLSM **RSTLSM** Routine: Refers to: MAECMP ADTLSM CNVRR CNVOSP DISPNM **MSTART** MSTOP

NEWNM RDLSM RSTLSM SETRULS TVERIFY

MAECQY

CNVRR

CNVOSP

MSTART

MSTOP

SETRULS

TVERIFY

Routine: Refers to:

MAECR

CNVRR

CNVOSP

CRCLST

MSTART

MSTOP

NEWNODE

TVERIFY

VERCR

Routine: Refers to:

MAECRN

CNNODMN

CNVRR

CNVOSP

CRCLST

MSTART

NEWLSM

MSTOP

NEWNODE

VERCR

Routine: Refers to:

MAECTK

MSTART

MSTOP

CNVRR

CNVOSP

MAECXQ ADCRBM ADTLSM CNVRR CNVOSP **DELCRBE** DISPCRB DISPNM GTCRBE **FNDCRBE** LSTLNM MSTART MSTOP

NEWNM

RDLSM RDRLSM

RSTLSM

TVERIFY

UPDCRBE

Routine: Refers to:

MAED

CNVRR

CNVOSP

CPYNM

DELRUL

DISPLSM

DISPNM

ELDNM

LSTLNM

MSTART

MSTOP

NEWLSM

NEWNM

RDLSM

RDRLSM

RSTLSM

SORTDLST

TVERIFY

VERDEL

MAEDI

CNVRR

CNVOSP

CRDLST

DELRUL

DISPLSM

DISPNM

LSTLNM

MSTART

MSTOP

NEWLSM

NEWNM

RDLSM

RDRLSM

RSTLSM

TVERIFY

VERDEL

Routine: Refers to:

MAEDT

CPYNM

DETRUL

DISPNM

ELDNM

LSTLNM

MRGTNM

MSTART

MSTOP

NEWNM

RDLSM

RDRLSM

RSTLSM

SORTDLST

TVERIFY

VERDEL

CNVRR

CNVOSP

MAEDTI

CNVRR

CNVOSP

CRDLST

LSTLNM

DISPLSM

DISPNM

DETRUL

MRGTNM

MSTART MSTOP

NEWNM

RDLSM

RDRLSM

RSTLSM

TVERIFY

VERDEL

Routine: Refers to:

MAEDTS

CPYNM

DETRUL

DISPNM

ELDNM

LSTLNM MRGTNM

MSTART

MSTOP

NEWNM

RDLSM

RDRLSM

RSTLSM

SORTDLST

TVERIFY

VERDEL

CNVRR

CNVOSP

Routine: Refers to: MAEGKN CNVRR

CNVOSP MSTART MSTOP

Routine: Refers to:

MAEGTK

CNVRR
CNVOSP
ELMNODM
MSTART
MSTOP
TVERIFY
VERGT

Routine: Refers to:

MAEKND

MSTART MSTOP CNVRR CNVOSP

Routine: Refers to:

MAERST

RSTLSM RDLSM MSTART MSTOP CNVRK CNVOSP

Routine: Refers to: MAESCI CNVRR CNVOSP DISPLSM NEWNMM **EXPCLSM** MSTART MSTOP RDLSM RSTLSM Routine: Refers to: MAESVL **MSTART** MSTOP CNVRR CNVOSP Routine: Refers to: MAESWA RSTLSM RDLSM **MSTART** MSTOP CNVRR CNVOSP Routine: Refers to: MAESWT CNVRR CNVOSP **MSTART** MSTOP RDLSM

RSTLSM

MAEU

CNVRR CNVOSP

DISPNM

MRGTLSM

MSTART

MSTOP

NEWNM

NODEUNM

RDLSM

RSTLSM

Routine: Refers to:

MAEUD

CNVRR

CNVOSP

MSTART

MSTOP

REVNODM

TVERIFY

VERUD

Routine: Refers to:

MAEUI

CNVRR

CNVOSP

DELRLSM

DISPNM

EXPULSM

MSTART

MSTOP

NEWNM

RDLSM

RSTLSM

MAEUIK

ADTLSM

CNVOSP

CNVRR

DISPNM

EXPULSM

MSTART

MSTOP

NEWNM

RDLSM

RSTLSM

Routine: Refers to:

MAEUSR

CNVRR

CNVOSP

LSTLNM

MSTART

MSTOP

Routine: Refers to:

MAEUXQ

ADTLSM

CNVRR

CNVOSP

DISPNM

INDLSM

LSTLNM

MSTART

MSTOP

NEWNM

RDLSM

RDRLSM

RSTLSM

TVERIFY

Routine: Refers to: MAEXEQ CNVRR CNVOSP LSTLNM MSTART MSTOP RDLSM RDRLSM RSTLSM TVERIFY Routine: Refers to: MAINIT CNVRR CNVOSP **MSTART** MSTOP NEWNDM OSTART TVERIFY Routine: Refers to: MAKCNT FDSCH CNVRR CNVOSP **MSTART** MSTOP Routine: Refers to: MAKILL **MSTART** NDSRML CNVRR CNVOSP MSTOP

Routine: Refers to: MAKXEQ CNVRR CNVOSP MSTART MSTOP FDSCH LSTLNM RDRLSM TVERIFY Routine: Refers to: MAL CNVRR CNVOSP **MSTART** MSTOP NEWNM Routine: Refers to: MALAND CNVRR CNVOSP DISPNM INTLSM MSTART MSTOP NEWNM Routine: Refers to: MALATC ADTNM CNVRR CNVOSP **CRCNM** CREMM MRGTNM **MSTART** MSTOP TVERIFY

VERAPN

```
MALCPY
    CNVRR
    CNVOSP
    CPYNM
    MSTART
    MSTOP
Routine: Refers to:
MALD
    CNVRR
    CNVOSP
    DELRLSM
    DISPEMM
    MSTART
    MSTOP
    RDLSM
    RSTLSM
Routine: Refers to:
MALDA
    RDTLSM
    DELPNLA
    DISPLSM
    MSTART
    MSTOP
    CNVRR
    CNVOSP
Routine: Refers to:
MALDI
    CNVRR
    CNVOSP
    INDLSM
    MSTART
    MSTOP
    RDTLSM
    DELPNLA
    DISPLSM
```

Routine: Refers to: MALFND CNVRR CNVOSP **MSTART** MSTOP RDLSM Routine: Refers to: MALGTK CNVRR CNVOSP **MSTART** MSTOP RDRLSM Routine: Refers to: MALINS 'DRLSM ADTLSM CNVRR CNVOSP FNDCRBE GTCRBE LSTLNM MSTART MSTOP RDLSM RSTLSM UPDCRBE Routine: Refers to: MALK CNVRR CNVOSP **CPYCST** DISPNM FDSCH **MSTART MSTOP** NEWNM

MALKC

ADTLSM

CNVRR

CNVOSP

DISPLSM

INTLSM

FDSCH

NEWLSM

MOVRLSM

MSTART

MSTOP

NEWNM

Routine: Refers to:

MALKL

ADTNM

CNVRR

CNVOSP

FDSCH

FNDSKIND

MSTART

MSTOP

NEWNM

RSTLSM

RDLSM

Routine: Refers to:

MALKU

CNVRR

CNVOSP

DISPLSM

FDSCH

INTLSM

LSTLNM

MOVRLSM

NEWLSM

MSTART

MSTOP

NEWNM

RDLSM

MALN

CNVRR CNVOSP

MSTART

MSTOP

NEWNM

NEWLSM

Routine: Refers to:

MALNO

CNVRR

CNVOSP

LSTLNM

MSTART

MSTOP

Routine: Refers to:

MALNOT

CNVRR

CNVOSP

DIFLSM

DILDS

DISPNM

MSTART

MSTOP

NEWNM

Routine: Refers to:

MALOCK

CNVRR

CNVOSP

MSTART

MSTOP

MALOR

CNVKR

CNVOSP

DISPNM

ELDNM

MRGTLSM

MSTART

MSTOP

NEWNM

Routine: Refers to:

MALRD

ADCRBM

CNVRR

CNVOSP

DELCRBE

DELICKDE

DISPCRB

FNDCRBE

GTCRBE

MSTART

MSTOP

RDRLSM

UPDCRBE

Routine: Refers to:

MALRDE

CNVRR

CNVOSP

ELDNM

MSTART

MSTOP

Routine: Refers to: MALREP ADTLSM CNVRR CNVOSP CPYLSM **DELCRBE** DELRLSM DISPCRB FNDURUL LSTLNM **MSTART** MSTOP RDLSM **RSTLSM** Routine: Refers to: MALRMV CNVRR CNVOSP DELCRBE DELPLST **DELRLSM** DELRUL DISPCRB DISPNM DISPLSM FNDCRBE GTCRBE LSTLNM **MSTART** MSTOP NEWLSM NEWNM SETRULS UPDCRBE Routine: Refers to: MALROR CNVRR CNVOSP **MSTART** MSTOP ORDRLST

TVERIFY

MALRORI CNVRR CNVOSP MSTART MSTOP ORDRLSTI Routine: Refers to: MALRPL ADTLSM CNVKR CNVOSP DELPLST DELRLSM DELRUL DISPLSM DISPNM INDLSM LSTLNM **MSTART** MSTOP NEWNM NEWLSM REVRLSM Routine: Refers to: MALRRI CNVRR CNVOSP **MSTART** MSTOP ORDRLSTI Routine: Refers to: MALRST CNVRR CNVOSP **MSTART** MSTOP

Routine: Refers to:

Routine: Refers to: MALRVS CNVRR CNVOSP RVRLSM DISPLSM MSTART MSTOP Routine: Refers to: MALSRT CNVRR CNVOSP SORTLSM MSTART MSTOP TVERIFY Routine: Refers to: MALSTF ADCRBM CNVRR CNVOSP MSTART MSTOP UPDCRBE Routine: Refers to: MALSTR ADCRBM CNVRR CNVOSP LSTLNM MSTART

MSTOP UPDCRBE

MALXEQ ADCRBM ADTLSM CNVRR CNVOSP DELCRBE DISPCRB DISPNM **FNDCRBE** GTCRBE LSTLNM **MSTART** MSTOP NEWNM RDLSM RDRLSM RSTLSM TVERIFY UPDCRBE Routine: Refers to: MAQURY CNVRR CNVOSP **MSTART** MSTOP Routine: Refers to: MASALOC Routine: Refers to: MARDLT CNVRR CNVOSP **FDSCH MSTART** MSTOP REVAADB REVSADB RDLSM **RSTLSM**

MASDSP

Routine: Refers to:

```
Routine: Refers to:
MARSGT
   CNVRR
   CNVOSP
   FDSCH
   MSTART
   MSTOP
   REVAADB
Routine: Refers to:
MASDSP
Routine: Refers to:
MASMSZ
    MSTART
    NDSFCT
    MSTOP
    CNVRR
    CNVOSP
Routine: Refers to:
MASNEW
Routine: Refers to:
MASOVR
Routine: Refers to:
MAUPDT
    CNVRR
    CNVOSP
    MSTART
    MSTOP
    RDLSM
    RSTLSM
```

Routine: Refers to: MIDBD CNVOSP CNVRR XIEMM ELDNM **MSTART** MSTOP **RDLSM RSTLSM** Routine: Refers to: MIDBRV ADTLSM CNVRR CNVOSP DELCRBE DELPLST DELRLSM DELENTY DELRUL DISPCRB DISPLSM **FNDCRBE** GTCRBE LSTLNM MSTART MSTOP NEWLSM UPDCRBE Routine: Refers to: MOVRLSM **AMPXMOVE** LSTLNM LSTMXLNM

MRGTLSM **CPYLSM** LSTMXLNM LSTLNM DISPLSM NEWLSM MOVRLSM Routine: Refers to: MRGTNM MRGTLSM Routine: Refers to: MRKNM ADTLSM NEWEMM NEWLSM Routine: Refers to: MRSCR CNVRR CNVOSP FDSCH **MSTART** MASNEW MASDSP MSTOP RSTLSM RDLSM REVSADB Routine: Refers to: MSINIT CNVRR CNVOSP **MSTART** MSTOP NEWNDM OSTART

Routine: Refers to:

Refers to:

MSTART

Routine: Refers to:

MSTOP

Routine: Refers to:

NDSCMM

Routine: Refers to:

NDSFCT

Routine: Refers to:

NDSGBM

Routine: Refers to:

NDSRML

Routine: Refers to:

NEWCRB

MASNEW

Routine: Refers to:

NEWEMM

Routine: Refers to:

NEWIIM

NEWEMM NEWLSM CPYAUDB

Routine: Refers to:

NEWLSM

NEWNDM

NEWEMM

ADTLSM

NEWNSR

Routine: Refers to:

NEWNM

NEWEMM

NEWLSM

RDTLSM

ADTLSM

Routine: Refers to:

NEWNMM

NEWEMM

NEWLSM

RDTLSM

ADTLSM

Routine: Refers to:

NEWNODE

NEWIIM

ADSCH

Routine: Refers to:

NEWNSI

NEWSCHI

Routine: Refers to:

NEWNSR

NEWSCHR

Routine: Refers to:

NEWSADB

AMPXNEW

NEWSCHI

NEWIIM

Routine: Refers to:

NEWSCHR

NEWIIM

Routine: Refers to:

NODECNM

NEWNM

CPYLSM

Routine: Refers to:

NODECNN

NEWEMM

CPYLSM

LSTLNM

Routine: Refers to:

NODEUNM

NEWNM

CPYLSM

Routine: Refers to:

OCOUNT

Routine: Refers to:

ORDRLST

CPYLSM

DISPNM

INNM

LSTLNM

NODEUNM

RDLSM

REVRLSM

RSTLSM

ORDRLSTI

ADTLSM

AMPXMOVE

DISPLSM

MASNEW

MASDSP

MOVRLSM

NEWLSM

Routine: Refers to:

OSTART

Routine: Refers to:

PASASM *

Routine: Refers to:

RDLSM

LSTLNM

Routine: Refers to:

RDRLSM

LSTMXLNM

Routine: Refers to:

RDTLSM

LSTLNM

Routine: Refers to:

REVAADB

AMPXMOVE

Routine: Refers to:

REVNODM

REVSADB

REVRLSM

LSTLNM

Routine: Refers to:

REVSADB

AMPXMOVE NEWSADB

Routine: Refers to:

RLSNM

DELTLSM

DISPEMM

RDLSM

RDTLSM RSTLSM

WO I DOI!

Routine: Refers to:

RSTLSM

Routine: Refers to:

RSTSFLG

RDLSM

RSTLSM

Routine: Refers to:

RVRLSM

NEWLSM

RDRLSM

ADTLSM

LSTLNM

Routine: Refers to:

SETRULS

INDLSM

. .

Routine: Refers to:

SORTDLST

RSTLSM RDLSM

NEWLSM SRTBYCNT

Routine: Refers to:

SORTLSM

LSTLNM

ELMNODM

ELMNODM

Routine: Refers to:

SRTBYCNT

RSTLSM

RDLSM

ADTLSM

Routine: Refers to:

UPDCRBE

FNDCRBE

Routine: Refers to:

VERAPN

Routine: Refers to:

VERCN

Routine: Refers to:

VERCR

Routine: Refers to:

VERDEL

Routine: Refers to: VERGT Routine: Refers to: VERUD Routine: Refers to: XIEMM DELCRBE DELSCH DELEMM DISPCRB RDTLSM DELCRBE **DELTLSM DELRLSM** DISPCRB FNDCRBE GTCRBE INDLSM UPDCRBE RDTLSM

> DELTLSM DELRLSM

3.9.3 Name/Value Interface Hierarchy

This section provides a cross-reference listing for the N/VI.

Routine: Refers to:

ADBLOCA

Routine: Refers to:

ENUMLOCA

ADBLOCA

Routine: Refers to:

GETDD

Routine: Refers to:

GETDDBN

Routine: Refers to:

NVCPATAV

AMPXMOVE

Routine: Refers to:

NVCPAV

AMPXMOVE

Routine: Refers to:

NVCRTM

NVGTAN

Routine: Refers to:

NVDLTM

Routine: Refers to:

NVDQAN

NVDQGTAV NVCPAV

NVDQARLO

ADBLOCA NVDQARPT NVCPAV

Routine: Refers to:

NVDQARPT

NVCPATAV

Routine: Refers to:

NVDQGTAV

ADBLOCA ENUMLOCA NVDQARLO NVGTAN NVGTDD

Routine: Refers to:

NVDSARLO

ADBLOCA NVDSARPT NVCPAV

Routine: Refers to:

NVDSARPT

NVCPATAV

Routine: Refers to:

NVDSAV

NVCPAV NVDSGTAV

Routine: Refers to:

NVDSENLO

ADBLOCA

NVDSGTAV

ADBLOCA NVDSARLO NVDSENLO NVGTAN NVGTDD

Routine: Refers to:

NVEQAV

MALATC NVLCAV

Routine: Refers to:

NVGEAV

MALATC NVLCAV

Routine: Refers to:

NVGRAV

MALATC NVLCAV

Routine: Refers to:

NVGTAN

Routine: Refers to:

NVGTAT

NVGTAN NVGTDD

Routine: Refers to:

NVGTDD

MRSCR MARSGT RSGTDD

NVGTED

GETDDBN

Routine: Refers to:

NVGTRS

MRSCR MARSGT NVRTVRS

Routine: Refers to:

NVLCAV

ADBLOCA ENUMLOCA NVPQARLO NVGTDD

Routine: Refers to:

NVLEAV

MALATC NVLCAV

Routine: Refers to:

NVLTAV

MALATC NVLCAV

Routine: Refers to:

NVNEAV

MALATC NVLCAV

Routine: Refers to:

NVPQARLO

ADBLOCA NVPQARPT NVCPATAV

NVPQARPT

NVCPATAV

Routine: Refers to:

NVPQAV

MAL

NVCRTM NVDLTM MAEXEQ

Routine: Refers to:

NVRTVRS

Routine: Refers to:

RSCPAI

AMPXMOVE

Routine: Refers to:

RSCPAT

AMPXMOVE

Routine: Refers to:

RSCPCI

AMPXMOVE

Routine: Refers to:

RSCPCT

AMPXMOVE

Routine: Refers to:

RSCPEI

AMPXMOVE

Routine: Refers to:

RSCPET

AMPXMOVE

RSGTDD

RSCPAI RSCPAT RSCPCI RSCPCT RSCPEI RSCPET RSTRDD

Routine: Refers to:

RSTRDD

GETDD

3.9.4 System Translator Hierarchy

3.9.4.1 Postprocessor

The routine hierarchy for the postprocessor Exchange Format/Working Form Translator (IBM Version) is listed below.

```
Legend:
                 MAS routine
                 Stub routine
POST
  MAECRN *
  MAKXEQ *
  RDINX
  RESOLVE
     MAEGKN *
     MAEU *
     MALD
     MALGTK *
     MALNO *
     LTRIM
  PRHEAD
     GETTOK
         LTRIM
         RTRIM
  RDENT
     MAECR *
     MAECRN *
     MAEXEQ *
     MALATC *
     MALD *
     MALN *
     MALRPL *
     NEWDD
     PUTKEY
         MAED
         MAEU *
         MALD
         MALFND *
         MALGTK *
         MALNO *
         MALRPL *
```

GTKEY

MAECRN *

GTVAL

GETTOK

LTRIM

RTRIM

3.9.4.2 Preprocessor

Legend:

The routine hierarchy for the postprocessor Exchange Format/Working Form Translator (IBM Version) is listed below.

```
MAS routine
                 Stub routine
PRE
   MAECTK *
   MAEKND *
   MAKXEQ *
   CRHEAD
   RDINX
   CHECK
      MAESVL *
      WRTENT
          MAECXQ *
          MAEGKN *
          MAESWT *
          MAEXEQ *
          MALGTK *
          MALNO *
          CHECK **
          GETID
          PUTID
          NEWDD
```